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# Speculum Gy de Warewyke.

HERE FOR THE FIRST TIME PRINTED
AND FIRST EDITED FROM THE MANUSCRIPTS.

# INAUGURAL DISSERTATION

FOR OBTAINING THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

PRESENTED BEFORE THE PHILOSOPHICAL FACULTY

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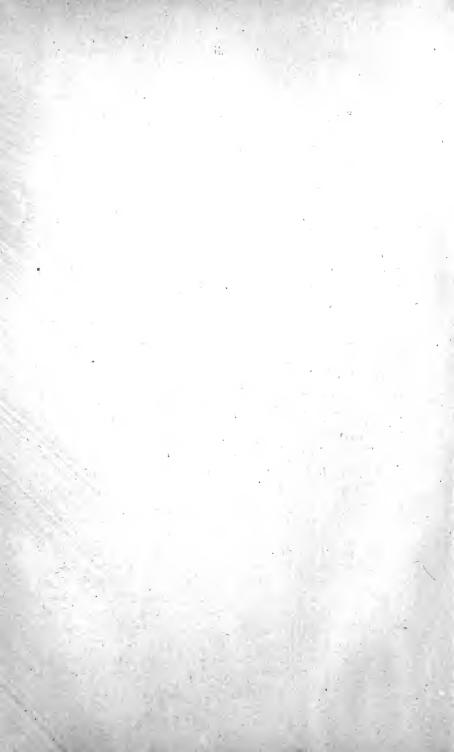
# APR 15 1935

Advance-sheets

from the edition Speculum Gy de Warewyke at press for the Early English Text Society.

Study of the poem Speculum Gy de Warewyle was begun on the twelfth of March 1894 under the kind and gracious guidance of the late Professor Dr. Julius Zupitza. An edition was prepared in German as well as in English, and the text passed to press in May 1896. All investigation connected with the poem was completed by that date.

The work in its later stages has been subject to the able direction of Professor Dr. Schick, and through his courtesy and the kindness of Dr. Furnivall the accompanying pages offer selections from the edition about to be given to the public by the Early English Text Society. That volume includes criticism of the text, explanation of the arrangement of the material, various chapters devoted to the examination of the language and metre of the poet, to the genesis of the narrative, to its literary history, its chronology, and its authorship. It may be added, that continued ill-health and pressing academic duties have retarded somewhat this issue.



# INTRODUCTION TO THE SPECULUM.

"sothe stories ben stoken vp and straught out of mynde and swolowet into swym by swiftenes of yeres.

olde stories of stithe, pat astate helde, may be solas to sum . . . , pat suet after, to ken all the crafte, how be case felle, by lokying of letturs, pat lefte were of olde."1

#### CHAPTER I.

#### TITLE AND LITERARY NOTICES OF THE POEM.

§ 1. Study of the Title of the Poem.

1. Title of the poem of the present edition, Speculum Gy de Warewyke, is extant in the MS. 525 of the Harleian collection (fol. 53a). That Speculum Gy de Warewyke designated the text at the period of its authorship, or even that the poet ascribed title to his composition. the MSS. do not determine. Four MSS. add nothing in proof (A, A, DH,), three being incomplete (cf. Chap. II. 1, 3, 4, 5). The MS. Bibl. Reg. 17. B. XVII. confirms preference for the element Speculum (cf. Chap. 2).

Speculum Gy de Warewyke incorporates in archaic orthography the grammatical form of the manuscript, yet the colophon may be interpreted to read in conformity to the narrative: Speculum Gy[donis] de Warewyke, heremite, secundum Alquinum (cf. Chap. II. 6). That this modification is not necessary, is indicated if the insertion of punctuation be permitted in the seemingly inaccurate combination designating this volume. Speculum: Gy de Warewyke presents a mediæval aspect of the Guy doctrine; for was it not a received tradition, that the stalwart conqueror of Colbrond was "England's mirror and all the world's wonder"? Was it not his

<sup>3</sup> Mediæval genitive equivalent to heremitæ.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From the Destruction of Troy, verses 11, 12, and 21 ff.
<sup>2</sup> The significance of the bracket (]) uniting Warewyke and heremite (cf. Chap. II. 6) seems to be purely connective, and not indicative of couplet

high destiny, "to hold, as 'twere, the mirror¹ up to nature to show to virtue her own feature"? The exact reading of the scribe admits of varied interpretation, subject to individual speculation, whether it be rendered Mirror to Guy or Mirror of Guy, glorious "myrour" in whom to senal his socour (v. 706), or uphold for emulation a national hero as a mirror reflecting ideal line of conduct, refracting English glory, or mirroring the knight himself in his exalted religious consecration. In idealized glorification, no longer mortal, to him it could have been said, Speculum sine maculâ:

"Thou mirror,
In whom, as in the splendour of the sun,
All shapes look glorious, which thou gazest on!"

That the poet availed himself of mediæval licence, departed from the rigid application of verses 505, 506, and portrayed his warrior as example to all the world, A cheef mirour of al the feste (Ch., The Book of the Duchesse, v. 974), An exemplarie, & mirrour (Lyd., Temple of Glas, v. 294), Mirrour of wit, ground of gouernaunce (T. of Gl., v. 754), the MS. itself assumes through the orthography of its copyist, in literal application. Similar appearance<sup>2</sup> repeats itself in the person of the English Sidney, "glorious star" of Penshurst, in intellectual and moral characteristics also "lively pattern . . . lovely joy . . . . . born into the world to show our age a sample of ancient virtue" in chivalric soldiership and princely gentlemanliness. The poetical Mirror<sup>3</sup> is explained again through the language of Langland, v. 175 (CXIX); Spenser, Shepheardes Calendar for October, v. 93; Henry V. ii. Chor. 6; Gorboduc, Act I. sc. 3, v. 798.

The excellence of the appellation in any of its interpretations is evident. In that it embodied characteristic features of the poem whose hero is Guy of Warwick, and in that it is in harmony with a popular mediæval phase of intellectual activity, Speculum Gy de Warewyke places the associated text in its natural environment. The interest of the episode centres in the valiant knight Guy of Warwick, and Speculum gives to the homily romance with which the poem is clothed, it is not to be denied, a mediæval charm. In literary worth Guy's sweet English "sarmoun" gains by association with the greater romance. It gains in historical and philological interest through the

<sup>2</sup> Pico della Mirandola was likewise Phœnix to his age among his contemporaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Hamlet, III. ii. 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Temple of Glas 974, with note to 294 (p. 92), and Chaucer Against Women Inconstant, v. 8: Riht as a mirour nothing may impresse.

factor Speculum, since through this designation it links itself with the period of its composition. The term Speculum was in the estimate of Lorentz<sup>1</sup> (cf. Alcuins Leben, p. 199) applicable to the Liber (Alcuin's De Virtutibus et Vitiis Liber). Lorentz maintains, that the Liber was devised as a mirror, and that to the mind of Alcuin it existed as a Speculum to enable Count Guido to determine, was er zu thun und was er zu lassen habe<sup>2</sup> (Leben, p. 199), thus paraphrasing liberally the passage, Caput V, line 5 f. (cf. Froben, Vol. II, Part I, p. 129), underlying verses 505, 506 united with 71-74 of the present text. Paulin (Histoire Littéraire de la France, 1866, p. 315) refers to the Liber: qu'il lui servit de miroir, où il verroit d'un coup d'œil ce qu'il auroit à faire et ce qu'il auroit à eviter. Yet nowhere is the Liber formally termed Speculum. The argument of Lorentz had been anticipated by some hundreds of years, and had been practically applied to the version addressed to Guy of Warwick. Speculum is amply supported by the subject-matter of the poem, and Speculum could not have been without worth in the sympathies of a mediæval poet.

2. In its brief literary connection the tenth poem of the Auchinleck folio has attained recognition as Epistola Alcuini. Kölbing, Englische Studien, vol. vii, p. 183, Morley, English Writers, vol. iii, p. 281, and Zupitza in private correspondence, have given sanction to that title. The eminent authority of so illustrious a triumvirate in letters, and the prestige of literary and printed notice, would at momentary glance seem to make additional search for the lost heading of the Auchinleck poem unnecessary. But Epistola Alcuini names Alcuin's Liber (De Virtutibus et Vitiis Liber) and other treatises ascribed to Alcuin. Obliterating the claims of an English poem to the nomenclature Epistola through the paramount right of priority of co-ordinate grouping are the following classical MSS., each an Epistola Alcuini. E Musaeo 214 (formerly numbered 68) fol. 51 b—fol. 68 b, and Bodl. 3558.5 (cf. Catalogus Bernardi) of the Bodleian Library; Cotton Vesp. A. XIV. Epistola Alcuini Levitæ, i. e. Diaconi, qui illie in quibusdam epistolis nuncupatur

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Lorentz (professor of history at the university of Halle), author of Alcuins Leben, ein Beitrag zur Staats-Kirchen- und Culturgeschichte der Karoling. Zeit (Halle, 1829), translated by Jane Mary Slee, The Life of Alcuin, and published in 1837.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The exact passage, *Liber* V, 2 ff. is translated as follows: Here lies the knowledge of true blessedness; for therein as in a mirror man may consider himself, what he is and whither he goeth, applied by West in *Alcuin and the Rise of Christian Schools* (1893), pp. 115 f.

Albinus cum versibus in fine of the Museum collection; Bibl. Reg. 5. E. IV. and Bibl. Reg, 6. A. XI. (cf. Book Index), and the Epistola ad Eulalian, etc. Aside from primary grounds for discarding Epistola Alcuini, the co-existence of numerous distinct works having legitimate claim upon that title, the form itself is not exact. In immediate application it could be employed only at cost of testimony of the poem concerning its contemporary history. Morley's title correctly applied should read Epistola Alquini (Alquyni). torically and on basis of the MS. Alquyn is the orthography demanded by a work of the period of the Speculum; cf. ten Br., Ch. p. 67, 68; Siev. § 208; Sweet, N.E. Gr. p. 254 (O.E. Alhwine, Ealhwine; Latin period Alcuinus; M.E. Alquin or Alquyn). The poet writes of the author Alquin (Alquyn in MSS. A, DH, H, R): Alquin was his rihte name, v. 39. Moreover even Latin MSS. of the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries do not hesitate in adopting the orthography Alquin, Alquyn (the distinction i, y having no philological weight, cf. ten Br. § 9 and § 22; Morsb. § 112) in transcripts of the works of Alcuinus (Albinus Flaccus), cf. Epistola Alguini, MS. Bibl. Reg. 5. E. iv.; MS. Bibl. Reg. 6. A. xi.; Lambeth MS. 378, where in librum alquini, Pro alquino, etc. occur.

Apart from the misconception liable to result through confliction among texts bearing the same title, the English poem, distinct and individual in character, a new creation, merits distinctive recognition, a specific place in literature. Its value rests neither in its connection with Alcuinus, nor in his theological views. It does not incorporate the philosophy of the schools of Charlemagne. Its interest centres rather in that very vivid personality, that illustrious knight Gy de Warewyke, for whom this discourse was prepared. Speculum Gy de Warewyke belongs to the field of literary history, not to theology. It is a member of that greater Romance cycle, whose brilliant hero is Sir Gy.

3. Warton's title ranks the discourse among poems of the ballad order. Guy and Alquine (cf. Warton, § 2 of this chapter) has the merit of granting its poem environment in the English Guy legend, classifying it, through analogy, with Guy and Colronde (cf. Percy's Folio MS. vol. ii. p. 509 ff.), Guy and Phelis, Guy and Amarant (cf. Percy's Reliques,<sup>2</sup> Part II, pp. 329 ff., 331 ff.). Warton was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Over forms of Alcuin's name compare Schönefelder in his monograph, Alcuin et Charlemagne, p. 4 (and Pertz, Monum. Germ. Script., I, p. 75); over its significance, see Hamelin, Essai sur la vie et les ouvrages d'Alcuin (1873), p. 10.

<sup>2</sup> Edition of Walford, 1880.

probably indebted to some MSS. Catalogue for the suggestion, perhaps in connection with the heading of the Catalogue of the Arundel MSS., vol. ii, edition of 1832, naming the poem Gy Earl of Warwyke and Dekene Alquyne. Warton's title is without authority historical or manuscript. Equally ungrounded is Scott's (also Laing's) title. As "A Moralization upon certain Latin Texts," apparently an invention of Scott (or of Leyden, cf. § 2) to characterize the subjectmatter of the selection, it figures in Sir Tristrem (also in A Penni worth of Witte, etc.).

4. The puissant merit accredited to the Speculum in mediæval literary history is testified to with eloquent voice through its popularity. Hundreds of varieties of the general type are locked up in MS. collections throughout the world. Speculum Stultorum (ed. Wright, 1872) depicted in satire English foibles of the 12th century through Nigel Wireker, and the 14th century is resplendent with a glittering array of Specula. The position of the Speculum in that century is in the technique of theology.2 In testimony the following list of theological Specula from MS. works has been collected, but the various Christian attributes associated with the Speculum are too numerous for immediate specification. The Speculum links with itself humanæ salvationis in a large vast family of virtues. Speculum Confessionis, Christianorum, Mundi, Philosophiæ, Religionum, Speculatorum, Innocentiæ, Devotorum, Contemplationis (a Ladder of Perfection), Peccatoris. It is a Christian Mirror, a Mirror for Maydens, Of Penance, Of Sinners, Of Lewd Men and Women, Of Chastite,3 Of the Sacrament, Of Penance, Le Mirouer des Dames, Le Miroir du Monde, Die Sprighel der sonden . . . van Jan iof Weeri, a heterogeneous collection4 indeed, elaborate attributes of a unique type of literature. They include all the tenets of Christian doctrine, and embrace all aspects of life inspiring to the 14th century mind. The spiritual history of the 15th century is enriched by the exquisite seriousness of a Speculum of 7 gyftus of the holi gost (MS. Ff. iv, 9, Camb. Univ.), of a Myrour to deuot peple (MS. Gg. I. 6), and by a Speculum etatis hominis (MS. Gg. IV. 32), whose mirror is de-

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Also description of The Index to the Arundel and Burney MSS. in the British Museum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This distinction applicable to the generic *Speculum* is irrespective of the subject-matter of the individual text.

<sup>The Mirrour of Chaastitee, MSS. Harl. 2322, 2325.
For MS. Specula compare MSS. Harl. 113, 116, 953, 1255, 1706, 1713, 2339, 2388, 6581, etc.; Add. MSS. 17,539, 22,283, 25,089, 29,951; Royal MSS. 16 E v.; 8 F X.; 5 B IX., etc.</sup> 

picted twelve times in twelve distinct circles to reflect the twelve ages of man. Bonaventure's "boke that is clepid" Myrour of the blissid Lif of Jesu Crist has disseminated its truths through manifold translations, and was printed by Caxton. In MS. Arundel 112 (see also MS. Arundel 120) the text is embalmed in a paper 4to. of the 15th century entitled: "The myrour of the blessed lyfe of oure Lorde Ihesu Criste, translated from the Latin of Bonaventura with some additions by the translator, and a Treatise at the end on the Body of Christ against the Lollards." A Bodleian MS. is an Apology for a looking-glass by Apuleius against Æmilian, in English verse. Harley MS. 3277 contributes a paper book, A Looking glasse for Looveres, "wherein are conteyned two sortes of amorous passions, the one expressing the trewe estate and perturbations of hym that is overgon with love; the other a flatt defvance to love and his lawes," containing "78 passions or chapters of prose verse." In 1509 the Ship of Fooles decreed the dimming of the fair radiance of the chaste theological Speculum by the profane Mirour of good Manners. So late as the 17th century is still to be found the ubiquitous Speculum, a spectrum for laymen in the Mirror for Martyrs (1601), from the hand of one Weever. In Speculum Crape-Gownorum, of the Advocates' Library, are "Observations and Reflections upon the late sermons of some that would be thought Goliahs for the Church of England." London, 1682. Berjeau published, 1861, reproduit, en Fac-simile, Le plus ancien Monument de la xylographie et de la typographie réuni, Speculum Humanæ Salvationis.

The various Mirrors belong to a later period. These descendants of the Speculum have imbued new life into earlier saintly themes, and Speculum no longer suggests deally synnes, confessiones and bands clericorum (Arund. 452) for the religious life of the soul, a Speculum Conscientice, 2 but names worldly activity and profane subjects in its rank and file of Princely Deedes (1598), Constant Penelopes (cf. Percy's Reliques), and Mirrors of Knighthood, not to forget Gower's Speculum of "Virtues and Vices" (i. e. Meditantis) and that most "dolefully dreary" Mirror for Magistrates (London, 1563), Gascoigne's The Steel Glas (1576), his Glass of Government, and the looking-glass of Thomas Lodge and Robert Green: A Looking

Cf. Add. MSS. 11,565, 19,901, 21,106, 22,558, 30,031; Sloane MS. 1785;
 Cot. Tib. 6, VII.; Harl. 435, 2241, etc.
 Cf. MSS. Harl. 5398; Sloane 3551.
 Cf. Lowell, The Old English Dramatists, "Marlowe," p. 30.

Glasse for London and England. Here could be numbered from all ages all those Specula, in whose "immortal flowers of poesy,"

. . . "As in a mirror, we perceive The highest reaches of a human wit."—Tamburlaine.

#### § 2. Literary History of the Manuscripts.

Specific mention of the Speculum is to be found in a brief and inexact characterization of its Auchinleck text,1 published by Sir Walter Scott<sup>2</sup> in 1804, through the "Introduction" to Sir Tristrem,<sup>4</sup> Appendix IV., pp. cxii. f., and reprinted in various subsequent editions,<sup>5</sup> in 1811 and 1819 under the same numbering of the page, in 1806,6 p. cviii., in 1833, pp. 112 f. After 1811 Sir Tristrem was included with its Introduction in the collective editions of Scott's Poetical Works, often with the pagination 112. Compare the edition of 1868, mentioned by Kölbing (Engl. Stud. vii.).

In 1857 David Laing, in his "preface" to A Penni worth of Witte, Florice and Blauncheflour, etc., incorporated Scott's Intro-

<sup>1</sup> This description plays a minor part as a single detail in a general sketch of the various texts comprising the Auchinleck folio. Scott's summary is still offered in the MSS. Catalogue of the Advocates' Library, classifying the Auch. MS.

<sup>2</sup> Reference to the life of Sir Walter Scott, as employed in this edition, is Activence to the file of Sir Watter Scott, as employed in this edition, as formed by Memoirs of the Life of Sir Watter Scott, Bart., by John Gibson Lockhart, the Riverside Press, 1881; and by Richard H. Hutton's Sir Watter Scott (in Morley's English Men of Letters), 1878.

3 Material for this "Introduction" seems to have been collected by John Leyden (d. 1811 in India), the eminent Oriental scholar (cf. Hatton, pp. 65, 66), and the state of th

and the faithful ally of Scott in the transcriptions of Sir Tristrem (cf. Lockhart, vol. ii., p. 54). Leyden aided Scott in the preparation of the Border Minstrelsy (see Lockhart, vol. ii., p. 46), and it was Leyden who prepared the bulky transcript of King Arthour, a fragment of seven thousand lines (Life of Scott, pp. 60, 61), used by Ellis in his Specimens of Early English Metrical Romances. Leyden published, on his own responsibility, The Complayat of Scotland (written 1648) in 1802.

<sup>4</sup> Sir Tristrem; a Metrical Romance of the Thirteenth Century; by Thomas of Ercildoune, called the Rhymer. Edited from the Auchinleck MS. by Walter Scott, Esq., Advocate, Edinburgh. This work was published the second of May, 1804.

The edition of 1804 comprised but one hundred and fifty copies, to be sold

at two guineas a volume. These are now broadly scattered, and are difficult of access. Indebtedness is due to the British Museum for the copy used in the preparation of this edition.

<sup>6</sup> Seven hundred and fifty copies of the subsequent edition in 1806 were necessary to satisfy the public demand. These editions heralded that ill-fated

connection with Ballantyne, the Aldiborontiphoscophornio of Scott.

<sup>7</sup> A Penni worth of Witte: Florice and Blauncheftour: and other Pieces of Ancient English Poetry, "Selected from The Auchinleck Manuscript. Printed at Edinburgh, For the Abbotsford Club." 1857. Laing's edition is also with difficulty accessible. The Speculum is indebted to the copy in the library of the British Museum,

duction without attributing it immediately to its direct source. Notice of this poem (Auch. MS.) stands on p. xiv., numbered 10 (see § 3, 1), and called "A Moralization upon certain Latin texts," thus retaining Scott's title, and failing to correct the defective enumeration of Sir Tristrem. For recognition of later date the Speculum is indebted to Eugen Kölbing in Englische Studien, vol. vii., pp. 178 ff., in his exhaustive study of the Romance selections preserved in the Auchinleck MS. Here, p. 183, designated "Epistola Alcuini," occurs the only entirely reliable account of the Speculum. Kölbing prints the first ten verses of the poem and the remaining portions of the twenty-five (ll. 1007-1031) imperfect lines (cf. § 3, 1). Auchinleck text also received casual notice by Warton and by Morley. In Warton's History of English Poetry (edited by Hazlitt, vol. ii., p. 29), the Speculum is classified as "Guy and Alquine" in a list that purports to include the "principal pieces" of the Auchinleck MS. Morley gives a table of the contents of the folio, naming the Speculum "Epistola Alcuini" (Morley, English Writers, vol. iii., p. 281).

But the earliest known reference to the poem, apart from rarely meagre statistics, is furnished by Ritson, two years earlier than the appearance of Sir Tristrem. In Ancient Engleish Metrical Romanceës<sup>2</sup> (London, 1802), vol. i., pp. xcii. and xciii. (pp. 50 f. of the reprint), Ritson connects with Canticum Colbrandi (Geste, Guy and Colbronde, Percy, Reliques, vol. iii., Part 4, page 26; see also pp. 145, 152, and Percy's Folio MS., vol. iii., pp. 509 ff.), furnishing "the cream" of the Guy romance (Scott, see Lockhart, II., p. 63), an "old Engleish poem" of the Harley MS. 525, Speculum Gy de Warewyke per Alquinum heremitam (according to Ritson). Thirty-five lines beginning this MS. were printed in Germania, vol. xxi., p. 366, in an

"That dwarf, he is so fell of mode, Tho ye shold drynk his hert blode, Gode wold 3e never finde."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The attitude of his contemporaries toward Ritson, "the ill-conditioned antiquary of vegetarian principles," is well known. He was tolerated only by Scott. Leyden's stanzas, characteristic of Ritson, may be recalled:

<sup>&</sup>quot;That dwarf, he ben beardless and bare, And weaselblowen ben al his hair, Like an ympe or elfe; And in this world beth al and hale, Ben nothynge that he loveth an dele Safe his owen selfe."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Of this first edition, the Königliche Bibliothek, Berlin, has preserved the copy referred to in this issue.

article by Prof. Kölbing. Here Kölbing, calling attention to the importance of the Auchinleck text in the Guy of Warwick question, enumerates the other British Museum MSS., the Arundel MS. 140, and the Harleian MS. 1731, but does not mention MS. Dd 11 and MS. Bibl. Reg. 17 B, xvii. Ward, Catalogue of Romances in the Department of Manuscripts in the British Museum, gives conspicuous attention to the Harleian copies of this poem.

Of the various MSS. of the Speculum the Harley MS. 525 has represented its text to the general public. It is this MS. that has received the weight of attention in print, and apparently from Harley 525 interest has developed in other MSS. of the same text. The salient feature of the title, the introduction of the name Guy of Warwick, and, indeed, the fact of the existence of a title in connection with what is apparently a complete poem, having introduction, conclusion, and colophon in a well-preserved and beautifully written parchment, explain the popularity of MS. Harley 525. Interest in the Auch. MS. was awakened through its association with important Romance texts of the same MS. volume. MSS. Harley 1731 and Arund. 140 have received scanty notice, and no printed mention of MSS. Dd 11, 89, and MS. Reg. 17 B. xvii., has been discovered outside of MSS. Catalogues. There is likewise no account to be found of Worseley 67 of this group of texts.

Notices of a hitherto unprinted poem form naturally no imposing list, yet for nearly a century the Speculum has been before the public. Its history is nearly contemporaneous with the printed record of the Auchinleck MS. itself. That MS. finds mention first in Percy's Reliques of Ancient Poetry (cf. Engl. Stud., vii.). It is described as a whole, or in application to some individual work, with greater or less regard for detail and accuracy, in the various editions of the Auchinleck texts. Kölbing's valuable publications, Sir Beues, Arthour and Merlin, Amis and Amiloun, Tristrem, etc., Zupitza's Guy of Warwick (see also edition 1875-76), Mall's The Harrowing of Hell, the shorter poems through medium of the Englische Studien, the editions of Laing, Ritson, and Turnbull, edited privately and for the Maitland Club or the Abbotsford Club, may be consulted, as well as Ellis in Early English Pronunciation, vol. ii., p. 428.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Other MSS, have no marked individuality in MS. relationship, and could be mistaken in each instance for a continuation of a preceding text, except in case of MS. D.

The most conspicuous MSS. are not otherwise complete (cf. § 3).
 This list is by no means complete.

early as the date of Ritson's arrangement of its table of contents (v. ante), in 1792 the youthful Scott, with a "great meikle nowthorn to rout on" (cf. Shortreed through Lockhart, I. 230), was scouring the Highlands for ancient lays, and searching for "auld Thomas o' Twizzlehope," and for the information that would culminate later in the interchange of enthusiastic letters between the bard of the Border Minstrelsy and George Ellis over the identity of Thomas of Erceldoune. Possibly to that year (1792) might be ascribed Scott's earliest study of the Auchinleck texts.

If the date of the publication of the greater romances become the standard, then the *Speculum*, overshadowed by the broader popularity of the greater Guy history, has not attained with slowness to the dignity of a distinct edition. Sir Gij (E. E. T. Soc., Extra Series, xlii., xlix., lix.) arrived at completion only in 1891, and Sir Beues (E. E. T. Soc., Extra Series, xlvi., xlviii., lxv.) first in 1894. Bibliography of the poem in its connection with the Guy of Warwick tradition would follow each century of the history of printing in England, beginning with Copland's fragmentary edition, placed in 1550 (Zupitza, Guy, 1875, p. xi.), and ending only with the present decade.

## § 3. Description of the Manuscripts.

The Speculum Gy de Warewyke has been preserved in the following Manuscripts, of which to this date there have been no prints:

## Auchinleck 10.

1. A<sub>1</sub>. MS. Auchinleck 10, Advocates' Library, Edinburgh. A parchment folio of the early fourteenth century (c. 1327—1340). Concerning the contents of this valuable Romance<sup>2</sup> MS. Kölbing

<sup>1</sup> The correspondence between Scott and Ellis began March 27 in 1801, but Scott's search for Thomas the Rhymer was under way earlier. In June 1795, Scott, through zeal in literary affairs, had been appointed one of the curators of the Advocates' Library, colleague of David Hume (Lockhart, I., p. 271).

<sup>2</sup> Romance in application to contents. The Auchinleck MS., it will be recalled, is a repository for a vast treasure of M.E. romance. It contains the first English version of the Guy of Warwick legend (Sir Gij of Warwicke, Auch., Nos. 22, 23, ed. Zupitza), as well as transcripts of Sir Bewes (ed. Kölbing), Sir Tristrem (ed. Scott and Kölbing), Florice and Blancheflour (ed. Hausknecht, Floris and Blancheflour; cf. also Flores Saga ok Blankiflur, Icelandic version edited by Kölbing), King Horn (ed. Wissmann), Arthour and Merlin (ed. Kölbing), Amis and Amiloun (ed. Kölbing), The Legend of Gregory, named one of the "pearls of M.E. literature" (cf. Schulz, Die englische Gregorlegende nach dem Auchinleck MS.; Holtermann, Ueber Sprache . . . der . . Gregoriuslegende, and Neussell, Ueber . . . mittelengl. Bearbeitung der Saga von Gregorius), and thirty-six other selections, chiefly Romance poems, whose popularity in the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries is undisputed. They are the "romances of

has treated in detail in Englische Studien, vol. vii., pp. 178 ff., with reference to the tenth selection, p. 183 (cf. § 2). The handwriting, distinct and beautiful, is larger than that of other scribes represented in the Auchinleck MS. and is not to be found elsewhere in the folio (cf. also Scott, Sir Tristrem, 1 p. cxiii). The present text is written in carefully outlined double columns, so cramped in space, that sometimes the last word, syllable, or letter of the poetical verse is placed above or below the metrical line: cf. lines 66, 113, 267, 277, etc. In its original condition the poem occupied fol. 39a—fol. 48b. There is no title. Folio headings and fol. 48b with concluding lines (II. 1032—1034) are lost through mutilation<sup>2</sup> of the MS. for illuminations. On fol. 48a parts of twenty-five lines (ll. 1007-1031) have been cut unevenly from the parchment. Subdivision into chapter or section is not indicated. Capitals are used, but they occur without uniformity. Lines 1, 137, 161, and 277 are marked off by large brilliantly coloured introductory letters. Latin texts are in red ink. The letter beginning each line is ornamented with red. margin to the left, recurring frequently at unequal intervals, and without reference to subject-matter, is the character '¶' in red: cf. ll. 9, 17, 23, 27, etc. Each leaf contains at the top the lower portion of a Roman numeral, 'xv,' in blue ink.

Lines 179, 180, 421, 422, 551, 552, 645, 646, 925, 926 are omitted. The last word of line 232 was not written; pylt is supplied in this edition from MS. A2. There are a few erasures: lines 33, 178, 197, 202, 249, etc. 268 occurs a second time, apparently in

prys" named in Chaucer's often quoted lines, Sir Thopas (ed. Skeat), 2087—2089, etc., and a portion of them denounced by Ascham a century later in the Scholemaster, pp. 79, 80 (reprint of Arber)—and again by Nash in Greene's Menaphon. The "pleasure" of the "booke" "in two speciall poyntes, in open mans slaughter, & bold bawdrye," killing men "without any quarel," such baseness as "the single head of an Englishman is not hable to invent," becomes through Nash the work of "bable booke-mungers," who "endevor but to repaire the ruinous wals of Venus court," "to imitate a fresh the fantasticall dreames of those exiled Abbie lubbers from whose idle pens proceeded those worne out impressions of the feigned no where acts of Arthur of the rounde table, Arthur of little Brittaine, Sir Tristram," etc. He does not "forbeare laughing" in "reding Bevis of Hampton" at "the scambling shyft he makes to end his verses a like"; cf. also Jusserand, The English Novel in the Time of Shakespeare, pp. 307, 308.

1 Compare the preceding section for the corresponding pagination of this

Shakespeare, pp. 307, 308.

1 Compare the preceding section for the corresponding pagination of this citation in the various editions of Sir Tristrem, and in Laing's A Penni worth of Witte, etc. "It (the tenth selection) is written in a different and larger hand than the preceding and following articles," says Scott.

2 Cf. Legendæ Catholicæ, "A Lytle Boke of Seyntlie Gestes, Imprinted at Edinburgh in the Year of the Incarnation, MDCCCXL.," p. vi, where the editor wishes that the "Vandal" of these "Hagiologies" had been "qualified to chant shrill treble within the choir of the Sistine chapel."

order to give to her a final -e (here), but the second reading is not retained, the line being crossed out. A word, syllable, or letter is occasionally written above the line within the verse: lines 47, 71, 101, 164, 178, etc. A, has some orthographical and dialectical peculiarities. To be noted is a redundant final -h: peih; cf. 11. 25, 80, 104, 170, 184, etc.; nowh 348.—d in the function of b: wid 84, 93, 181, 334, 370, 372, etc.; pervid 147; widinne 252, 258, etc.; and widoute(n) 277, 278, 302, etc.—z represents voiceless s in plural forms, and at the end and in the middle of a word: uertuz (plur.) 71, 79, 325, etc.; in the middle of a word: lezczoun 58, 138; murszere 284; at the end of the word: trespaz: solaz 686; voiz 446. An abbreviated form occurs: fint 785, tit 807; cf. also Streinbe 305 with vocalization of O.E. g. The -ie of mieknesse 85, although illustrated also in N.E. thief, is still not the usual orthography of this word in M.E. (cf. Stratmann, M.E. Dict.). A, has a predilection for the grammatical form wole, often where MS. D has sal(l): cf. wole (wolt) 3, 5, 11, 16, 19, 27, 28, etc. Grammatical mannerisms peculiar to A, are: ou 2, 816, 824, 848, etc.; beypere 952; beih and hij are employed side by side; peih 192, 271, 272, 295, 297, 298, etc.; hij 186, 267, 277, 279, 280, 281, etc.; mait occurs in rime with caiht 882. A dialectical peculiarity is the use of seide (saide in R) replacing sede of the original, lines 140, 168, etc.; cf. Ipotis seyde: (dede) 153, 461. Various instances occur, where the copyist marked his dialect through the representation of O.E. y, y, umlaut of u, u: puite: luite 924; ipult: gilt 888; muche: -liche 386, 672, etc. In some details the vocabulary of  $A_1$  is interesting.  $ac(A_1)$  is almost uniformly translated in MSS. of the Speculum; cf. 4, 13, 102, etc. heinen is found 627. emcristene 9, 334, etc.; pisternesse 114, 306, 731, etc.; bolemod 574, 666, etc., are specially the individual property of A, although existing in isolated examples in the other MSS.

A portion of a Roman numeral xv at the top of each folio indicates the number of the Speculum in the early arrangement of the Auchinleck transcripts. The Speculum classified as 10 presupposes the loss of five poems of the original collection before the first of the present MS. If The Legend of Pope Gregory, bearing the original number VI., be regarded as No. 1, the Speculum becomes in direct sequence the tenth selection (No. 10). The numbering 11 (Scott and Laing, cf. § 2), designating this poem, is due to the unexplained omission of No. 6 in the enumeration of the Auch. texts forming "Appendix IV." of the "Introduction" to Sir Tristrem.

No. 5 immediately precedes No. 7, and no No. 6 is to be discovered or accounted for in Scott's list. The original numbers follow each other in natural order without interruption.

Although not free from error, yet MS. A<sub>1</sub>, the oldest MS. and approximately complete, has transmitted relatively the most correct text. For these reasons it will become the basis of the following edition. Concerning its arrangement as determining the nature of this volume, see chapter iv, § 3.

#### Bibl. Reg. 17 B. XVII.

2. R. MS. Bibl. Reg. 17 B. XVII., Library of the British Museum, London. On vellum, a small quarto; c. 1370—1400. The Speculum is found fol. 19a—fol. 36a. It is without heading. A concluding note runs: Explicit hic speculum vtile istius mundi. The text is written in single columns, and there is irregularity in the introduction of capitals. Coloured initial letters designate important passages of the poem. The Latin texts are, prima manu Mr. Herbert affirms, in black ink on the margin to the right of the body of the text. They are sometimes inclosed with red lines. The poem is complete without breaks of any kind. Lines 45, 46 are omitted; 571 and 572 are transposed; lines 272 and 548 introduce a new reading.

Among paleographical characteristics it will be noted, that, in addition to its customary function, o becomes often a purely graphical representative of e of other MSS. That o in this development representing a normal M.E. e, may preserve an essential integral principle of the language of the poem is suggested by hom and hore (O.E. heom, heora): hom 25, 100, 106, 150, etc.; hore (poss.) 103, 169, 188, 265, 298, 308, 434, etc., but also here 268, etc.; hom selue 443, 485, etc. An interesting dialectical feature of MS. R is the introduction, in unaccentuated forms, of -is (-es), -id, -us, -ud: disciplis 570, but londus (plur.) 163; beris 663; faris 673; metis 549; lastis 746; wasshis 820; sittes 255; saies 567; lyes 713 are found. To be added also are: 3arkid 300; shewid 361; martrid 610; honourid 632; foulid 832; tholyd (-id) 590, 594, 605, etc.; deud (3 sing. past.) 528, 531; wratthus 806. The inflectional syllable is not expressed: (bou) dos 103; (hit) dos 112; bes (he) 128; Gos (imp.) 448; shon: won 106, etc.; vertuz is preserved by R (cf. § 3, 1) 79, 325. A Northern til replaces (in)to 271; hethen: henne 296. Note also the couplet reide: saiede 494. MS. R adds to the vocabulary of the poem a translation of pisternesse in the form merkenes 114, 306, 731, etc.

The Speculum stands third in a collection of works, many of which are attributed to the authorship of Richard Rolle, the Hermit of Hampole. The last of these is based upon selections from The Pricke of Conscience. Mr. Herbert of the Museum called attention to the numbering of the Speculum in the Old Catalogue published in 1734. The first three poems, numbered 1, practically 1, 2, and 3, are regarded as a single work. Thus the Speculum is not recognized as an individual poem. Number 2 of the Catalogue is virtually number 4, fol. 36b—fol. 49a, and begins: Alle mighty god, etc.

#### Harleian 1731.

3. H<sub>1</sub>. MS. Harleian 1731, Library of the British Museum. A paper MS., quarto; c. 1440—1460. This text is contained on fol. 134a—fol. 148b. It opens without title, and ends abruptly on l. 910, fol. 148b, it is to be conjectured, through the loss of two leaves, that contained the remaining verses of the poem. It is written in single columns. The majuscule beginning each line is in black ink, ornamented with red. Large initials showily coloured in red begin lines 1 and 137. The texts are in red. A significant hand in black, partly outlined in red on the margin, points out 1. 109, "pride wrap and enuye." Other references to pride, ll. 635—638, fol. 144b, 1—4, are emphasized by means of red interlineations.

Lines 7, 8 and 641, 642 are omitted. Entirely original readings are conveyed by lines 133, 136, 205, 206, 403, 404, 442, 447, 448, 479, 507, 508, 514, 591, 592, and 606; 409 is slightly changed.  $H_1$  shows much diversity in text, and often alters the original apparently on its own responsibility.

The Speculum comprises with the "Pryke of concyence, composed by R., the Hermit of Hampole" (cf. Catalogue of the Harleian MSS.), an "old English book." A half-effaced note on the fly-leaf has been with difficulty deciphered to read as follows:

Memorandum quod quinto die julij Anno Domini M¹o cccc<sup>mo</sup> Lxxiij<sup>o</sup> Richard Reder de petyrsfeld deliberavit commissario generali diocesis Wintoniensis iij libros.

A brief description of these three books follows in the customary method of the mediæval period. A specification is given in each instance of the words beginning the second line of the second folio of the volume. The record for the third book is as follows: Tercij

libri 2° folio, "And Also hov merciful." Turning to the second folio of Harleian MS. 1731, the second line stands: "And also how mercyful god ys at al assay," confirming the characterization of  $\mathbf{H}_1$  as the third of the three books delivered to the Commissary-General of the Diocese of Winchester. Richard Ryder was suspected of Lollardism (cf. Catalogue of MSS. in the Harleian Collection).

#### Arundel 140.

4.  $A_2$ . MS. Arundel 140, Library of the British Museum. On paper, folio; c. 1420—1430. The handwriting is small, and is throughout profusely enriched with flourishes. In general characteristics it might belong to a text written soon after the middle of the fourteenth century, but water-marks of the paper determine otherwise, and on the authority of careful palæographers place its trancript in the fifteenth<sup>1</sup> century. The Speculum, written in double columns, extends from fol. 147a to fol. 151d. The MS. does not record title, and concludes abruptly l. 892, fol. 151d, probably on account of a missing leaf that contained the end of the poem. Capitals occur without conformity to rule.  $A_2$  begins with a large red letter, and Latin texts are in red.

Aside from the missing conclusion, ll. 893—1034, lines as follows are omitted: 55, 56, 140, 181, 182, 261, 262, 648—653, 678, 679, 840—845. Ll. 141 and 142 are interpolated between ll. 82 and 83, but appear again in normal sequence preceded a second time by l. 82, in place of the omitted line 140 (vide supra). Lines 465, 466 omitted after 464 are interpolated between lines 470, 471. Lines 75, 76 are transposed. Lines 251 and 834 introduce new readings.

Although MS.  $A_2$  does not record title, the poem<sup>2</sup> is described as Gy Earl of Werwyke and Dekne Alquyne in Index to Arundel and Burney MSS. and Catalogue of the Arundel MSS. in the British Museum, vol. i., 1834. It is preceded by The Pricke of Conscience.  $A_2$  is much worn. The leaves are ragged and uneven. The ink is often faded. In some instances individual words are almost illegible. Sometimes a correction in very black ink distinguishes letter or monosyllable. At the top of folio 148d a character representing the word Iesu is written. At the bottom of the same folio is transcribed the

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Difference of opinion exists regarding the period of  $A_2$ . Some authorities place the text 1450—1480.  $^2$   $A_2$  is further classified as "a religious tale in verse."

line beginning fol. 149a. In orthographical peculiarities preference for -i (-y) in place of -e in inflectional endings is to be recorded.

#### Dd 11. 89.

5. **D**. MS. Dd 11. 89. University Library, Cambridge. Parchment, quarto, written in single columns; 1440—1450. This is the first notice in print of Dd 11. The present text, the fourth in the collection, extends from fol. 162b to fol. 179b. It is without title. There is a comprehensive gap, ll. 407—475. A capital is occasionally found at the beginning of a line. Capitals lines 1 and 137 are illuminated. Latin texts are in red. Opposite each, on the margin near the edge of the leaf, suggesting irregularity on the part of the copyist, is the key-word or introductory letter in red.

Apart from the break at the middle of the text (vide ante), the following lines are omitted: 342, 534, 535, 679, 738. Lines 376, 790, and 925, 926 differ from the versions of other MSS. Lines 167, 168, 201, 202, 303, 304 are transposed, and the Latin text following line 338 is interpolated between 345 and 346.

Dd 11 is immediately preceded by "pe prykke of conciense." On fol. 162a, near the bottom of the page, is to be read: "Here endepe pe sermon pat a clerk made pat was cleput Alquyn To Gwy of Warwyk," showing impress of the preceding statement: "Here endepe pe tretys pat ys cald pe prykke off conciense." MS. D betrays carelessness in transcription. At times the scribe might have been without intelligent appreciation of his prototype.

Noteworthy graphically is the service of the same character, apparently  $\flat$  not only for  $\flat$  and y, but for  $\frak g$  of other MSS. Varnhagen, Anglia, vol. iv., p. 183, has written of a similar tendency in Cambridge University MS. Gg. 1, 11. Dialectical peculiarities of D are interesting. In orthography, the tendency to drop or to add an initial h is common in D. A redundant h is prefixed: Habraham (also in  $H_2$ ) 347; habyde 676; heye (O.E. eage) 827; here (eore in  $A_1$ ) 296, 375; halmisdede 934.—h is omitted: is (for his) 227.—wh is employed for h: where (for were) 59.—w for wh: wyche 80, 140, 287.—D uses f for v (u in  $A_1$ ): lofe 697; lefe 733.—g represents g of g is inserted in the curious form mayt 1020, 1021, possibly through analogy with mayst 863, 864. Compare also mayt (mait) 344, 881, 882.—wole of g is replaced by sall (sal) 27, 28, 77, 79, 101, 119, 167, 283, 285, 324, 328 (sul 265), etc. D introduces forms

like gul (O.E. god) 29, 40, 57, etc.; gede (O.E. god, but cf. ged dede, Anec. Lit., 96) 494; dule 895; pute: lute 914; god hyd 379; boys (i. e. bush) 359, 368. Conspicuous grammatical properties are illustrated in this connection: kyd 178; bouht 32; wassh 831; es 3, 4, 146, 193, etc.; chastyn (inf.) 181; wemmyd (pp.) 366; be tokenes (3. sing.) 363; bedes (1. plur.) 504; Mit (for Mihte) 291. D retains suffrand 587, 597. The vocabulary of D often paraphrases readings of other texts, (1) with words of the same general significance: cheyse (shed  $A_1$ ) 217; creatures (shaftes  $A_1$ ) 781; bole bi mode (bolemod  $A_1$ ) 574. (2) Through words of diverging significance: vnnebe (anuied  $A_1$ ) 124; bodyly (mannes  $A_1$ ) 388; mekenesse (sobnes  $A_1$ ) 664. Study of the dialectical peculiarities of this transcript results in the conclusion that MS. D was written by a Northern scribe.

#### Harleian 525.

6. H<sub>2</sub>. MS. Harleian 525. Library of the British Museum. See Kölbing, Germania, vol. xxi., pp. 366, 367. Parchment; quarto of the latter years 1 of the first half of the fifteenth century (c. 1440— H<sub>2</sub> is written in single columns. The handwriting, uniformly distinct and beautiful, recalls the Auchinleck transcript. Near the conclusion it varies in size, but there is no indication of a second copyist. Beginning fol. 44a and ending fol. 53a is the poem of the present issue. Fol. 44a is without title. Written in two lines on fol. 53a is the colophon: Explicit Speculum Gy (not the expected Gydonis) de Warewyke (the final -e very faint and almost illegible) heremite secundum (expanded by Ritson to read per; by Kölbing, et) Alquinum (A. E. M. Romanceës, i. xcii., and Germania, xxi. 367). heremite is written immediately below Warewyke. The two words are united by a bracket (]). Every verse begins with a capital letter. Instead of the customary introductory illuminated majuscule, large four-cornered blank spaces were left at lines 1, 161, and 283, apparently for illuminations. In the space line 1 a small capital has been inserted, and a small minuscule in each of the other spaces, probably for the instruction of the illuminator. Latin texts are in black.

The concluding twelve lines of the poem (829-840) contain an

work, 1874; Ritson's, 1802.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  1480—1500 is the limit ascribed to  $H_2$  by some authorities. The period is with difficulty exactly defined.

<sup>2</sup> It should be recalled, that Kölbing's note dates an early period in his

apostrophe to the Virgin (ll. 833-840). An extensive gap (ll. 459-814) and the omission of lines 841-1034 characterize MS. H<sub>2</sub>. Numerous illustrations of the omission of characteristic readings are as follows: Lines 11, 12, 197, 198, 251, 252, 295-300, 305, 306, 309, 310, 357, 358, 435-444, 451, 452, 823-826. Lines 108, 133, 283, 323, 328, 342, 378 (328 in H<sub>2</sub> and 790 in A<sub>1</sub>), and 447, 448 have adopted original readings. Lines 111, 112 are transposed. Lines 819, 820, omitted in the normal sequence of the poem, are interpolated between 828, 829. Two lines are interpolated after 160 and 454 respectively, one after 138, one after 322, and three after 4. It may be noted that MSS. D and  $H_2$  often coincide in readings so far as l. 407. Although copyist's errors are few, yet in the transmission of the text, H2 is in some degree a revision of the original. With the idea possibly of giving an intensive meaning to the sentiment of the poem, H2 deviates through paraphrase of the true text, through use of synonyms of terms offered by other MSS., and it alters the poem by means of omission, amplification, and circumlocution. Illustration occurs as follows: waryd gostys 447 are condemned to suffer, not hote (A1), but helle fyre 282, in the pytte (stronge A<sub>1</sub>, stynkynge H<sub>1</sub> fyre) of helle 449, condemned with angry eye 446, at the daye of (heie A<sub>1</sub>) dome 415. In plea for charity Guy is appealed to as generous friend: firende so free 323. Compare also formeste (forme A<sub>1</sub>) 223; lethere (foule A<sub>1</sub>) 72; to thys goodnesse (hem A<sub>1</sub>) 100; Vucerteynnesse (bisternesse A<sub>1</sub>) 114; maye he be (work he A1) 128. See variants 133, 138, 160, 343, 454, etc.

The inflectional system is governed by uniform laws illustrated in terminations transmitting y for the normal -e in unaccented syllables as follows: godys (gen.) 38, 81, 139, etc.; slewthys 121; fadyrys 254, 255; Londys (plu.), rentys 152, 163; metys 155; synnys 91; thewys 97; thewys: shrewis 102; Savyd 128; wykkyd 116, 122; fallyn (inf.) 170; betyn 175; suffyr 176, 184; ekyn 188; Herkenythe (imp. plu.) 1, 137; Wasshythe 816; bryngyþe (3. sing.) 114; makyþe 124. Redundant h begins a word: Habraham (ef. D) 347.—Initial h is omitted: ys (for his) 227.—f occurs for u (v) of A<sub>1</sub>: leffe 424.—Metathesis exists in tharlle 238. H<sub>2</sub> belonged earlier to the Cotton collection. It was in possession of Robert Cotton, and bears his autograph.

Besides the MSS. already enumerated, some have been traced that, in description at least, belong in this chapter. MSS. W and B

may be regarded with some certainty as giving information regarding the poem.

#### Worseley 67.

1. W. Worseley 67. See Edward Bernard in Catalogi Librorum Manuscriptorum Anglice et Hibernice in unum collecti, 1697. Under Librorum Manuscriptorum viri nobilis quo maxime merito speramus, Henrici Worseley de Hospitio Lincolensi apud Londinum Catalogus, p. 213, is to be found Number 67 (cf. 6915). Its contents are: Alquin's Advice to Gwy Earl of Warwyk, following a "treatise1 in English verse," the Prykke of consequence. The second selection is incomplete.

This heading, Alquin's Advice to Gwy, in English (M.E.), the form Alquin in this specific connection, and particularly the attendance of that Achates of the poem of this volume (cf. § 3, 3-5), the faithful "Prykke of conscyence," serve tangibly to link W with MSS. of the Speculum, but the associated text has not been hitherto discovered.

The search<sup>2</sup> for the MSS. of the Worseley collection, as well as the actual investigation of a large number of the fifty MSS.3 (cf. Bülbring, On Twenty-five MSS. of Richard Rolle's "Pricke of Conscience," etc., p. 1) of The Pricke of Conscience 4 has been without practical result in the discovery of the Worseley MSS. collectively, or of the "book" numbered 67. The libraries of

<sup>1</sup> Clue to the history of MS. W and MS. B has not been contributed by the Catalogue of the Library at Abbotsford (Edinburgh, 1838), A Catalogue of the Library of the Faculty of Advocates (Edinburgh, 1838), Laing's Catalogue of Manuscripts of the Society of the Writers to H. M. Signet in Scotland, Hickes' Thesaurus or Antiquæ Literaturæ Septentrionalis Libri duo, nor from the List of Manuscript Books in the Collection of David Laing, nor in any of Laing's numerous editions of M.E. poetry; see, for example, Select Remains of the Ancient popular Poetry of Scotland (Edinburgh, 1822), Early Popular Scottish Poetry re-edited by W. Carew Hazlitt (London, 1895), nor in Stenhouse's Lyric Poetry (1853), Halliwell's various editions (cf. Reliquiæ Antiquæ, 1841), nor in the editions of Ellis, Robson, Ritson, or Weber.

<sup>2</sup> Search, direct and indirect, for possible MSS. of the *Speculum* in libraries of England, Scotland, Germany and France, has been exhaustive and painstaking. Vast labour, and untiring industry and patience, have not been rewarded in the discovery of MSS. beyond the record of the accompanying pages. The undoubted popularity of the poem in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries suggested the possibility of many transcripts of the original.

centuries suggested the possibility of many transcripts of the original.

3 Professor Bülbring's list does not include the transcript of MS. Dd 11,
89, of the University Library, Cambridge, nor the Lambeth MSS. Stimulus
Conscientive or the prykke of Conscience, Nos. 260 (4) and 491 (6), see p. 2.

4 On Twenty-five MSS. of Richard Rolle's "Pricke of Conscience," "Eighteen
of them in the British Museum, four in the Library of Trinity College, Dublin,
the Corser MS., and two in Lichfield Cathedral Library," by Karl D. Bülbring,
M.A., Ph.D., published for the Philological Society, London, 1889-90.

Lincoln's Inn, of Lincoln Cathedral (both suggested by the element de Hospitio Lincolensi, the language of p. 213, vide ante), of Lambeth Palace, the Bodleian Library, the collections of the British Museum, seem none of them to have been the depository of Worseley's library. That in the disposal of the MSS. by auction, Worseley 67 could have passed into the Harleian collection of MSS., could have been numbered anew in that union and have become public in Catalogue and history as Harley 1731, might be conjectured through some coincidences in the description of the two MSS. (cf. § 3, 3). In that condition MS. W. has already been described, and has been introduced into this work as H1.

With less reasonableness may be discussed in this connection another MS., Bodley 1731.

#### Bodley 1731.

Bodley 1731. Disputatio inter priorem aliquem & spiritum Guidonis. See Ritson, A. E. Metrical Romanceës, I., pp. xcii., xciii., edition of 1802, p. 50 of the reprint. A title of this character, introduced in connection with a description (cf. Ritson) of MS. Harl. 525, suggested at once a MS. of the Speculum, but thus far MS. B has proved to be "an empty name," a title existing only on Ritson's page.

Granting the existence of a corresponding text, coincidence in numbering recalls a second time the Harley MS. 1731, and it is to be conceded that Ritson may simply have referred to the MS. H<sub>1</sub>. Some confusion in the heading might be assumed to have arisen on ground of erratic orthography,1 for which Ritson was famed, or through his proverbial inaccuracy.2 aliquem could be reconciled as a typographical error.

On the other hand, Ritson's description may be accounted for on the hypothesis of a manuscript of a different type, but fulfilling quite rationally the conditions of the title. Although the conclusive

1 "Ballantyne," says Scott, "groans in spirit over the peculiarities of his (Ritson's) orthography, which hath seldom been equalled since the days of Elphinstone, the ingenious author of the mode of spelling according to the pronunciation," etc. (Lockhart, II., p. 81).

2 To Ritson's notable inaccuracy Scott refers writing of "many curious facts and quotations, which the poor defunct (i. c. Ritson) had the power of assembling and quotations, which the product the same power of the power of assembling the company of the power of the

to an astonishing degree, without being able to combine anything like a narrative, or even to deduce one useful inference" (Lockhart, II., p. 122), and Schick adds a word (*Temple of Glas*, p. cxlviii.), asserting that Ritson copied "without understanding from headings of MSS, and entries in *Catalogues*," and mingled them in new combinations, could probably be added.

MS. has not come to light, yet the theory is strengthened through analogy with MS. Bodley 3903, named also by Ritson in the A. E. Metrical Romanceës, I., p. xcii. Bodley 3903 bears now the signature Fairfax 23. Here is another Guido, the hero of a mediæval vision literature, in which the disembodied spirit of Guido of Alet holds communion with a certain friar. Its hero has nothing in common with Guy of Warwick but the name Guy. The Jahrbuch für Niederdeutsche Sprachforschung, vol. xiii. (1887), p. 81 ff., in an article entitled Guido von Alet and Arnt Buschmans Mirakel von W. Seelman herausgeg., Jahrbuch VI., 32 ff., treats of literature of this character. Wright discussed the question forty years earlier in St. Patrick's Purgatory, "an Essay on the Legends of Purgatory, Hell, and Paradise, current during the Middle Ages" (cf. pp. 45-47). The purpose of this dialogue is to enforce the doctrine of transubstantiation. Another branch of the legend is illustrated in Dr. Anne Leonard's Zürich dissertation, Zwei Mittelenglische Geschichten aus der Hölle (Zürich, 1891). The cycle of purgatorial literature is enriched by The Revelation to the Monk of Evesham (Arber reprint) with its list of Gesta Purgatoris, p. 14. Albrecht Wagner 2 in Tundale, "das mittelenglische Gedicht über die Vision des Tundalus" ("auf Grund von vier Handschriften"), pp. iii. ff., cites arguments basing the source of this comprehensive medieval type in the Divine Comedy. He supports his theory on works of Labitte (La divine comédie avant Dante in Etudes littéraires, I., pp. 193-263) and Ozanam, Dante et la philosophie catholique au treizième siècle.

MSS. of the Guido controversy are abundant. Many copies of the original Latin MS. exist, and an English metrical version3 is extant in MS. Tiberius E vii. (1350-60). A prose text exists in the Vernon MS. The opening lines of Fairfax 23 are:

"Incipit disputatio inter quendam priorem et spiritum gwidonis. Augustinus in libro de fide ad petrum dicit: miraculum est, quicquam arduum uel insolitum super facultatem hominis."

Compare with this passage the opening sentence of the Berlin

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Furnivall, Pol., Relig. and Love Poems (E. E. Text Society, 1866), pp. 93 ff.; Horstmann, Altengl. Legenden, Neue Folge, pp. 367 ff.; Halliwell, Thornton Romances, p. xxv.; and Halliwell, Dictionary.

<sup>2</sup> Wagner claims for Tundale, eine wahre Sturmflut von lateinischen Handschriften und alten Drucken über Oesterreich, Italien, die Schweiz, Frankreich, Belgien, England, und Irland; cf. Visio Tungdali (lateinisch u. altdeutsch, Erlangen, 1882), pp. x. ff. He finds also Spanish, Provençal, Swedish, and Icelandic versions, discussed by Mussafia in Sulla Visione di Tundalo (Wiener Stitzungsberichte, philos.-hist. Cl. Bd. 67 pp. 157 ff.) Sitzungsberichte, philos.-hist. Cl., Bd. 67, pp. 157 ff.).

3 Cf. De Spiritu Guidonis, Vesp. E 1., Vesp. A VI., and Add. MSS. 22,283.

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MS., Königliche Bibliothek, MS. germ. Quart. 404, Bl. 85a-111b of the fifteenth century:

"Also alse sunte Augustinus seghet in deme boke van deme geloven te sunte Peter: Eyn wunder is dat geheiten dat wunderliken schut boven de naturliken krefften und boven menslike wunder," etc.

The corresponding passage is furnished by the Vernon MS., fol. 363. It begins: "For as muche as seint Austin seip to Peter in pe Booc of be leeve," etc. The metrical version of the same passage, MS. Tiber. E. vii., ll. 2 ff., reads:

"and saint Austin, be doctur dere, and oper maisters mare & myn, sais, bat men grete mede may wyn," etc.

This Guido leaves no doubt about himself, v. Bl. 99a: "bin ich Gowido verlost van der pine des vegevurs veir jar dan sich borde." The tradition is followed with fidelity in English versions. MS. Vernon reads: "ich am þe spirit of Gy & his soule, þat nou late was ded"; and MS. Tiber. E. vii.:

"pe voice answerd to him in hy and said: 'I am spirit of Gy, pe whilk 3e wate was newly dede," etc.

It is quite as probable that the Guy of MS. B belongs to this family, as that his prior be identified with Alquin of the *Speculum*. The inference that MSS. Bodley 3903 and Fairfax 23 are the same, is not ungrounded, but their identity has not been proved, and the use of the term Bodley in both connections cannot be indicated to be other than accidental.

From the prolific literature of the tradition (see again the Sprachforschung) originates another theory. It is possible to explain Bodley 1731 (Fairfax 23) as a composite title representing several MSS., but not belonging necessarily 1 to any of them, a title without an individual text, one of that "jumble" 2 described by Schick (Temple of Glas, p. cxlviii. ff.), and Lockhart (II., p. 122). It might result not merely from "splitting up one work into several" (Schick, p. cli.), but from the uniting of the titles of the "split portions" of several works into a single heading without definite MS. For

<sup>2</sup> Scott writes of Ritson's Essay on Romance and Minstrelsy (cf. Lockhart, II., p. 122), that it reminds one of "a heap of rubbish, which had either turned out unfit for the architect's purpose or beyond his skill to make use of."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Harl. 2379 is a Liber de Spiritu Guidonis Narratio Legendaria de confabulatione habita inter Animam pradicti Guidonis civis de Alestij (qui distat ab Avenon 21 miliarys), and states Guido obijt 1323. Cotton Vesp. E 1. ends: explicit . . . disputatio mirabilis inter priorem . . . et inter spiritum . . . Guydonis.

Ritson, the "dogmatical little word-catcher," nothing would be easier than to invent such a phantasmagoria. The material is richly provided through a multitude of the paradise-purgatory texts. MS. Cotton Vespasian E. I., Bl. 219 ff., is a "disputatio mirabilis inter priorem . . . et inter spiritum, whose hero is Guydo." Number 16, Bibliothek des Gymnasiums Carolinum, Osnabrück; Papierhs. . . D, 76, is a veritable "Disputatio inter priorem et spiritum Gwidonis." A Kiel MS., "Universitätsbibliothek, Miscellan.," hs. 38, Bl. 175 ff., is "spiritus Gwidonis . . . et . . . priorem quendam" (Ritson's aliquem?).

Whether Ritson's Bodley 1731 be actual or imaginary, whether it be but Harl. 1731, or Worseley 67 classified as Harl. 1731 or not, or that the three be but descriptions of the same MS., and that recognized as MS. Harl. 1731, there is at present no absolute proof. MS. B cannot be traced farther.

#### CHAPTER II.

#### GENEALOGICAL HISTORY OF THE TEXTS.

#### I. GROUP Y.

# $\S$ 1. MSS. $H_2$ and D in Distinction from MSS. $A_1A_2H_1R$ . Resemblances between MSS. D and $H_2$ .

Or approximately the same age, but differing in dialectical characteristics, D and  $H_2$  are undeniably connected in MS. development. Noteworthy is the conspicuous lacuna occurring simultaneously in MSS. D and  $H_2$ . Lines 459—471 are wanting in both texts, marking practically the conclusion of MS.  $H_2$ . Of the fifty lines, 407—459, wanting in MS. D, twelve are also deficient in MS.  $H_2$ . Otherwise coincidences marking the relationship of D and  $H_2$  are chiefly mutilations characterizing the individual word. In the investigation of  $DH_2$ , it must be recalled that the comparison represents but 400 lines, the last reading to be ascribed to the texts in common being line 399.

Among the more conspicuous resemblances<sup>1</sup> is that of line 180, where inversion of the adverbial phrase is common to both D and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> It will be assumed as understood, that in this discussion only the more conspicuous instances of the mutilation of the archetype are to be regarded as affording conclusive evidence, determinative of the main results of the argument. Naturally nothing else could be possible.

 $H_2$ : pe better for he (pey  $H_2$ ) sall (shulde  $H_2$ ) hym knowe, in distinction from For pai schold hym pe better knawe; cf. MSS.  $A_2H_1$ , line 381, reads cler and clene, in distinction from clene and cler of the fundamental text. Line 393 describes the sonn as feminine, preserving the older Germanic (O.E., O.H.G.) usage instead of his of  $A_1H_1R$ . Line 186 replaces have with suffri (suffyr  $H_1$ ), 195 blisse with wele, and 266 turment with tournement. Identical in dialectical features is the reproduction of his by is (ys), line 227, in D and  $H_2$ , and would by wove, line 302, in opposition to all the other MSS. Other alterations in individual words are as follows:

MSS.  $\mathrm{DH_2}$ : 1 to] vnto. 32 pe] pis. 141 it] I. 172 And] He. 182 pat] pe. 186 haue] suffri. 195 blisse] wele. 257 on] at. 266 turnent] tournement. 283 noupe] now. 318 ouer] in. Unimportant as decisive evidence is the fact that lines 167 and 280 translate Ac of  $A_1$  and, and interpret here 308 as paire.

MSS. D and  $H_2$  agree through various omissions from the fundamental text. Conspicuous is the loss of Nay, line 398, and of so important a word as sinful in line 149. MSS.  $A_1A_2D$  contribute the following readings lost to MSS. D and  $H_2$ :

MSS. DH<sub>2</sub>: 8 pu] om. DH<sub>2</sub> (1 om. H). 23 For] om. 31 Hou] om. 40 he was] om. 41 he] om. 149 sinful] om. 183 and] om. 308 al] om. 327 wite] om. 398 fay] om.

On the other hand, D and  $H_2$  preserve at the same time interpretations unfamiliar to other texts. Compare conclusions as follows: MSS.  $DH_2$ : 134 his mihte] all his my3t  $DH_2$ . 135 abouten] all abouten. 207 shalt] salt man. 224 syngin] frst synne. 308 Al] For. 321 pe] For (so). 373 and. 391 telle] tell itt. 399 proued] prouede wele.

138 introduces a redundant pe. 195 marks a struggle after an original, common to D and  $H_2$  in belinne, not distinctly written in MS. D. Line 341 unites in he pe for the he of  $A_1$ .

With these combinations must be considered all conditions in which D and  $H_2$  harmonize in connection with other MSS. (cf.  $\S$  2), particularly in readings that unite peculiarities of MS.  $A_2$ . Minor points of agreement confirm results classified in the preceding paragraphs, pointing to the combination  $DH_2$ .

## § 2. Differences between MSS. D and H2.

MSS. D and H<sub>2</sub> preserving common errors that might be derived from a single source, deviate in important particulars, suggesting

that neither text is dependent on the other. MS.  $H_2$  is often corrupt to a degree not shared by MS. D.

That MS. D does not have its origin in MS.  $H_2$ , is evident from lines interpolated in  $H_2$ , that are not to be found in D, e, g, between 4 and 5, 138, 139, 160, 161, 322, 323; no transpositions of  $H_2$  alone, 111, 112; in the omissions not shared by D, lines 11, 12, 197, 198, 295—300, 309, 310, and in revised readings, lines 108, 133, 232, 283, 323, 328, 378. These two MSS. differed so in the following instances, where MS. D has preserved often the correct reading:

D not derived from  $H_2$ : god ouer] wele god abovyn  $H_2$ . 18 In In to H<sub>2</sub>. 19 wole shall. 21 Ne for For noo. 22 pe his. 25 peih don god] Iesu criste. 26 bouhte] abouzte. 27 while] 30 Gy] Sire Gy. 31 On] Vppe on. 35 And] He. stounde. in] be. 45 was wel] sone was full. 46 perfore] And alle. 49 On] Vpon. 52 well om. 54 us] ouyr vs. 57 Make me] Doo me make. 59 my delit] grete delyte. 61 foule] false. 62 lad] be lyed. While] A while. 63 wole] wolde. 64 be world] hym. 66 And] And swythe. 72 foule] lethere. 73 don] mynn. 75 now] nowe hem. 84 pe] me. 87 ful] and fulle. 90 vse] doo welle. 96 lyf] lyffe also. 98 Whar purw] Where with. reche] A reche. 99 so] thus. 101 wittes] other. 125 Offte] Welofte. 127 turne] flee. 137 sarmoun] lessoune. 138 tell] rede. in my lesczoune] be resounne. 142 reche] Areche. 152 As] om. 157 Hell] Helthe. 158 And] om. of also of. 160 word wylle. 162 muche ryst mochill. 166 halt] haue. 173 For] om. 174 synn] A synne. 178 kudde] shewythe. 181 He wole] om. 187 seknesse] stronge syknysse. 188 And ] om. 189 leuest] be leue. 192 wo sorowe. 195 be bys. 204 is ther ys. 209 had ne hadde. 212 3if gaffe. 213 made shope. ewen] om. 217 of] om. 225 wite] wyte ryste. 229 And] om. 258 wid oute nay for sope to saye. 259 pat pat afore. 261 per Hedyr. adoun downe. 262 a ony. 263 nele pan wyll. 264 man men. 265 He shall They shulle pan. fongel take. 267 onne] pan on. 273 beleuen] be leuyn. 275 Austin] austyn he. 281 dure] pen endure. 292 tellen] telle 30w halffe ne. 314 owen] om. 329 Hit is loue Loue welle. 332 ping] om. most] myste nedys. 335 god] om. 337 If] For yffe. full om. 338 wolt] myste nedys. uides] tu vides. 375 Bodiliche] Godlyche. 379 a þing] ys. 390 grete] moche. 392 lef bu] be leue. 396 bodilich] boldelyche. eize] om. him] om. 397 on] in. 401 pis] yt. 402 i se] here se.

The list might be increased from the myriads of individual mutilations, for which  $H_2$  alone bears the responsibility.

B. On the other hand, MS. H did not have its origin in MS. D. This is indicated by the interpolations of  $H_2$ , of which D bears no trace, by a divergent reading in MS. D, line 376, and in transposition of lines 167 and 168, 201, 202, 303, 304.  $H_2$  has the following individual faults, not shared with D:

 $H_2$  not derived from D: 2 And om. D. 10 do do soo. and] pen. 27 and. 28 wole] sal (?). 35 his] eke hys. 40 gode] rist gude. 48 kepen] wyten. qued] dede. 53 And] anon. lesczoun] a lessoun. 63 per of] per for. 70 sepere] Erle. schall. 71 for to] to be. 80 whiche] be wyche. 82 by my] I be. 89 ere] lore. 91 sinne] synne haue. 94 wyll be pi] with dede. 95 charyte] chaste. 101 Wole] sal. 113 pis] om. 119 wole] sall. 124 man men. anuied po vnnepe. 130 purw om. 140 pat om. 144 rode] be rode. 149 It es] Thys ys a. 152 As] As in. faire and bold and faire bold. 156 litel lope. 160 after] om. 168 hem] whom. 176 Or] Oper. 178 hym] man. 182 hem] hym. 183 And many A man. hem hym. 188 all it is all. here paire 192 liuede] libbețe. 193 poul es. 194 maitow] pou ioy and. 200 wyll] sal. 206 pre And pre. 212 gaffe aif be. myst ful. 215 3af] 3if. 217 yuel] of euel. for] chayse. 214 of he3e. 218 pe] pat. 222 wole] wollin to. 226 yt] he. 230 him] om. 232236 sippon aftyr. pylt] put. 238 in] to. 241 don] idon. 244 he] hem. 250 Tyll it] For to. 254 into] to. his] hym. fadyrys ryche] awne fader. 278 point] apoynt. 284 i wole 30u] om. 289 hadde] haue. 309 mid] mende. 310 Fulle] Ful of. fulle] ful 312 pow] it. 320 bi] om. 321 the] se. 335 Man] pan. 346 well om. 355 hyml now. 356 of al of. 359 on of. And] In. 377 witen] I wyte. 383 brenne] beme. 384 here] paire 387 Sitte Schyne. 388 euere euereche. mannes bodily.

Numerous divergences so distinct in character are sufficient to show that MSS. D and  $H_2$  are not to be ascribed either to the other for ultimate origin, but that rather they both descend from a common original represented by  $\mathrm{DH}_2$ .

# § 2. MSS. $A_2$ (DH<sub>2</sub>).

Readings pointing to a common original for MSS.  $A_2DH_2$  aside from suggestive instances of the preceding section are as follows for

lines 1—407, 814—828, the portion of the poem marking the parallel texts.

MSS.  $\Lambda_2$ DH<sub>2</sub>, v. 45: Off him] pare of. 105 is hit] it is. 167 Ac] And. 168 erere] are (cere H<sub>2</sub>). 820 dop] pe. Compare also line 190, where individuality in grouping is marked by common divergence, suggesting defect of prototype and an attempted interpretation by the individual scribes of Y. Z, on the other hand, preserves one reading, miht.

Group Y is further distinguished by readings in which deviation occurs in a slight modification of the basis of division through the individuality of the rendering on the part of a single MS. Recalling the tendency of the copyist of the *Speculum* to leave personal impress on his MS., inserting emendations originating with himself, particularly in the instance of MS.  $H_2$ , it will be recognized that the integrity of the grouping Y is not necessarily to be regarded as interrupted by divergency on the part of a single member. Such instances are as follows,  $A_1H_1R$  (group Z) on the opposing side:

v. 51 Alquin] Sire Alquyn  $A_2D$ , ffrere alquyne H. 217 shed] for  $A_2H_2$ , cheyse D. 321 be] be more  $A_2H_2$ , For so D. 393 sunne his] sonn here  $DH_2$ , sonnes  $A_2$ . Perhaps in verse 100: wolt hem to, where  $A_2$  reads wylt heuen to D, wylt bese to, and  $H_2$  wylte to thys.

To these readings can be added all those instances, in which group A, on one side, is united in internal relationship in opposition to group Z, intact on the others,  $A_1H_1R$ ,  $A_2DH_2$ ; cf. § 5. The relationship is confirmed by coincidences between the members of the single combining pairs of MSS. comprising group Y. The peculiarly noteworthy combination, D and  $H_2$ , was studied in the preceding section. Coincidence, less striking, is to be ascribed to MSS.  $A_2$  and  $H_2$ .

 $\S$  3. Coincidences in MSS.  $A_2H_2$ .

Resemblance between  $A_2$  and  $H_2$  occurs in the reading, line 154, where  $H_2$  and  $A_2$  offer faire and bold instead of the correct form, faire bold.  $A_2H_2$  substitute helle for hote, line 232. And add eke 811, not found in  $A_1A_2H_1R$ .  $A_2$  and  $H_1$ , line 815, euene for ene of  $A_1H_1$ . Other marked points of resemblance are as follows:

 $A_2H_2$ , v. 40 And] om. 46 perfore] And. 68 His] i. 73 don] om. 114 man] a man. 174 a] om. 176 pine] paynes. 257 pider] Hedere. 274 men] man. 331 euere] om. 372 imeind] I menned. 393 pat] om. 456 him] om.

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Abundant proof contradicts any supposition of origin  $A_2$  in  $H_2$ , or  $H_2$  in  $A_2$ . A<sub>2</sub> could not have been transcribed from  $H_2$ , the younger MS.,  $H_2$  preserving verses of which  $A_2$  presents no knowledge, and omitting passages preserved in  $A_2$ , cannot be conceived as having passed directly to the hands of the scribe of  $H_2$ . Compare the following minor instances of discrepancy, where  $H_2$  has often the correct version:

MS.  $H_2$  not derived immediately from MS.  $A_2$ : v. 24 foule] fals  $A_2$ . 38 al] wele. 53 And] I. 74 on] o þynge. 85 hope] om. 94 wyll be þi] to. 97 þewes] vertues. 108 telle] schewe. 128 he] pei. 131 þurw] for. 133 behouythe] I rede. 138 rede] say. 264 þat] om. 272 þeih] om. 275 austyn he] poul. 308 For] al. 312 But] For. 353 grette] sawe.

The list might be increased with additional illustration marking the distinctive character of MSS.  $A_2$  and  $H_2$ .

### $\S$ 4. Relationship between $A_2$ and D.

### a. Coincidences in $A_2D$ .

MSS.  $A_2D$  form also a connecting link in the relationship developing the group Y. Line 51 reads for both Sire Alquin instead of Alquin of group Z. chirche replacing clerk, l. 667, is a marked characteristic of resemblance linking the two MSS.  $A_2$  and D combine in the version mynde for mid of  $A_1H_1$ . In addition to the common omission of line 679, other omissions occur as follows:

 $\rm A_2D$ : 6 to god] of god. 13 Ac] And. 45 war] Iwar. 53 And] I. 66 he] om. 101 þe] om. 127 man] a man. 160 ibouht] abought (aboute). 168 erere] are. 226 bouht] abougt. 241 Ac] And. 299 þe] om. 306 þisternesse] dirkeness. 315 Ac] And. 321 inwardlichere] inwordelich. 336 wher] whethere. 350 and as] and. 383 on] om. (407—475 mark the comprehensive break in D.) 480 out] om. 507 hit wolen] willen it. 538 Or] Ouþer. 624 And] om. 625 wole] nyll. 628 in none] in no. 635 And] For. 675 a] om. 684 hit] þat. 689 mid] mynde. 725 gon] agone. 729 riht] ariht. 731 þisternesse] derkenes. 790 me] to me. 804 wole] nyl. 811 is] is þe. 812 man] men. 834 he shal] schall he. 870 and] or. 880 many] man.

Intimate resemblance is marked in line 791 in distinction from group Z: sinne wrouht foule sinne Iwrouht.

#### $\beta$ . Differences between $A_2$ and D.

That A<sub>2</sub> preserving the oldest MS. of group Y cannot, for this reason, have originated in MS. D nor MSS. DH2 singly or combined, is obvious. Nor is it necessary to give detailed proof that either of the younger MS. versions can be the source of the other. independent character of MS. H<sub>2</sub> is clear from § 1 of this chapter. The same section shows also the indebtedness of DH2 to some common source. That that original is not A, is evident in the omission in A<sub>2</sub> of lines 55, 56, 181, 182, preserved in the DH<sub>2</sub>, and in the omission of the following lines, 648-653, 678, 679, 840-845 of the original, for which MS. D is authority (H2 is practically at an end here). The transposition of lines 75, 76 in A2 is not recorded in DH and the altered readings 140, 141, 142, relatively to 82 with interpositions caused DH, no difference. Instances occur, where A<sub>2</sub> preserves individual readings, when D and H<sub>2</sub> retain the correct versions. Some of these numerous instances are indicated in the sections to follow:

D not derived from  $A_2$ : 18 purw his] at a  $A_2$ . 24 foule] fals. 59 my ioye] ioy. 74 on] o pynge. 85 hope] om. Many similar instances of irregularity make it evident that none of the MSS. of this group was antecedent for any other. It is fair to attribute them to a common source  $(A_2DH_2)$ .

The existence of a group of MSS. Y involves the explanation of a corresponding group Z, to become the subject of the investigation of the section to follow.

#### II. GROUP Z.

### § 5. Two Groups of Manuscripts.

These six existing texts enumerated in the foregoing paragraphs may be considered as subdivided into two groups, a group Z embracing MSS.  $A_1H_1R$ , and a group Y embracing MSS.  $A_2DH_2$ . Determinative in this classification are the following coincidences,  $A_1H_1R$  on one side, and  $A_2DH_2$  on the other:

v. 40 a] om., A A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>2</sub> Y. 45 Off him] pare of Y. 182 pat] pe Y. 200 And] om., And Y. 222 man] he Y. 240 foreuere] euer Y. 299 pe] om. Y. 303 keintise] qweyntise Y. 381 clene] cler Y. (From line 407 the continued omission of one MS. of group Y must be recalled, Z being intact. Otherwise the classification remains uninterrupted). 454 whij] om. Y. 480 out] om. Y. 624 And] om. Y. 667 clerk] chirche Y. 675 a] om. Y. 684 hit] pat Y.

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725 gon] agone Y. 729 riht] ariht Y. 791 sinne] foule synne Y. 804 wole] nyl Y. 812 man] men Y. 820 dop] pe Y. 870 and] or Y. 880 many] om. Y.

Moreover, in support of this grouping occurs the transposition of lines 673, 674 in each of the three members of group Z, omitted in the grouping Y. Line 679 is also omitted entirely in group Y.

These readings, offsetting each other, and in each instance characteristic of a distinct grouping, seem proof that neither group is derived directly from the other. It may be assumed that both groupings are to be referred to a common source  $A_1H_1RA_2DH_2=X$ , which was perhaps the original text.

## § 6. $MSS. A_1H_1R.$

Group Z is further distinguished by readings in which group Y diverges (cf. § 2) through the slight alteration of the principle of the division.

Z is an integral group in the following instances, agreeing on the reading introduced below:

v. 51 Alquin. 217 shed. 393 sunne his. 100 wolt hem to. Group Z deviates slightly, l. 105, in the omission of hit in R, where otherwise the two groups are intact. In 167, group Y are unanimous in the use of And, while  $H_1R$  translate Ac of  $A_1$ , rendering a characteristic of  $H_1R$  (cf. § 6) not inharmonious to the group Z. Similarly 188, deviating in Y, omits it, the value of group Z being uninfluenced. 250 has difficulty with an added to in Y, causing trouble to D, which reads For to come instead of the Tyll-it came to of  $A_2H_2$ , in opposition to group Z Til hit com.

The integral character of group Z is preserved in additional readings:

79 i wole] but I wyll (with added word)  $A_2H_2$ , I sal D. 94 shal be pi] altered  $A_2DH_2$ . 297 parten] altered  $A_2DH_2$ . 321 pe] altered  $A_2DH_2$ . as on] altered  $A_2DH_2$ . 381 cler] altered  $A_2DH_2$ . 399 preued] altered  $A_2DH_2$ . 449 fyr] altered AH, D om. 550 to pe] divergence Y. 559 in pouht] diverg. Y. 602 vilte] wyte A, vilanie? D. 858 pe] is pe  $A_2$ , pi D. 872 or] and  $A_2$ , oper D.

To these may be added other passages, which though divergent in some detail, yet do not detract from the general trend of the argument: lines 168, 188, 297, 353, 559, etc.

To these coincidences are to be brought those presenting intimate connection within the limits of its immediate group.

# $\S$ 7. MSS. $H_1$ and R in Opposition to MSS. $A_1A_2DH_2$ . a. Coincidences in MSS. $H_1$ and R.

It is obvious that intimate relationship must characterize R and  $H_1$  in common. Although separated by an interval of seventy-five years at the smallest estimate, and diverging in important details, opening to each MS. variations introduced on its own responsibility, yet it must be admitted that the transcripts R and  $H_1$  in noteworthy instances unite in combinations not accounted for in remaining texts. Omission of lines 737-740 is common to the MS., and absolutely in opposition to MSS.  $A_1A_2DH_2$ , are coincidences in the version of entire lines often broadly different from the same lines in other texts. R and  $H_1$  for instance, omit the line 792, In word, in dede, and in bouht, and substitute in its place line 838 of the original text, Loply (Lodely R) and fele (foule R) many oon. The line 342, omitted in MS. D, inserts with eghen in  $H_1R$ , of which MSS.  $A_1A_2H_2$  retain no trace; cf. as follows:

# 342: pat bou may alday with eghen se. (R) whom bou maiste see eche day wib yeşe. (H<sub>1</sub>)

The indisputable relationship of R and  $H_1$  is attested to by line 488, where the original text has been omitted, and in its place a different version supplied:

488: Whil that thou may go & se. (R) Whilest thou maiste go and se. (H) Loke pat pu bise A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>D (om. in H<sub>1</sub>R).

A similar variation exists in line 790, where  $A_1$  and  $A_2$ , the two most reliable texts, are answerable for a good reading: Herken and i wole telle pe. R and  $H_1$  have preserved: Herken and I wil telle pe. A modification occurs, line 808, for the insertion of fire brenne (fyre burne  $H_1$ ). 831 alters wasshe ( $A_1A_2D$ ) to to wasshe hem. 716 contributes the unique version: I wil 30w (pe R) telle whi  $\mathcal{G}$  wharfore. Often of minor importance as conclusive proof, yet offering convincing evidence of coincidence in individual words, are illustrations as follows:

(a) R and  $H_1$  agree in introducing a word differing from other texts;  $A_1A_2DH_1$ : 4 and 736 swipe] ful  $H_1R$ . 791 (I)wrouzt] don  $H_1R$ . 242 3af] had. 366 ene] bene. 466 rede] spede. 168 erere] bifore. Of the same general significance are: 178 kudde] kypep. 190 pu sek] seek. miht] maist. 198 lihtliche] lyztly. 293 also] as. 309 mid] with. 330 in] & in. 414 pe] A. 496 pat] pis.

497 þe] þis. 530 Off] on. 617 þi] om. 725 knowelache] knowing. 909 leten and flen] leeue and fle R, leue and flye  $H_1$ . But translates Ac of MS.  $A_1$  in the following notable instances, where MSS.  $A_2DH_2$  read invariably and or for. But ( $H_1R$ ) 13, 167, 280, 463, 467, 471, 615, 623, 660, 893.  $H_1$  and R share the translation with  $A_2$ , where that MS. seems to have found the same interpretation: 583, 619, 830, 835, 849. But also belongs to  $H_1R$  shared with  $H_2$ : 241, 293, 315, 347, 434.

- (b) A word is added that is wanting entirely in MSS.  $A_1A_2$ : 394 om.] sipe  $H_1R$ . 452 om.] haue. 702 childe] om.  $A_1A_2D$ . 553, 689 om.] here. 671 bere he] he bere. 678 om.] al. 907 om.] then. Less important in the argument are the following instances: 106 om.] for. 378 om.] and. 678 om.] al. 801 om.] for. 830 om.] haue.
- (c) MSS.  $A_1A_2DH_2$  contain a word not recorded in  $H_1$  and R: 190 sek] pu sek  $A_1A_2DH_2$ . 242 had] 3af his. 339 For Men] Men. 394 swich] om., swich  $A_1A_2D$ . 410 mo] om. 524 I] nu i. 582 ne] om. 617 pi] om. 812 pat] on. 840 ne om.] ne. eke om.] eke.

To these coincidences may be added all those readings of a triffing character, which though differing slightly, yet may be ascribed to a common source: he is replaced by peih 833, 834; miht by may 859, 864; Nas pat by that was 214; noht by wil no3 H<sub>1</sub>, wil not K.

### $\beta$ . Differences between R and $H_1$ .

Incontrovertible points of coincidence between MSS. R and  $H_1$  are counterbalanced by instances of deviation of importance, suggesting that R and  $H_1$  may be ascribed to a common source rather than to a relationship one from the other.

- MS. H<sub>1</sub> not the source of MS. R. R, the older of the two MSS., beyond doubt, cannot be the source of MS. H<sub>1</sub>. Moreover, MS. R preserves individual defects not shared by MS. H<sub>1</sub>. Compare lines 6, 9, 15, 34, 84, 107, 129, etc. MS. R contains also verses omitted in MS. H<sub>1</sub>, omits interpolated passages, and makes frequent alterations of the original as follows: lines 204—206, 403, 404, 447, 448, 507, 508, 591—593, etc. Omissions in MS. H<sub>1</sub>, where MS. R retains the correct reading, are: 7, 8, 133, 136, 272, 479, 571, 572, etc.; cf. § 3, 3.
- 2. MS. R not the source of MS.  $H_1$ . Equally impossible is it that MS.  $H_1$  find source in MS. R. Lines 45, 46 (transcribed by  $H_1$ ) are omitted in MS. R. Line 272 in R alters the original read-

ing. A multitude of minor examples confirm the testimony of these diverging verses. That  $H_1$  is not derived from R, is shown by the accompanying instances, where  $H_1$  has in general preserved the correct reading, although at times both MSS. deviate from the original.

V. 12 to om.] to R. 20 Ne shaltw] bow shalt not. 22 weye] lawe. ful om.] ful. 31 on] in. 38 liuede] leued wel al. 44 and om.] and. 51 be] bat. 58 don hit write] write it. 74 On] bothe one. 84 beyl bese bre. 102 beb nohtgodel are swithe. 114 menl mony. to vnto. derkenes merkenes. 116 and 121 sleupes slownes. 117 we] ful. 124 anuied] fro mynde. 136 3e wil] pai wil. 160 shal be] mot he. 161 falle] bi falle. 277 3e here] bow here now. (louer)ede] (I) rede. 182 hem] hem to. 185 and om.] and. 193 if if bow. 194 well be better. 198 abouten hit thorow. 199 Now I wil here of Here I wil a while. 201 man more. 3ifte might. 226 hap was ful. 232 he was was he. 235 for fer pat. 237 bimonie him] fro hym tane. 241 purw] for. 244 man] monkynde. 248 And bus] om. deiede] with harde deth. 263 nele] wil. 265 He] pai. 271 go] wende. into] til. 278 point] ende. 285 sumwhat] now forthe. 288 eke see] al so sene. 291 3it my3t it] hit might. 297 pat om.] pat. 306 ony derknes] merkenes. 315 lat hit noht come tow bow wel. 316 any non. 317 he bat who 327 be] may be. 338 his] pat is hisse. 340 myne] my hyve. 387 litte] is sett. 389 here] hit. 399 bat] and bat. 410 ifiled] fyled right. 412 be and be. 415 heie grete. 423 Come Comes now. 434 al] pat. 435 turne] hym turne. 440 his fet] fete did hom to seke. 452 3e] for 3e han. 456 Off] On. dop] wolde. 495 Sein] For seynt. 470 He] sit. shall shalt bow. 471 sobfast] stedfast. haue] haue bow. 493 in drede] I be reide. 500 lescroun] gods lessone. 502 goddede blissed dede. 530 wolde wolde hym. 535 misdop] have misdone to. 536 hit] so hit. 553 Nym] Take mon. 590 boledel for mon he tholyd. 591 was pertol bere was. 597 eurei] ilk a. 599 a] ony. 612 may ben] is. 616 be] om. manhede] mon. 618 wreche of wrongful dede] vengaunce a non. 623 art so stout] so proude art. 624 and herte] stoute of hert. And so So. 643 and some men. 644 inome taken. 645 pen be Now be. 648 Or Or ellis. 649 founde tane. 665 muche neuer so mikel. 668 pat] his. 677 humilite] verray humylite. 678 Awey] Alle. 682 well ful. 683 of him] om. 638 comfort] comfort in hye. mid] per with. 693 man] a mon.

#### § 8. Agreement of A1R within the Group Z.

Common readings pointing to a relationship A<sub>1</sub>R are as follows: MSS. A<sub>1</sub>R, v. 8; þw om.] þw. 26 hem] om. 70 Alþere] Alles. 411 saiþe] seide. 507 willen it] hit wolen. 518 þe] om. 563 wele] it. 625 nyll] wole. 635 For (But)] And. 695 sinne] his sinne. 700 nyl] wole. 715 for lore] ilore. 759 I wrought] wrouht. 768 I schryue] shriue. 773 ifounde] founde. 813 euene (bidene)] ene. 876 þw] þat þw. Here may be included the large number of coincidences, in which the only representative of group Y is the MS. D: 915, 916, 919—921, 924, 931—933, 937—939, 945—948, 951, 952, 954—956, 964, 969, 970, 973, 974, 977, 980, 983, 987, 993, 995, 999, 1000, 1001, 1004, 1005, 1011, 1024, 1031.

 $A_1$  is naturally not copied from R, the younger MS. Neither is R a copy of  $A_1$ , shown as follows:

R not from  $A_1$ : 22 weye] lawe R. 102 bep noht rede] are swiche. 116 sleupe] slownes. 124 anuied] fre mynde. 237 binomen hym] fro hyn tane, additional instances to the end of the poem.

None of these three MSS. comprising Group 2 is directly or indirectly the antecedent of another.  $A_1$  because the oldest text cannot have been derived from R or  $H_1$ , nor can R have been derived from the younger text  $H_1$ . Moreover were this not the case, numerous instances of error in  $A_1$  or in  $H_1$  occur, where the third MS. contributes the original reading. Equally impossible is it that R or  $H_1$  have origin in  $A_1$  (cf. § 5). Instances exist, when  $H_1$  or R conveys the correct reading lost in the other MSS. respectively. Since none of the three MS. texts is derived from any other of the same group, then it must be assumed that they return to a common original  $A_1H_1R$ .

Two groups of MSS. have thus been discovered, each in internal connection closely connected through its representative MSS. Some additional coincidences indicate other relationships, suggesting that some scribe had access to more than one MS., and that he modelled his transcript according to the readings of the two texts, with reference at times to one MS., at times to the other. Relationship seems to be indicated between  $H_2$  and R.

#### § 9. Coincidences in $H_2R$ .

In addition to conditions thus indicated, MSS.  $H_2R$  give evidence of common relationship. Both  $H_2$  and R add to the text of the other MSS. grete, verses 246 and 280,  $ry_3t$  171, yt 208, pe 229, pane

361. Both read bou noht forzete, instead of nis noht forzete, line 193. Both read in 265, They shulle take here, replacing He shal fonge his.  $H_2$  and R supply chastyse hem, line 181, for chasten of  $A_1$ . Minor resemblances corroborate these results:

 $H_2R$ : v. 74 Bote] But 3yffe. 80 on] on a. 134 bi with. 159 pis] ytte. 161 falle] be fall. 162 pat] om. 171 halt per mide noht] holte pere with rugt. 175 mot] myste. 194 invite] wete. 208 do] yt doo. 263 nele] wyll. 293 Ac] But. 304 And] om. 318 Hap] He hathe. 355 him sauh] sawe him. 360 ibrent] brente. 385 wel] wel om. 389 Inwardliche] Inwardly. 432 pat] 3e. 817 Kindeliche] Kendely.

The greater age of R removes it from the question of source. The numberless independent readings vouched for by  $H_2$  make it evident that  $H_2$  is not copied immediately from MS. R. It seems possible that the scribe of the transcript used by  $H_2$  may have had knowledge of that employed by the scribe of R, particularly since MS. D ascribed with  $H_2$  to a common source marks also an indirect connection with MS. R.

#### § 10. The MS. D.

The MS. D having connection with MS.  $H_2$  preserves traces of influence binding it to MS. R, as the accompanying illustrations will indicate. Both D and R supply bene for the original text breme, line 383. Both introduce the reading, line 893, es for no love ne for no instead of nis for love ne for (acord). D and R read sittes for is, line 908. Other associated forms are to the same effect:

DR: v. 33 anon he] per he. 58 in] in a. 65 pe] om. 68 i wole] he wold. 84 bi leue] leue. 165 low] ful lowe. ful] om. 174 do] ido. 179 here holde] nolde here. 508 fonge] fonde.

Lines 107, 133, 145, 149, 274, 289, 344, 354, 549, 723, 757, 771, 785, 857, 866, 885, 886, 900 confirm these conclusions. That, however, MS. D has no very intimate connection with MS. R, the number and quality of the readings preserved with  $A_2$  in opposition to the large number of differences from D in comparison with the small number of harmonizing combinations indicate; cf. preceding section, and also lines 944, 963, 967, 978, 987, 990, 996, 1000, 1004, 1020, 1021.

#### § 11. The Relationship $H_1H_2$ .

A relationship  $H_1H_3$  is to be traced in these two texts, confirming the supposition that scribe  $DH_2$  had also access to a MS.  $H_1R$ 

in use in the grouping Z.  $H_1$  and  $H_2$  preserve the common line 175, he motte (myste) be betyn. Other verses add testimony. A single word is added in  $H_1H_2$  in a number of instances where it is omitted elsewhere:

MSS.  $H_1H_2$ : v. 180 wel. 204 per is. 268 and. 402 here. 280 pe. 290 maner. 423 fere] infere.

A word is altered in opposition to the readings of  $A_1A_2DR$ : 23 it] per. 55 par] for. 112 ful] moche. 160 eft] after. 372 pe] his. 178 hen] hyn. 214 heihe] his. 236 sippen] after. 243 eke] also. 407 nw] wel. 817 ofte] oftentyme.

The comparison suggests a connection  $H_1H_2$  between the two pairs of closely related MSS.  $H_1R$  and  $DH_2$ , not to be explained on the ground that either member of the two groupings is the origin direct or indirect of the other, nor has a single MS. of the four offered source for any other.

The imposing breaks in MSS. group  $H_2D$  preclude from this group possibility of origin for the two opposing elements  $H_1R$ . The individual errors of the single MS. gives proof as follows:

 $H_1$  not derived from MS. R: 18 wende] to wende. 13 pis] on. 19 Al] on. 22 weye] lawe. 26 hem] ful. 114 Vncerteynnesse] merkenes. 137 lessoune] sarmoun.

A common grouping is not to be supposed directly for the four MSS., whereby all return to a common original, as will be recognized by the few and unimportant relationships shared by these in common, as well as by the character of the divergence.

# $MSS. DH_1H_2R.$

MSS.  $DH_1H_2R$ : v. 18 and] om. 69 nu] om. 146 Nis] Es. 214 nas] was. 327 hu] what. 399 ishewed] schewed.

Here the common relationship DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R ends. It does not seem to be sufficiently marked to justify inference of common ancestry, through direct descent for the four MSS. that it comprises.

Collecting the results obtained through each of these separate arguments, the genealogy of the texts of the six MSS. as developed in the course of this investigation formulates itself into the following genealogical table. It will not be attempted to prove that one or two texts stood between any two of the combining MSS. It is to be believed that MS. H<sub>2</sub> had in its development the combined results of the association of MSS. representing two distinct groups of texts.

Here gynnepe pe sermon pat a clerk made pat was cleput Alquyn To Gwy of Warwyk Guy of Warwick, in deep remorse, would expiate his offences against God. He told his wish to Alquin, Dean of a religious brotherhood, and asked counsel for the welfare of his soul. The holy friar prepared a sermon, in which he instructed Guy how to discriminate between virtue and vice. The discourse unfolds principles of spiritual growth through a twofold medium, the renunciation of evil and the achievement of good. Alquin concludes with an appeal for benevolence, which is enforced by an account of the incident of the widow of Zarephath.

# Speculum Gy de Warewyke.

erkneb alle to my speche, Hearken! And hele of soule i may ou teche. I teach of the soul's health. pat i wole speke, it is no fable, Ac hit is swipe profitable. 4 Man, if bu wolt heuene winne, To win heaven, love God and burw loue to god bu most biginne. bus shal ben bi biginning: 8 bu loue god ouer alle bing ¶ And pin emcristene loue also, thy fellow-Christian. Riht as pi-self[e] pu most do. If bu wolt bus biginne and ende, 12 bu miht be seker to heuene wende; Ac, if bu louest more worldes god Flee the world. pan god him-self[e] in pi mod, bu shalt hit finde an yuel plawe: To deb of soule it wole be drawe, To death the world's I For, whan be world be hab ikauht net drags In 1 his paunter purw his drauht, the soul,

For the title, see the Introduction. The numbering of the folio follows the Auchindeck MS. The character ¶ reproduces the paragraphing of the Auchindeck text. 1 to] vnto DH<sub>2</sub>. 2 And] om. D. may] wyll A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 3 no] not R. 4 Ac] Bot DH<sub>2</sub>R, For H<sub>1</sub>. swipe] ful H<sub>1</sub>R, very gode & H<sub>2</sub>. Between 4 and 5 the following three lines are interpolated in H<sub>2</sub>:

For the sowlys saluacyowne Who soo that herythe pis sermoune Inicium sapiencie timor domini (Cp. H<sub>2</sub> in l. 138.)

Incrum sapience timor domin (Cp. H<sub>2</sub> in l. 138.)

6 purw loue] To loue H<sub>1</sub>. to god] of god A<sub>2</sub>D, god H<sub>1</sub>, om. H<sub>2</sub>. 7 and 8 are omitted in H<sub>1</sub>, 7 pus] pis A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. shal ben pi] ys the fyrste H<sub>2</sub>. 8 pu] To A<sub>2</sub>, om. DH<sub>2</sub>. god ouer] wele god abovyn H<sub>2</sub>. 9 emcristene] cuen crystyn A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. loue] om. A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, bou loue H<sub>1</sub>. 10 do] do so D. 11 and 12 are omitted in H<sub>2</sub>. 11 If] And if R. 12 milht be] may R. wende] to wende R. 13 Ac if] And 3ef A<sub>2</sub>D, But and H<sub>1</sub>, Iffe H<sub>2</sub>, But if R. worldes] be worldes A<sub>2</sub>, worldly H<sub>1</sub>, bis worldis H<sub>2</sub>, worldlis R. 15 an] for an H<sub>1</sub>. plawe] lawe (The vord was originally plawe. p can be traced in the erasure.) D. 17 ikauht] caught A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>2</sub>R. 18 In] In to H<sub>2</sub>. purw his] at a A<sub>2</sub>.

	Al at his wille he wole be lede.		
and thou	Ne shaltu spare for no drede,		20
	Ne for loue to god, ne for his eize,		
shalt suffer.	To gon out of be ribte weye;		
	¶ For swiche [per] beb, bat loueb more		
	pe world and his foule lore,	1	24
	pan beih don god, bat hem wrouhte	39 6	
	And on be rode [hem] dere bouhte.		
	¶ Her-of i wole a while dwelle,		
I wish to tell	And a tale i wole 30u telle		28
of an earl,	Off an eorl of gode fame—		
Guy of War-	Gy of Warwyk was his name-		
wick,	Hou on a time he stod in bouht:		
	pe worldes blisse him pounte noht.		32
how he for-	pe world anon he per forsok		
sook the world,	And to Iesu Crist him tok,		
and chose	And louede god and his lore		
God.	And in his seruise was euere more.		36
A devout	¶ A god man þer was in þilke dawe,		
man,	pat liuede al in godes lawe;		
Alquin,	Alquin was his rihte name,		
	And man he was of gode fame;		40
	Dekne he was, and pe ordre he hadde;		
lived then,	In holinesse his 2 lyf he ladde;		
	Wit of clergie he hadde inouh,		
	perfore to godnesse euere he drouh.		44
of whom	¶ Off him be earl was wel war,		
Guy	perfore his wille to him [he] bar,		

19 Al at] At R. wole] shall H<sub>2</sub>. 20 Ne shaltu] pou shalt not R. 21 Ne for] For noo H<sub>2</sub>. to god] of god A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>, om. H<sub>2</sub>. ei3e] awe R. 22 pe] his H<sub>2</sub>. weye] lawe R. 23 For] om. DH<sub>2</sub>. per] it A<sub>1</sub>DR, pei A<sub>2</sub>. 24 and] pen D. foule] fals A<sub>2</sub>. 25 peih don god] Iesu criste H<sub>2</sub>. 26 hem dere] dere A<sub>1</sub> dere hem A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>, ful dere R. (D has heu dere.) bouhte] abou3te H<sub>2</sub>. 27 Her-of] Here R. wole] sall D. while] stounde H<sub>2</sub>. 28 wole] sall D. 30 Gy] Sire Gy H<sub>2</sub>. 31 Hou on] On D, Vppe on H<sub>2</sub>, how in R. 32 pe] pis DH<sub>2</sub>. 33 he per] he A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, per he DR. 34 him] he hym DH<sub>1</sub>. tok] bi toke H<sub>1</sub>. 35 And] He H<sub>2</sub>. his] all his A<sub>2</sub>R, eke hys D (and and in H<sub>2</sub>). 36 in his seruise was] serued hym after R. 37 in] be H<sub>2</sub>. pilke] pat A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 38-liuede] leued R. all wele A<sub>2</sub>, wel alle R. in] om. R. 40 And] A A<sub>2</sub>, And a D, A noble H<sub>2</sub>. man he was] man DH<sub>2</sub>. gode] ri3t gude D. 41 and] om. R. be] om. H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. he] om. DH<sub>2</sub>. 44 perfore] and perfore R. 45 Off him] pare of A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>2</sub>, was wel] sone was full H<sub>2</sub>. war] I war A<sub>2</sub>D. 45 and 46 are omitted in R. 46 perfore] And parfors A<sub>2</sub>, And alle H<sub>2</sub>. he] om. Λ<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>.

<sup>1</sup> per is on erasure in MS. A1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MS. H<sub>1</sub> has his his.

	And of him 1 he tok his red,			asked advice,
1	To kepen his soule from be qued.		48	
1	On a day, i vnderstonde,	39 c		
	Sire Gy be earl sente his sonde			
	To be holi man Alquin			
	And seide: '[I]2 grete be wel, fader myn,		52	and
	And preie be for godes loue,			begged
	pat us alle sit aboue,			
	hat bu wole, par charite			
	And in amendement of me,		56	
1	Make me a god sarmoun			a sermon,
	And don hit write in lesczoun:			
	pat were my ioye and my delit			to free his
	And to my soule a gret profyt;		60	soul from the
	For be world burw his foule gile			world's guile.
	Hab me lad to longe while.			
	per-of i wole consail take,			
	Hu i mihte þe world forsake.'		64	
1	Alquin be eorl bo answerede,			Alquin'
	And Iesu Crist ful 3erne he heriede,			with joy
	pat swich a wit was comen him to			
	And seide: 'His preie i wole do.'		68	granted Guy's prayer,
	'And, [sethen] i shal be pi leche,			Guy s prayer,
	Aller furst i wole be teche,			and preached
	Faire uertuz for to <sup>3</sup> take			of fair virtues
	And foule pewes to forsake.		72	
1	pat maitou noht don, leue broper,			vices.

48 kepen] wyten D. qued] dede D. 49 On] Vpon H<sub>2</sub>. 51 pe] pat R. Alquin] sire alquyn A<sub>2</sub>D, firere Alquyne H<sub>2</sub>. 52 wel] om. H<sub>2</sub>. 53 And] I A<sub>2</sub>, anon I D. 54 us] ouyr vs H<sub>2</sub>. 55 and 56 are omitted in A<sub>2</sub>. 55 par] for H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 57 Make me] Doo me make H<sub>2</sub>. 58 don hit write] write hit R. lesczoun] a lessoun DR. 59 were] where D. my ioye] ioy A<sub>2</sub>. my delit] grete delyte H<sub>2</sub>. 61 foule] false H<sub>2</sub>. 62 lad] lette H<sub>1</sub>, be lyed H<sub>2</sub>. while] A while H<sub>2</sub>. 63 per-of] per for D. wole] wolde H<sub>2</sub>. 64 pe world] hym H<sub>2</sub>. 65 Alquin] pen Alquyne R. pe corl po] pen to pe erle D, sere Gy sone H<sub>2</sub>, po erle R. 66 And] And swythe H<sub>2</sub>. ful 3erne] ful werun D, om. H<sub>2</sub>. he] om. A<sub>2</sub>D. 68 His] pi A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. i wole] he wold DR. 69 And sethen] and whan A<sub>1</sub>, Sythe that H<sub>2</sub>, & sithen pat R. be] nu ben A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>. pi] his H<sub>1</sub>. 70 Aller] Alpere A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, Erle D. furst] ferest H<sub>1</sub>. wole] schal D. 71 for to] to pe D. 72 foule] lethere H<sub>2</sub>. 73 pat] pis H<sub>1</sub>, pus R. don] om. A<sub>2</sub>, mynn H<sub>2</sub>. 74 Bote] But 3yffe H<sub>2</sub>R. on] o pynge A<sub>2</sub>, pat on D, bothe one R. oper] pat oper D (ope in H<sub>1</sub>).

Bote bu knowe on and oper,

<sup>1</sup> him is above the line in MS.  $A_1$ . MS. D has hys. <sup>2</sup> MS.  $A_1$  omits I. <sup>3</sup> to is above the line in MS.  $A_1$ .

	I shal be now shewe bobe,	
	Whiche bep gode and whiche bep lope; 39	a 76
First,	¶ And at be beste i wole biginne,	
to win grace	be betre grace for to winne.	
he taught the virtues	be uertuz i wole first shewe,	
in order.	Whiche peih bep, alle on rewe.'	80
Wisdom	'Wisdom in godes drede	
shall be thine,	Vse wel, pat be my rede;	
also faith,	Trewe bileue and charite—	
love,	pise sholen bileue wid pe—	84
steadfast hope, meek-	Stedefast hope and micknesse,	
ness, peace, mercy, for-	Pes, merci, and forgifnes,	
giveness, patience,	¶ Loue of herte, ful of pite,	
humility.	pat is verray humilite.	88
	And bu wolt have godes ore,	
	3it þu most vse more,	
Repent!	For pi sinne repentaunce,	
	And redi perfore to don penaunce	92
In penitence	Wid sorwe at pin herte rote,	
confess.	And shrifte of moupe shal be pi bote.	
Give in cha-	In almes dede and charite	
rity to thy life's end.	pi lyf shal euere more be.	96
	¶ pise bep pe pewes, pat i pe teche,	
	Whar-purw pu miht to heuene reche,	
	And so bu miht be world forsake,	
	If pu wolt hem to pe take.'	100
	•	

75 and 76 are transposed in  $A_2$ . 75 be now shewe] shewe to be now  $H_1$ , the shewe nowe hem  $H_2$ . 77 And at] And  $A_2$ , At  $H_1$ . wole] sal D. 79 i wole] pat I wyll  $A_2$ , I sal D, fyrste I wylle  $H_2$ . first] 30w  $H_2$ . shewe] chewe (Before chewe space is left for an s.) D. 80 Whiche] pe wyche D. alle on] now o D, all in  $H_1$ , vppon A  $H_2$ , on a R. 82 be my] I be D, is my R. Between 82 and 83 are the following two lines in  $A_2$  (Cp.  $A_2$  in tl. 140, 141, and 142.):

#### Twey pynggys it wyll be tech Whare porous bou myst to heuen rech

83 bileue] loue R. 84 pise] pey  $H_1$ , pese thre R. bileue] leue D, leeue R. pe] me  $H_2$ . 85 hope] om.  $A_2$ , bop  $H_1$ . 87 ful] and fulle  $H_2$ . 89 And] And 3ef  $A_2DH_1H_2R$ . haue] om. R. ore] lore D. 90 vse] doo welle  $H_2$ . 91 sinne] synne haue D. 92 perfore] pare  $A_2$ . 94 And] Wip  $H_1$ . moupe] mowyt D. shal be pi] to  $A_2$ , with dede D, wyll be pi  $H_2$ . 95 charite] chaste D, in charyte  $H_2$ . 96 lyf] lyffe also  $H_2$ . 97 pewes] vertues  $A_2$ . i] I wil R. 98 Whar-purw] Where with  $H_2$ . reche] Areche  $H_2$ . 99 so] thus  $H_2$ . pu] porow  $H_1$ . miht] mayste  $H_2R$ . 100 wolt hem to] hem wolt to  $A_1$ , wylt heuen to  $A_2$ , wylt pese to D, wylte to thys goodnesse  $H_2$ .

¶ 'Nu i wole nempne¹ þe wicke þewes, þat beþ noht gode, ac muche shrewes,		Base vices.
	10 a	
To strong[e] pine peih wolen pe led[e];		04 lead to pain,
¶ panne is hit god, pat pu shone	•	therefore
To drawe hem into bi wone.		shun
Herkne noupe to me,		
And i hem wole nempne be:	1	08
Pride, wrappe, and enuie,	1	pride, wrath,
Fals ingement and tricherie;		envy, injustice,
Fals witnesse is on of po—		faithlessness, false witness-
•	1	12
Many a soule itt <sup>2</sup> dop ful wo.	1	
Loue noht to muche pis worldes blisse:		Avoid worldliness.
Hit bringep man to pisternesse, <sup>3</sup>		It induces
¶ Auarice and glotonye,		avarice, glut- tony,
Wicke sleupe and leccherie.'	1	16 sloth, lechery.
'Accedie is a wel foul sinne		
To man, $pat$ he may come widinne,		
And, what it is, i wole be wisse,		
Vnderstond, pat pu ne misse:	1	20
¶ Accedie is (as) sleupes broper,		[Acedia], the brother
Wicke on and wicke oper;		of sloth,
Hit is a derne mourning in mod		
And make man anuied to do god.	1	24
Offte purw swiche mourning[e]		attends
Wanhope beginnep for to spring[e],		despair of the mercy of God,

101 wole] sall D. nempne] neuen A<sub>2</sub>D (D has new, but the e is hardly distinguishable from o. There is a break in the parchment before wykyd.) H<sub>1</sub>, telle H<sub>2</sub>, pe nemen R. pe wicke] wykyd A<sub>2</sub>D, pis worldly H<sub>1</sub>, pe othere H<sub>2</sub>. 102 bep noht gode] are swithe R. ac] bot A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, om. R. 103 here] there H<sub>2</sub>. 105 is hit] it is A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>2</sub>, is R. 105 reads in H<sub>1</sub>: perfor loke pou hem shoone. 106 To] For to H<sub>1</sub>R. into] in H<sub>1</sub>. 107 noupe] now A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. to] wele vnto D, bisily to H<sub>1</sub>, Awhyle to H<sub>2</sub>, vnto R. 108 i] om. R. hem wole] wyll hem D, hom I wil R. nempne] schewe A<sub>2</sub>, neuen vnto D, neuen to H<sub>1</sub>. 108 reads in H<sub>2</sub>: And I wylle telle 30w wheche bei bee. 109 enuie] enueny D. 111 and 112 are transposed in H<sub>2</sub>. 112 ful] myche H<sub>1</sub>, full moche H<sub>2</sub>. 113 pis] om. D. 114 Hit] For it DH<sub>1</sub>, bringep] ledip H<sub>1</sub>, many a man A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, men DH<sub>1</sub>, mony R. to] vnto R. pisternesse] theftnese A<sub>2</sub>, dyrkenes DH<sub>1</sub>, Vncerteynnesse H<sub>2</sub>, merkenes R. 116 sleupe] slownes R. 117 wel] ful R. 119 what] om. A<sub>2</sub>. wole] sall D. 120 Vnderstond] vndirstond wel H<sub>1</sub>, Vndyrstonde yt welle H<sub>2</sub>, ne] not R. 121 as] om. A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. sleupes] slownes R. 122 on] is on A<sub>2</sub>R. 123 a] as a A<sub>1</sub>D. 124 And] Hytt H<sub>2</sub>. man] men D. anuied] vnnepe D, fro mynde R. 125 Offte] Welofte H<sub>2</sub>. swiche] swiche wicke A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>R.

The final e is above the line in MS. A<sub>1</sub>.
 MS. A<sub>1</sub> has itc.
 Read pisternisse.

flee sin; do good.

The rewards are mercy

and peace.

through which Judas was lost.	<ul> <li>pat, bote man turne awey perfro,</li> <li>Sauued worp he neuere mo.</li> <li>Wroper hele was Iudas born,</li> <li>For purw pat sinne he was lorn;</li> </ul>	128
Hasten!	Merci he les purw pat sinne, Wher-purw he ne mihte no ioye winne.  Veh man birede him in his sihte To flen pat sinne bi his mihte	132
Flee that sin.	And alle opere pat i haue nempt, If he wole to ioye be dempt.'	136
Hearken to my sermon! Wisdom points two ways to heaven:	erkne now to my sarmoun, What i wole telle in my lesczoun. Wisdom in godes drede, Off which pat i erere seide, Tweie pinges it wole pe teche, Whar-purw pu miht to heuene reche:	De Sa- Pientia.

pat is, lat bi sinne and do god

¶ Ac to late pi sinne al onliche Nis noht inouh, sikerliche. pu most don god forp perwid,2

For his loue, pat deiede on rod;

If bu wolt have merci and grib. 148 127 pat bote] Bot A2H1R, Butt yffe H2. man] a man A2D, men H1. turne] flee H2. 128 work he] worth bei A2, shul he be H1, maye he be H2, bes he R. 129 Wroper hele] In a carful tyme  $H_1$ , With wrope hele  $H_2$ . 130 purw] om. D. lorn] for lorne  $A_2DH_1H_2R$ . 131 purw] for  $A_2$ . 132 ne] om.  $H_1H_2R$ . no loye] heuen  $A_2$ . 133 birede] I rede  $A_2$ , be rede D, be redy R.

144

him] om. R. 133 reads in  $H_1$  and in  $H_2$ : I counsel yche man with al his myste H1.

Euyry man behouythe in hys sy3te H2. 134 flen] flye H<sub>1</sub>. bi] om. H<sub>1</sub>, with H<sub>2</sub>R. his mihte] all his my3t DH<sub>2</sub>R, bop day and nyste H<sub>1</sub>. 135 opere] pe oper DH<sub>2</sub>. haue] here H<sub>1</sub>. nempt] neuen H<sub>1</sub>. 136 he wole] pai wil R. be dempt] idempt D, be demened R. 136 reads in H<sub>1</sub>: If 3e wil come to be blisse of heuen. 137 sarmoun] lessounne H<sub>2</sub>. 138 wole] shall A<sub>2</sub>. telle] say A<sub>2</sub>, be tell D, rede be H<sub>2</sub>. in my lescounne be resounne H<sub>2</sub>. After 138 one line is interpolated in H<sub>2</sub>: Inicium sapiencie timor domini. (Cp. H<sub>2</sub> after l. 4 and A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub> after l. 882.) 140 which] suche H<sub>1</sub>. bal] om. D. evere] here D, ever of H<sub>2</sub>, bifore R. 140 reads in A<sub>2</sub>: Vse wele bat he my rede, (l. 82. Cn. A<sub>2</sub> in variants.) 141 it I DH. A<sub>2</sub>: Vse wele pat be my rede. (l. 82. Cp. A<sub>2</sub> in variants.) 141 it] I DH<sub>2</sub>. 142 reche] Areche H<sub>2</sub>. 143 pat] And pat A<sub>2</sub>. lat] leue A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. pi] om. DR. 144 rod] pe rode D. 145 Ac] And A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>, om. H<sub>2</sub>, But for R. late] leue  $A_2H_1H_2$ , loue R. pi] om. DR. sinne] om. R. al] om.  $A_2H_1H_2$ . (sekerlich has been crossed out before onliche in  $A_2$ .) onliche] onely R. 146 Nis] Es  $DH_1H_2R$ . sikerliche] sikerly R. 148 and] or  $H_1$ . grip] greype D.

<sup>1</sup> Read sede.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Read perwip.

Such sinful ones

168

1	his wonder of many sinful men,		The wicked
	pat pinkep it were muche 1 for hem		
	To have gret worldes honour		
	As londes, rentes, halle, and bour,	152	
	Riche vessel of siluer and gold		
	And grete tresor and faire bold,		value worldly
•	Riche mete and riche drink[e],		possessions
	And litel perfore for to swink[e],	156	
	Hele of bodi in bon and huide,	40 c	
	And gret los of pompe and pride.		and fleeting
	A murie lyf hem pinkep pis were,		glory, but
	But eft hit worp ibouht [ful] 2 dere,	160	earth's joy is
	Quia nihil3 in=felicius, quam	felicitas	bought dear.
	peccatoris.		
	apeles hit may falle wel,		
	pat, bouh man haue muche katel		
	As londes, rentes, and oper god,		
	3it <sup>4</sup> he may be pore of <sup>5</sup> mod	164	
	And low of herte, ful iwis,		
	And halt berof ful litel prys.		

149 pis] pis is  $A_2$ , It es D, Thys ys a  $H_2$ . of many] is of mony R. sinful] om. DH<sub>2</sub>, a synful R. men] man DR. 150 it were] om.  $A_2$ . 152 As] As in D, om.  $H_2$ . 154 grete] oper  $H_1$ . and faire bold] faire and bold  $A_2H_2$ , manyfolde  $H_1$ . 155 2d riche] goode  $H_1$ . 156 litel] lebe D. 157 Hele] Helthe  $H_2$ . in] om.  $A_2$ , and R. huide] hede  $H_1$ . 158 And] om.  $H_2$ . of] also of  $H_2$ . 159 pis] ytte  $H_2R$ . 160 eft] om. D, after  $H_1H_2$ . worp] shal be  $H_1$ , wylle be  $H_2$ , mot be R. ibouht] abought  $A_2D$ , bo3te  $H_1H_2R$ . After 160 are the following two lines in  $H_2$ :

¶ Ac nu i wole speke and rede

Of hem, pat i erere seide,6

Where be thoo pat thynkybe pere vpon I cane nott telle be seynte John

Latin: The Latin text is inserted between 158 and 159 in R. Quia nihil] Qui R. in-felicius] infecelius  $A_2$ , felicius R. felicitas] fecilitas  $A_2$ , vita R. 161 Napeles] Neuer pe lese  $A_2H_2$ , but no po lesse R. falle] be fall  $H_2$ , bifalle R. 162 pat] om.  $H_2R$ . (Space is left for one word in  $H_2$ .) man] a man  $A_2DR$ , men  $H_1$ , summan  $H_2$ . muche] ry3t mochill  $H_2$ . 163 As londes] Londes londes (The second londes is marked for erasure.) D. 165 low] ful lowe DR. full om. DR, fully  $H_1$ , and fulle  $H_2$ . iwis] wyse  $H_2$ . 166 halt] haue  $H_2$ . ful] om.  $A_2H_2R$ . (lytyll is over erasure in  $H_2$ .) 167 and 168 are transposed in D. 167 Ac] And also  $A_2$ , and  $DH_2$ , But  $H_1R$ . nu i wole] now I sal D, I wil now  $H_1$ . and rede] om.  $A_2$ . 168 hem] whum D. erere] are  $A_2D$ , bifore  $H_1R$ , eere of  $H_2$ .

 $^{1}$  muchel is in MS.  $A_{1}$ .  $^{2}$  MS.  $A_{1}$  has wel.  $^{3}$  The MSS. have nichil.  $^{4}$  3it is on the margin before he in MS.  $A_{1}$ .  $^{6}$  Read sede. .

	pat purw here pride and here wil		
are in peril,	beih fallen ofte in gret peril.		
	Seint Austin halt per-mide noht		
	And seip, it shal ben dere bouht,		172
	And skilfulliche it mot be so,		
	For, whan a man hab sinne do,		
and they	Oper he mot hit beten here		
must atone.	Or suffre pine elles where.		176
The gracious	¶ Wole 3e here, what louerede		
love of God	God kudde to <sup>1</sup> hem pat wole <sup>2</sup> him drede?		
	[He wyll hem here hold[e] lowe,		
	For pei schold hym pe better knawe3;]		180
grants chas-	He wole hem chasten wid smale pining		
tenings, anguish,	And maken hem lese pat hote brenning;		
	And many anguisse he wole hem give		
	To suffre here, whiles beih liue,	40 d	184
hunger,	¶ As hunger and burst and trauail strong;		
thirst,	Hij sholen haue euere among		
earthly losses.	Lore of catel and seknesse,4		
These in- crease hea-	And al is to echen here blisse.		188
ven's joys,	Man, if bu (ne) leuest noht me,		

169 here] hyże H<sub>1</sub>. wil] yll (There is an erasure before y.) D. 170 þeih] om. R. 171 halt þer-mide] þare with holdeth (Two letters have been erossed out before holdeth.) A<sub>2</sub>, halde þer with DH<sub>1</sub>, holte þere with ryżt H<sub>2</sub>R. 172 And] He DH<sub>2</sub>. bouht] aboujht A<sub>2</sub>. 173 And] For H<sub>2</sub>. skilfulliche] wilfullyche H<sub>1</sub>. mot] moste H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 174 For] om. H<sub>2</sub>. a man] man A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. sinne do] synn ido DR, mysdo H<sub>1</sub>, A synne doo H<sub>2</sub>. 175 mot hit beten] mot beten D, he motte be beten (One letter has been erased before h.) H<sub>1</sub>, he myste be betyn H<sub>2</sub>. 176 Or] Oper D, Or ellis R. pine] paynes A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 177 3e here] pou here now R. louerede] I rede R. 178 kudde] kyþeþ H<sub>1</sub>R, shewythe H<sub>2</sub>. to] om. R. hem] man D, him H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. wole him] wold hyme A<sub>2</sub>, hym wyll H<sub>2</sub>. 179 and 180 are omitted in A<sub>1</sub>. 179 hem] om. R. here holde] holde here D, hold meke & H<sub>1</sub>, holdyn here full H<sub>2</sub>, holde hom here R. 180 þe] om. H<sub>1</sub>. 180 has the following readings in D and in H<sub>2</sub>:

De better for he sull hym knowe D. The bettyr for bey shulde hym knowe  $H_2$ .

181 and 182 are omitted in  $A_2$ . 181 He wole] om.  $H_2$ . hem] hym  $DH_1$ , om.  $H_2R$ . chasten] kast  $H_1$ , Chastyse hem  $H_2R$ . 182 hem] hym D, hom to R. [at] be  $DH_2$ . 183 And many] A man D, Many an  $H_2$ . hem] hym D. 185 As] om.  $DH_1H_2$ , and R. (And is crossed out before As in  $A_2$ .) 186 Hij] pei  $A_2H_1H_2R$ , he D. haue] suffri  $DH_2$ . 187 Lore] Losse  $A_2H_1H_2R$ . seknesse] stronge syknysse  $H_2$ . 188 And] om.  $H_2$ . al is] all it is  $A_2H_2$ , all D. here] paire ioy and D, beire  $H_1$ . 189 ne] om.  $A_2DH_1H_2R$ . leuest] be leue  $H_2$ .

to is above the line in MS. A<sub>1</sub>.
 Before w one letter has been erased in MS. A<sub>1</sub>.
 Read seknisse.

bu sek aboute, and bu miht se bise holi men alle bidene, How bein liuede in wo and tene. 192 And, if my tale nis noht for-zete,1 panne maitou wel iwite, pat pe worldes blisse is noht, for the world's bliss Whan bu hast abouten souht; 196 is naught. ¶ For, 3if2 a man hab her his wille, Wel lihtliche he may spille. Her i wole noube blinne. Anoper bing i wole biginne 200 Believe in To speke, man, of bi bileue, For hit is god, it<sup>3</sup> wole noht greue. Man, bi bileue shal be so: pat o god is and no mo, 204 one God, pat o god is in vnite, a God in unity and in trinity, bre persones in trinite. ¶ þu shalt, [man], bileue also And treuliche in pin herte do, 208 pat god had neuere biginning without beginning, without end-Ne neuere (ne) shal have ending, ing,

¶ And shappere 4 is of alle shaftes, And zeueb wit in alle craftes,

De Fide.

Creator of all.

212

190 þu sek] Seek H<sub>1</sub>R. þu miht se] by þe se A<sub>2</sub>, bi se D, þou maist see H<sub>1</sub>R, þe besye H<sub>2</sub>. 192 liuede] lybbeþe D. wo] sorowe H<sub>2</sub>. 193 if] if þou R. nis] es DH<sub>1</sub>, þou H<sub>2</sub>, om. R. 194 þanne] Now H<sub>1</sub>. maitou] þou myzt ful D. wel] þo better R. iwite] þerof I wyte H<sub>1</sub>, wete H<sub>2</sub>, witt R. 195 þe] þys H<sub>2</sub>. blisse] wele DH<sub>2</sub>. is] nys A<sub>2</sub>. 196 abouten] all abouten DH<sub>2</sub>, hit thorou R. souht] I sotte H<sub>1</sub>. 197 and 198 are omitted in H<sub>2</sub>. 197 his] all hys D. 198 Wel] Ful DH<sub>1</sub>R. lihtliche] lyztly H<sub>1</sub>R. spille] hys saule spyll D, hymself spylle H<sub>1</sub>. 199 Her i wole nouþe] Here I wyll not A<sub>2</sub>, Now I wil here of H<sub>1</sub>, Of thys now I wolle H<sub>2</sub>, Here I wil a while R. blinne] be kenne (The k is imperfectly formed.) D, belynne H<sub>2</sub>. 200 Anoþer] And oþere A<sub>2</sub>, And anoþer D, And of othyre H<sub>2</sub>. wole] sal D. 201 and 202 are transposed in D. 201 man] more R. 202 it] and DH<sub>1</sub>R. wole] nyl H<sub>1</sub>. 204 is] ther ys H<sub>2</sub>. 204 -206 read in H.: -206 read in H<sub>1</sub>:

> pat per is oo god & no moo De whiche is in persones pree And oo god in trinitee

206 pre] And pre D. 207 man] om.  $A_1A_2R$ , also  $H_1$ . also] here to  $H_1$ . 208 treuliche] trewly  $A_2H_1H_2R$ . do] benk so  $H_1$ , yt doo  $H_2R$ . 209 had] ne hadde  $H_2$ . 210 Ne] Nor  $A_2$ . ne] om.  $A_2DH_1H_2R$ . haue] haue noon  $H_1H_2$ . 211 shaftes] shappes A2. (schaftes is over erasure in D.) 212 3euep] 3if be D, 3ifere of H1, gaffe H2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> One letter has been erased before 3 in MS. A1. 1 Read for3ite. <sup>3</sup> One letter is erased after it in MS.  $A_1$ . 4 re is above the line in MS. A1.

	And made man after his owen face—	
	Nas pat gret loue of heih[e] grace?	
God bestowed	And 3af to man fre power	
freedom of will, but	To chese, bobe fer and ner,	216
	Off god and yuel shed to make,	
	be eucl to late and god to take.	
	Wheiber he wole chese, he hab power	
	burw gifte of god, while he is her;	220
He is not at	panne is hit noht on god ilong,	
fault if man choose the	If man wole chese to don wrong.	
wrong.	¶ Adam was pe forme man,	
-	pat euere singyn bigan,	224
	And pat was god to wite noht,	
bought sin	perfore hit hap ben dere bouht.	
dear.	God 3af him wit as his owen,	
	God and yuel for to knowen,	228
	Ac purw eging of pe fend and Eue	220
	He dede a sinne pat gan him greue.	
For disobe-	¶ Vnboxomnesse was his gilt,	
dience he was thrust from	perfore out of paradys he was [pylt]. <sup>1</sup>	232
paradise, but	Boxomere he was to his wif,	202
	pan to god pat 3af him lyf;	
	And, for he dede after hire lore,	026
	He bouhte hit sippen swipe sore.	236
	¶ His fredom was binomen him al	
	And put in seruage as a pral,	41 b

213 made man] man made  $A_1A_2R$ , shope man  $H_2$ . owen] om.  $H_2$ . 214 Nas pat] Was per D, pat was  $H_1R$ , Was pat not a  $H_2$ . gret] for R. of heihe] and he3e D, of his holy  $H_1$ , of hys  $H_2$ . 215 3af] 3if D. 216 To chese] Of thise  $A_2$ , to these R. 217 Off] And of D, om.  $H_2$ . yuel] of euel D. shed] for  $A_2H_2$ , cheyse D. 218 pe] pat D. late] leue  $A_2DH_1R$ . and] pe  $A_2DR$ . 219 Wheiper] Whiche  $H_1$ , Too whether  $H_2$ . 220 3ifte] might R. 221 is hit] it is  $A_2R$ . on] in  $A_2H_1$ . ilong] a longe  $A_2H_2$ , longe  $DH_1R$ . 222 man] he  $A_2DH_2$ . wole] wollen to D, om.  $H_1$ . 223 forme] first  $A_2H_1R$ , formeste  $H_2$ . 224 pat] In wham  $H_1$ . singyn] first synne  $DH_2$ , ony synne R. 225 wite] wyte ryste  $H_2$ . 226 hit] he D. hab] was ful R. ben] om. DR. bouht] a boust  $A_2D$ . 227 his] is  $DH_2$ . 228 yuel] wicke R. 229 Ac] And  $A_2DH_1R$ , om.  $H_2$ . purw] Thorowe pe  $H_2R$ . Eue] of eue D. 230 a] om.  $H_1$ . gan him] was ful D, dide hym  $H_1H_2R$ . 232 he was] was he R. pylt] om.  $A_1$ , put D. 233 Boxomere] Buxom more D, Moore boxum  $H_1$ . 235 for] for pat R. hire] beyre  $H_1$ . 236 bouhte hit] abouste D. sibpen] afterworde  $H_1$ , aftyr  $H_2$ . swipe] ful  $H_1$ . 237 binomen him] bimonie hym  $H_1$ , fro hym tane R. 238 in] to D.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> pylt is supplied from MS.  $A_2$ . was is the last word of the line in MS.  $A_1$ . gilt seems a deeper black than what precedes, suggesting that it may have been added later.

9	Noht one he, bute alle po		
	pat of him comen for euere mo.	240	
	Ac for hit was purw gile don,		
	God 3af his pite per-vpon,		God's pity
	And eke for love $pat$ he hade		and love saved man- kind.
	To man, pat he himselue made,	244	KIIIU.
	To sauue man, man he bicam,		God became
	And pine for hem to him he nam,		man,
	And 3af for hem his herte blod,		and shed His
	And deiede for hem on pe rod.	248	heart's blood on the cross,
. 9	Ibiried he was, in toumbe he lay,		died, was buried,
	Til hit com þe þridde day;		
	Vp he ros pe pridde day		rose the third day,
	From dep to line wid-oute nay;	252	and,
	To heuene he steih purw his mihte,		ascended into
	Riht in-to his faderes sihte,	*	heaven,
	And sit on his faderes riht[e] side,		sits at His Father's
	pe grete dom for to abide.	256	right hand.
	pider he wole come on domesday,		On Dooms-
	Cruwel and sterne wid-oute nay,		day.
¶	He pat was woned to be		
	Meke as a lomb, ful of pite:	260	
	peder he wole lihten adoun		He will come to earth to
	Wrapfful and sterne as a lioun.		judge with- out mercy.
	Merci nele he shewe non,		,

239 one] only  $A_2DH_2R$ , oonlyche  $H_1$ . alle] also al  $H_1$ . 240 for euere] euer  $A_2DH_2$ . 241 Ac] And  $A_2D$ , But  $H_1H_2R$ . purw] for R. don] idon D. 242 God 3ai] Almyyty god had  $H_1$ , God had R. his] hym D, om.  $H_1R$ . 243 eke] also  $H_1H_2$ . for] for pe  $A_2H_2$ . 244 man] monkynde R. he] hem D. himselue] om. R. 245 To sauue man] To saue hym pan  $H_1$ , Man to saue  $H_2$ . man he] he man  $H_2$ . 246 pine] peyne & passion  $H_1$ , grete peyne  $H_2$ , pyne grete R. hem] man  $A_2H_2$ , hym R. to him] om.  $A_2H_1H_2R$ . 247 And] He  $H_2$ . hem] man  $H_2$ , hym R. 248 And] And pus  $H_1$ , om. R. deiede] with harde deth R. for hem] om.  $H_1R$ , for man  $H_2$ . on] opon  $A_2DH_1H_2R$ . 249 Ibiried] Biryed  $H_1H_2R$ . 250 Til hit com] Tyll it came to  $A_2H_2$ , Forto com D. 251 and 252 are omitted in  $H_2$ . 251 reads in  $A_2$ : And rose for soth als I 3ow say. 254 Riht] Ful ry3t  $H_1$ , om.  $H_2$ . in-to] to D. faderes] awne fader D, ffadyrys ryche  $H_2$ . 255 And sit] bere he sittip  $H_1$ . 256 for] om. R. 257 pider] Hedere  $A_2$ , And hedyr  $H_2$ , om. R. he wole] shall  $H_2$ . on] at  $DH_2$ , sithen on R. 258 wid-oute nay] for sope too saye  $H_2$ . 259 pat] put afore  $H_2$ . woned] woned merciful  $H_1$ . 260 a] om.  $H_1H_2R$ . 261 and 262 are omitted in  $A_2$ . 261 peder] per  $DH_1$ , Hedyr  $H_2$ , bere pen R. lihten] pane lyste  $H_2$ . adoun] downe  $H_2$ . 262 and] om. R. a] ony  $H_2$ . 263 nele] pan wyll  $H_2$ , wil R.

	¶ Ac, riht after þat man haþ don,	264
	He shal fonge his iugement 41 c	
	To ioye or to strong turment.	
	¶ Allas! what sholen hij onne take,	
Those who	pat wolden [here] her god forsake <sup>1</sup>	268
forsook God	purw sinne of fles[c]h[ly]2 liking,	
	And wolde hit bete wid no pining?	
shall be driven	per-fore peih sholen in-to helle,	
ariven	Wheiper peih wolen, or peih nelle,	272
	And pere bileue[n] euere mo,	
to hell.	In [as] strong pine as men may do.	
	Seint Austin spekep of alle swiche	
	And sei $lat$ wordes [ful] reuliche:	276
The wicked	Mabent mortem sine morte	
in hell	et finem mortis sine fine.	
shall suffer	¶"[aij sholen haue deb wid-oute deiing	
death without dying,	I'i sholen have dep wid-oute deiing And point of dep wid-outen ending;'	
	Here dep hij sholen wilnen euere,	
divers ago-	Ac to ende of dep comen hij neuere;	280
nies,	Hij sholen euere more duire	
sharp pain	In stronge pine of hote fire.	
of fire;	Her i wole nouțe dwelle,	
	And of mur[y]ere <sup>3</sup> pinge [i wole] 30u telle.	284

264 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R, And D. pat] om. A<sub>2</sub>. man hap] men haue H<sub>3</sub>. 265 He shal] They shulle pan H<sub>2</sub>, pai shal R. fonge] a fonge D, take H<sub>2</sub>R. his] om. A<sub>2</sub>, here H<sub>2</sub>R. iugement] verament (MS. indistinct) A<sub>2</sub>. 266 or to] or els H<sub>1</sub>. turment] tournement DH<sub>2</sub>. 267 what] how A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. hij] pei A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. onne] pan on H<sub>2</sub>. 268 here her god] her god A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>DR, here god here H<sub>1</sub>, here here lorde H<sub>2</sub>. 269 of] of here H<sub>1</sub>. 271 sholen] shulle go H<sub>1</sub>, shul wende R. into] til R. 272 or peih] or A<sub>2</sub>. 272 is omitted in R. In its place is the following line: nyl bai wil pai pere to dwelle. 273 bilenen] be leuyn H<sub>2</sub>. euere] for euer H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 274 as] also A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>, om. DR, als H<sub>1</sub>. strong] strounger H<sub>1</sub>. as] om. R. men] man A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, fend H<sub>1</sub>, om. R. may do] & eke in woo R. 275 Austin] poul A<sub>2</sub>, austyn he H<sub>2</sub>. 276 ful reuliche] reuliche A<sub>1</sub>D, rewefullich A<sub>2</sub>. Latin: Through defacement of the page 'fine' is vanting in A<sub>2</sub>. et] om. D. fine] morte H<sub>1</sub>. 277 hij] pei A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. wilnen] wyll A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R, welny D, feel H<sub>1</sub>. 280 Ac] For A<sub>2</sub>, And DH<sub>2</sub>, But H<sub>1</sub>R. ende] pe ende H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. hij] pei A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 281 Hij] pei A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. duire] pere endure H<sub>2</sub>. 282 In] In pe H<sub>2</sub>. hote] hell A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 283 Her] Herof H<sub>1</sub>. i wole] sal I D. noupe] a whill A<sub>2</sub> (before I wil) R, now D. 283 reads in H<sub>2</sub>: [N]ow of pis tale I wylle dwelle. (A blank space has been left for a large N.) 284 muryere] a myrrier R. i wole 3ou] 3ou A<sub>1</sub>R, om. D, I wil H<sub>1</sub>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 268 is written twice in MS. A<sub>1</sub>. The second time it is crossed out.

<sup>2</sup> MS. A<sub>1</sub> has fleshes.

<sup>3</sup> MS. A<sub>1</sub> murszere.

The Blisses of Heaven

Tellen i wole ful iwis
Off pe ioyes of paradys,
Whiche godes children, pat gode be,
Sholen haue and ise;
Ac, pouh i hadde in my bayli[e]
pe wit of alle clergy[e],

Milite hit neuere so bifalle,
pat i milite telle[n] alle.
Ac, also god 3if me grace,
I shal 3ou shewe in pis place,
What ioie peih sholen han ifere,
pat seruen god on eorpe here.
Whan peih sholen parten henne,
Ful wel peih sholen here weie kenne
Riht to pe blisse of paradys,
pat god hap 3arked to alle his.

¶ pere is euere ioye inouh
And euere riht widouten wouh,
Wit and kunning and kointise,
And trewe loue widou[t]¹ feintise,
Streinpe inouh and fairnesse,
And liht wid-oute pisternesse.
pere sholen peih noht ben agilt,
[For] al here wille shal ben fulfilt:
Hij sholen haue, mid iwisse,

15 At a control of the control of th

shall know their way to paradise,

> there to dwell in joy amid justice,

304 love, beauty, and light.

308

285 Tellen] Telle 30w H<sub>2</sub>. wole] sal D. ful] ry3t now A<sub>2</sub>, om. D, su[m]-what H<sub>1</sub>, sone H<sub>2</sub>, now forthe R. 287 Whiche] po whiche R. 288 haue] pat joye haue H<sub>2</sub>. ise] eke see H<sub>1</sub>, ytt see H<sub>2</sub>, al so sene R. 289 Ac] For A<sub>2</sub>, And DR, But H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, pouh] and H<sub>1</sub>, of R. hadde] haue D. 290 alle] al maner H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 291 Mihte hit] sit my3t it H<sub>1</sub>, Ne my3t ytt H<sub>2</sub>, hit might R. neuerel not H<sub>1</sub>. 292 tellen] telle 30w halffe ne H<sub>2</sub>, thorouly telle hom R. 293 Ac] And A<sub>2</sub>, om. D, But sit H<sub>1</sub>, Butt H<sub>2</sub>R. also] as H<sub>1</sub>R. 3if] wol 3yf DH<sub>1</sub>R. 294 shal] wylle H<sub>2</sub>. 295—300 are omitted in H<sub>2</sub>. 295 ifere] in fere DH<sub>1</sub>R. 296 on] in A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>. 297 Whan] When pat R. parten] departen A<sub>2</sub>, perty D. henne] hethen R. 298 here] pair D. 299 to pe] in to A<sub>2</sub>, to D. 300 pat] Whiche H<sub>1</sub>. 3arked] made A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>. 301 euere ioye] joye euere H<sub>2</sub>. 302 wouh yow (possibly for wow of DH<sub>2</sub>) H<sub>1</sub>. 303 and 304 are transposed in D. 303 kointise] qweyntise A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>2</sub>. 304 And] om. H<sub>2</sub>, A'R. 305 and 306 are omitted in H<sub>2</sub>. 305 Streinpe] pere is strenkpe H<sub>1</sub>. 306 pisternesse] dirkenese A<sub>2</sub>D, ony derknes H<sub>1</sub>, merkenes R. 307 noht ben] fynde no A<sub>2</sub>, haue no R. agilt] gylt A<sub>2</sub>R, I guilde D. 308 For al] al A<sub>1</sub>, For DH<sub>2</sub>. here] paire DH<sub>2</sub>. 309 and 310 are omitted in H<sub>2</sub>. 309 Hij] pei A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>R. mid] mende D, with a H<sub>1</sub>, her with R. iwisse] Wisshe H<sub>1</sub>.

	Fulle ioye and fulle blisse,	
There poor	¶ Bobe be pore and be riche,	
and rich to- gether,	Ac, wete pu wel, noht alle iliche.	312
each hath his	Euerich shal haue his woni3[i]ng	
dwelling, after his own	Riht after his owen deseruing;	
deserving.	Ac lat hit noht come in pi pouht,	
	pat any of hem shal wanten ouht,	316
The least in God's king-	For he pat hap lest in pat woniing 1	
dom hath perfect joy.	Hap fulle ioye ouer alle ping.	
periect joy.	¶ perfore, man, in al pi miht,	
,	bu loue wel god bi day and niht:	2 a 320
	$\P$ be inwardlichere bu louest him her,	
	pe more shal ben pi ioye per.	
	Herkne nu alle to me,	
Love	For i wole speken of charite.	324 De uera Caritate.
	Off alle uertuz hit is hext,	Carnate.
is well pleas- ing to God.	And godes wille hit is next.	
ing to dou.	3if bu wolt wite [what] hit be,	
	Herkne, and i wole telle pe:	328
Then love God well,	Hit is, loue god ouer alle ping,	
dou wen,	In pouht, in dede, and in speking.	
and	And, if pu wolt euere come perto,	
	An-oper ping bu most do:	332
love thy fellow-man,	pu most loue, hu-so hit be,	
TOHOW -mail;	pin emcristene forp wid pe.	
	¶ Man, woltou make a god prouing,	
310 Fpll	el Ful of D. Al maner H., fullel ful of D. al maner H.	911 Robe

310 Fulle] Ful of D, Al maner H<sub>1</sub>. fulle] ful of D, al maner H<sub>1</sub>. 311 Bope pe] Bope A<sub>2</sub>. pe] eke A<sub>2</sub>, eke the H<sub>2</sub>. 312 Ac] For A<sub>2</sub>, and DH<sub>1</sub>, But H<sub>2</sub>R. pu] it D, pou it H<sub>1</sub>. wel noht] wel and naugt D, wil no3 H<sub>1</sub>, wil not R. alle] om. A<sub>2</sub>. iliche] elich A<sub>2</sub>, in lyche H<sub>2</sub>. 313 Euerich] Euere he A<sub>2</sub>, For eueryche H<sub>2</sub>, Ilkone R. 314 owen] om. H<sub>2</sub>. 315 Ac] And A<sub>2</sub>D, But H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. lat hit noht come] trow pou wel R. 316 any] non R. 317 he pat] who so R. 318 Hap] He hathe H<sub>2</sub>R. ouer] of A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, in DH<sub>2</sub>. 319 in] with A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 320 pu] om. DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. wel god] god wel R. bi] om. D. 321 pe] pe more A<sub>2</sub>. For so D, For the more pat H<sub>2</sub>. inwardlichere] inwordelich A<sub>2</sub>D, om. H<sub>2</sub>. Between 322 and 323 is interpolated in H<sub>2</sub>: Deleccio es proximi. 323 alle] om. A<sub>2</sub>. 323 reads in H<sub>2</sub>: Herken now my ffrende so free. 324 wole] sal now D. of] om. D. 325 hext] po hext R. 326 godes wille] at goddys wyll pane (The page is worn, so that the line is nearly crased.) A<sub>2</sub>. 327 wite] om. DH<sub>2</sub>. what] hu A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>. be] may be R. 328 Herken & I wil telle pe H<sub>1</sub>R. wole] sall D. 328 reads in H<sub>2</sub>: Sytte nowe stylle & herken me. 329 Hit is loue] Loue welle H<sub>2</sub>. 330 in dede] & dede H<sub>1</sub>R. and] om. A<sub>2</sub>D. 331 euere] om. A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 332 Ano)er] Ano oper D. ping] om. H<sub>2</sub>. pu] pe R. most] myste nedys H<sub>2</sub>. 334 emcristene] euene crystenn A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R, enemy H<sub>1</sub>. forp] ry3t euen H<sub>1</sub>. 335 Man] pan D. god] om. H<sub>2</sub>.

<sup>1</sup> wonjjng in MS.  $A_1$ .

	Wher pu loue pe heuene king?	336	
	If bu louest god ful iwis,		
	bu [wolt] louen alle his.		so that
	Si non diligis proximum tuum,		
	quem uides, deum quem non		
	uides, quomodo potes diligere?1		
	For men seip sop, bi wit[te] myne:		
	'Whoso louep me, he louep myne.'	340	thou mayst see God.
	'But þu loue [þyn em] 2 cristene þat bi þe be,		soc dott.
	pat alday [pou] mait hem ise,		
	Hou maitou loue god, i ne can deuise,		
	Whom bu miht sen on none wyse!'	344	
I	pis seip sein Powel and berep witnesse,		
	As he may wel in sop[e]nesse. 42 b		
	Abraham him sauh, ac þu [nost] noht hou!		Abraham saw God
	Herkne, i wole be telle nowh:	348	God
I	pe fourme of pre children he mette,		in the person of three
	pre he sauh, and (as) on he (hem) grette;		angels,
	In tokne it was, i telle pe,		betokening the Holy
	Off pe holi trinite.	352	Trinity.

336 Wher] Whehere  $A_2D$ , If  $H_1H_2R$ . pe] om.  $A_2$ . 337 If] For yffe  $H_2$ . full filly  $H_1$ , om.  $H_2$ , wel R. 338 wolt] most  $A_1$ , myste nedys  $H_2$ . his] hat is hisse R. Latin: The passage is omitted here and is inserted between 345 and 346 in D. diligis] deliges  $A_2H_1$ . uides] to vides  $H_2$ . deum] om.  $H_2$ . quem non vides' is inserted after 'deligere' in  $H_2$ . quomodo] commodo  $A_1$ , quoniam  $A_2DH_1H_2$ . pots diligere] diligere potes D, potes dilegere  $A_2H_1$ . 339 For men] Man  $H_1$ , Men R. sol] and sol D, sol for  $H_1$ . 339 reads in  $H_2$ : In the gospelle I seye 30w be ryme. 340 Whoso] He hat  $H_2$ . myne] alle myne  $H_2$ , my hyne R. 341 But] But yffe  $H_2$ . em cristene] cristene  $A_1$ , euene crysten  $A_2H_2R$ , nestbore  $H_1$ . hat bi he be] hat by be he D, hat dewllip he by  $H_1$ , be he  $H_2$ , hat is by he R. 342 is omitted in D. 342 alday] on. R. hou] om.  $A_1R$ . mait] mast  $A_2$ . hem] al day with eghen R. ise] se  $A_2R$ . 342 has the following readings in  $H_1$  and in  $H_2$ :

Whom pou maiste see eche day wip yeze  $H_1$ . That aldaye wythe hem mayste speke & see  $H_2$ .

343 maitou] mast bou  $A_2$ , schuldest D, myxte bou  $H_1$ , bou R. ne can] can nou3t  $A_2H_1H_2R$ . 344 Whom] That  $H_1$ . miht] may not  $A_2H_1H_2$ , mait DR. on] in  $A_2DH_1H_2$ . 345 pis] Thus  $H_2$ . seip sein Powel] saint poul saip  $H_1$ , seybe poule  $H_2R$ . 346 As] Also  $A_2$ , Soo  $H_2$ . wel] om. D. in] in be boke of  $H_2$ . 347 him] om. R. ac] for  $A_2$ , om. D, but  $H_1H_2R$ .  $H_2$  pul he  $H_2$ . nost] om.  $A_1$ , ne wost  $A_2$ , woste  $H_2$ , not wist  $H_2$ . nohl] om.  $H_2$  and  $H_3$  well  $H_3$  and  $H_4$  be telle] tell be  $H_4$  be  $H_4$  and  $H_4$  and  $H_4$  pre] om.  $H_4$  and  $H_4$  and  $H_4$  pre] om.  $H_4$  pre

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. A<sub>1</sub> has dilegere. <sup>2</sup> MS. A<sub>1</sub> has pe. <sup>3</sup> MS. A<sub>1</sub> omits pou. SPEC. WAR. <sup>C</sup>

	¶ Holliche as¹ on he grette hem pere	
	In tokne of $^2$ o god, pat hij were.	
Moses saw God	Hu Moyses him sauh, woltou here,	
God	In fourme of a bush alon fire, <sup>3</sup>	356
	At be mount of Synay bi olde dawe,	
	par god him 3af þe firste lawe?	
in the bush,	¶ Al on fire be bush was,	
burning but not con- sumed,	And ibrent noping it nas:	360
sumen,	pere shewede god his grete miht	
	And himself in pat ilke sihte.	
symbol of the	¶ pat bush bitoknep vre leuedi,	
pure maiden- hood of Mary.	Hire clene maiden-hed witerli;	364
	For hit was euere iliche clene,	
	[Ne] <sup>4</sup> mihtte hit noht be wemmed ene.	
	Hete of flesh ne mihte hire wemme,	
	No more pan pe bush mihte brenne.	368
Others have	And many anoper him iseih	
seen God,	And wid [him] spak, pat was him neih,	
but no man	¶ But noht alone in his godhede,	
hath seen Him in His	Ac i-meind wid pe manhede;	372
Divinity	For, sikerliche i telle pe,	
	Man ne sauh neu <i>ere</i> his deite	

353 as on] om. A<sub>2</sub>, as D, all oon H<sub>2</sub>. grette] sawe A<sub>2</sub>. hem] hym D, om. H<sub>2</sub>. 354 tokne] tokenyng A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. o] om. A<sub>2</sub>. hij] þei A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 355 him sauh] says now D, sawe hym H<sub>2</sub>R. here] now lere R. 356 of] al of D. on] of D, on a R. 357 and 358 are omitted in H<sub>2</sub>. 357 At] And in H<sub>1</sub>. 358 him 3af] 3af hym A<sub>2</sub>, 3af H<sub>1</sub>. 359 on] of D. was] ytt was H<sub>2</sub>. 360 And] but R. ibrent] ebrynde A<sub>2</sub>, brente H<sub>2</sub>R. it nas] nas D, for soþe yt nas H<sub>2</sub>, bo buske nas R. 361 grete] meche H<sub>2</sub>. 362 And] In D. þat ilke] þulke D, þat H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. 363 þat] þe A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. bush] boys D. bitokne] be tokenes of D, bi tokened H<sub>1</sub>, tokend R. vre] one R. 364 Hire clene] In here H<sub>2</sub>, with hir clene R. witerli] sykerly DR. 365 euere iliche clene] ilyche clene euere H<sub>2</sub>. 366 hit] þer H<sub>1</sub>. noht] om. A<sub>2</sub>. be wemmed ene] ony wemme bene H<sub>1</sub>, be wemmyd neuere H<sub>2</sub>, I nemed bene R (wemedene in A<sub>2</sub>). 367 Hete of] he D. ne] om. R. hire] yt H<sub>2</sub>, hir not R. wemme] warme H<sub>1</sub>. 368 No] Ne D. þan] might R. mihel did H<sub>1</sub>, om. R. brenne] burne H<sub>1</sub>. 369 anoþer] oþer H<sub>1</sub>. him] that hym H<sub>2</sub>. iseih] saiþe A<sub>2</sub>, say DH<sub>2</sub>, did sey H<sub>1</sub>, seghe R. 370 wid him spak] wid spak A<sub>1</sub>, spake with hym A<sub>2</sub>, spake hym with R. þat] and D. 371 But noht] and D. alone] al on H<sub>1</sub>, onely R. 372 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. i-meind] I menged A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>; imed D, it was mayned H<sub>1</sub>, mynged R. þe] his H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 373 For sikerliche] Sekyrly as H<sub>2</sub>. telle] tell it D, now telle ytt H<sub>2</sub>. 374 Man ne sauh] Man sawe DH<sub>2</sub> R, þou mayst se H<sub>1</sub>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> liche a is over erasure in MS.  $A_1$ .

<sup>2</sup> ne o is over erasure in MS.  $A_1$ .

<sup>3</sup> Read fere.

<sup>4</sup> MS.  $A_1$  omits Ne.

9	Bodiliche on eorpe her,	42 c		here on earth.
	He mihte noht, it is so cler.		376	
	And, if bu wolt witen hou,			
	Herkne, i wole be telle now;			
	For so heih a ping is pe god-hede,			
	per-of to speke it is drede.		380	
	God is so clene and so cler a ping,			
	pat heuene and erpe he1 zeuep shining,			
	And sunne and mone and sterren breme,			
	Off him beih han al here leme.		384	
9	bu sext, man, wel aperteliche,			
	pat be sunne hab brihtnesse muche,2			
	And, bouh he sitte so wonder heie,			
	Hit greueb euere mannes eize,		<b>3</b> 88	We may not
	Inwardliche on hire to se			gaze on the sun.
	For hire grete clerte.			
	Nu, for-sope i telle pe-			
	And sikerliche lef þu me—		392	
	pat god, pat 3af pe sunne his liht,			God, its source, hath
	Is swich an hundred [sipe] so briht.			hundred-fold its brilliancy.
9	Man, mihte hit euere panne be,			Can human
	pat bodilich eize mihte him se		396	behold that
	Here on eorpe,—pe godhede?			glory?

375 Bodiliche] With bodily ey3e H<sub>1</sub>, Godlyche H<sub>2</sub>, Bodily R. on] in R. eorpe] herth D. 376 He mihte noht] Whilest pou art on lyue H<sub>1</sub>, men might not R. 376 reads in D: No may noman haue pat power. 377 witen] I wyte D. hou] now R. 378 Herkne] Herken and H<sub>1</sub>R. wole] sal D. pe telle] telle pe H<sub>1</sub>, telle 30w R. now] om. R. 378 reads in H<sub>2</sub>: Sytte nowe stylle & herkenype nowe. 379 For] Ahd D, om. H<sub>1</sub>. a ping] ys H<sub>2</sub>, ping R. pel his A<sub>2</sub>. 380 per-of to speke] pat to speke per of D. drede] no drede H<sub>1</sub>, grete drede H<sub>2</sub>R. 381 clene and so] om. A<sub>2</sub>, cler and D, clere and so H<sub>2</sub>. cler] clene DH<sub>2</sub>. 382 he] it D, om. H<sub>2</sub>. 383 And] om. H<sub>2</sub>. breme] beme DR. 384 here] paire D. 385 man wel] wele man D, man here H<sub>1</sub>, man H<sub>2</sub> R. 387 And] om. A<sub>2</sub>, pouh] om. R. he] it A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>, sitte] schyne D, is sett R. so] neuer so A<sub>2</sub>, om. DH<sub>1</sub>. 388 Hit] 3it it A<sub>2</sub>: euere] om. A<sub>2</sub>R, euereche D, euere a H<sub>1</sub>. mannes] bodyly D. 389 Inwardliche] Inwardly H<sub>2</sub>R. on] vppe to H<sub>2</sub>. hire] om. A<sub>2</sub>, hit R. 390 hire] his R. grete] moche H<sub>2</sub>. clerte] charite R. 391 telle] tell it DH<sub>2</sub>. 392 sikerliche] sekyrly H<sub>2</sub>R. et plu pou mayste leue H<sub>1</sub>, be leue H<sub>2</sub>. 393 pat] om. A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 3af] om. A<sub>2</sub>. sunne his] sonnes A<sub>2</sub>, sonn here DH<sub>2</sub>. 394 swich an] seche a D, an H<sub>1</sub>R. hundred] hundreth A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>. sipe] om. A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>D, tyme H<sub>2</sub>. 395 Man] Man how D, perfor man H<sub>1</sub>, how pen R. euere panne] euer so A<sub>2</sub>, euer DH<sub>1</sub>R, pane euere H<sub>2</sub>. 396 bodilich] bodelich with A<sub>3</sub>, boldelyche H<sub>2</sub>, bodily R. eige] om. H<sub>1</sub>. him] euer D, hym euer H<sub>1</sub>, om. H<sub>2</sub>. 397 on] in H<sub>2</sub>. pel in his H<sub>1</sub>.

<sup>1</sup> One letter has been erased after he in MS. A1. 2 Read miche.

	Nay, noman milite don pat dede:	
	pat is preued and ishewed	100
	Bope to lered and to lewed.	400
	panne maitou penke : 'Hu mai pis be?	
	Ne shal no man god ise?'	
Yes, yes,	¶ 3us, 3us, bi my leaute!	
	Herkne, and i wole telle þe:	404
	3if þu wolt sen i $n$ þi siht	
	God of heuene, pat is so briht,—	42 d
	¶ Vnderstond nu what i mene—	
the undefiled	'pu most ben of herte clene,'	408
	In word, in dede, and in bouht,	
	pat bu ne be ifiled noht;	
	For god self seide in sop[e]nesse—	
	pe godspel perof berep witnesse:	412
shall see the infinite God	Beati mundo2 corde, quoniam ip.	si deum
of Heaven	uidebunt.	
	þis is to seie, i telle þe:	
	'pe clene of herte, blessed peih be;'	
	For, at be heie dom sikerliche	
	'peih sholen se god' aperteliche,	416
	In his godhede and in his blisse,	
and shall	Off which beih sholen neuere misse.	
hearken to	¶ panne sholen peih here, herkne noupe,	
summons,-	A blisful word of godes moupe,	420
	at printer word or godes moupe,	140

398 Nay] om. DH<sub>2</sub>. 399 pat] and pat R. preued] I proued  $\Lambda_2$ , proued wele DH<sub>2</sub>: ishewed] schewed DH<sub>2</sub>R, wel shewede H<sub>1</sub>. 400 lered and] lerned and eke H<sub>1</sub>. 401 panne] How D. (How is crossed out before pane in  $\Lambda_2$ . pane is above the line.) maitou] maste poue  $\Lambda_2$ , myste pou H<sub>2</sub>. hu] om. DH<sub>1</sub>. mai pis] sal pis D, pis may not H<sub>1</sub>, maye yt H<sub>2</sub>. 402 Ne shal no man] pat noman sal D, pat any man here shul euer H<sub>1</sub>, Shalle ther noman H<sub>2</sub>, ne may no mon R. ise] see  $\Lambda_2$ H<sub>1</sub>R, here se H<sub>2</sub>. 403 and 404 read in H<sub>1</sub>:

#### 3is for sop wip outen ney Herken & here what I wil say

404 wole] sal D. 407—475 are omitted in D. 407 nu] wel H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 408 pu] For pou H<sub>1</sub>. of in H<sub>1</sub>. 409 reads in H<sub>1</sub>: Of worde of dede & of po3te. 410 pat] So pat H<sub>1</sub>. ne] om. H<sub>1</sub>R. ifiled] fyled Λ<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>, fyled right R. 411 self] hym A<sub>2</sub>, him self H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub> (following sayed) R. seide] saipe Λ<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>H<sub>2</sub>. 412 pe] and pe R. 413 pis] pat A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R. telle] telle yt H<sub>2</sub>. 414 pe] Λl H<sub>1</sub>R. peih] om. H<sub>2</sub>. 415 heie] daye of H<sub>2</sub>, grete R. sikerliche] sekyrly H<sub>2</sub>. 416 aperteliche] apertely H<sub>2</sub>. 418 Off] po R. 419 panne sholen peih] That shulle 3e H<sub>2</sub>. here] om. A<sub>2</sub>. herkne noupe] wip here ere H<sub>1</sub>, pat bene couthe R. 420 godes moupe] god pere H<sub>1</sub>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. A<sub>1</sub> has berep perof.

	[Which shal not be to hem vncowbe,			
	For god shal sey it with his mowbe:			
	Venite, benedicti' patris mei.]			
	'Comep, mine blessede fere,			Come, be-
	pat my fader beb leue and dere!		424	dear to my Father!
	In-to my blisse 3e sholen wende,			In my bliss dwell ever-
	pat lastep euere wid-outen ende,			more.
	And euere more per to wone			
	Wid be fader, and wid be sone,	•	428	
	And wid be holi gost in vnite,			
	pat is be holi trinite.'			
91	'And [3e],2 cursede gostes, gob anon,			The doomed souls,
	pat sholen ben dampned euerichon!'		432	oouis,
	pere hij sholen him sen also,			
	Ac al shal ben for here wo;			
	For toward hem he wole turne			
9	Bope wrapful and eke sterne,		436	
	And namlich to pat cumpaignye	<b>4</b> 3 a		
	pat slowen him purw enuie,			who slew Him with
	And kene nailes driuen ek			cruel nails through
	purw his honden and his fet,		440	hands and feet.
9	And pere peih sholen se sopliche,			shall see the
	His grisli wounden openliche,			wounds they made.
	pat peih deden hemselue make.			maace
	For drede hij sholen panne quake;		444	
	panne wole god to hem seie			His angry voice will
	Wid sterne voiz and wid heie:			command:

421 and 422 are omitted in  $A_1A_2H_2R$ . The Latin is omitted in  $A_1A_2H_2R$ . 423 Come) Comes now R. fere] children in fere  $H_1$ , alle in ffere  $H_2$ , in fere R. 424 pat] pat to  $H_1H_2R$ . leue and] ful  $H_1$ . 426 lastep euere] euir shalle laste  $H_2$ . 428 and wid] and  $H_2$ . 429 And] om.  $H_1$ . 430 pat] whiche  $H_1$ . 431 And] om.  $H_1$ . gol] bere  $H_1$ , om.  $H_2$ . 432 pat] pei  $A_2$ , om.  $H_1$ , 38  $H_2R$ . 433 hij] pei  $A_2H_1H_2R$ . him sen] se hym R. 434 Ac] For  $A_2$ , But  $H_1H_2R$ . al] yt  $H_2$ , pat R. for] to  $A_2$ , al for R. 435 turne] hym turne R. 435—444 are omitted in  $H_2$ . 438 purw] porouz here  $A_2H_1$ . 439 drinen] bey dryuen  $H_1$ . 440 and] and porow  $H_1$ . his fet] fete did hom to seke (pai is on the margin.) R. 441 And] om.  $A_2$ . sopliche] opunlyche  $H_1$ , sothly R. 442 openliche] opunly R. 442 reads in  $H_1$ : Al his woundis sicurliche. 443 hemselue] hym self  $A_2$ . 444 hij] pei  $A_2H_1R$ . (shul pai follow pen in R.) 445 god] he  $H_2$ . 446 and wid heie] and with eye  $A_2$ , withoute neye  $H_1$ , and angry eye  $H_2$ , & grete aie R.

· Accursed		'Corsede gostes, 3e beb me lobe!	
spirits, go! Depart into		Gop anon, gop nu, gope	448
the tortures of hell!	9	In-to be stronge fyr of helle,	
		Euere more per to dwelle,	
Burn eter-		And brenne per in hote fyr! <sup>2</sup>	
nally!		3e seruede non oper her:	$\boldsymbol{452}$
For evermore		Merci is al fro 30u gon,	
		For whij on me hadde 3e non!'	
		He pat nele no merci haue	
		Off him pat dop him merci craue,	456
thou art judged!"		He shal ben iuged, witerli,	
Juagea.		Rihtfulliche wid-oute merci.	
	9	Sein Daui seiþ, if þu wolt loke	
		In a vers of pe <sup>3</sup> sauter boke:	460
		Spera in domino, et fac bonitaten	ı.
Hope in God;		'Hope to god and do god,'	
uo goods		Riht so i hit vnderstod;	
		Ac ydel hope man mai habbe—	
		I sey be sob wid-outen gabbe—	464
		For alone to hope, widoute goddede,	
	1	Is ydel hope, so god me rede.	
		Ac i ne seie noht forpi,	b

De Spe.

447 and 448 have the following readings in  $H_1$  and in  $H_2$ :

3e cursyd gostis fro me gob For to my fadire & me 3e beb ful lob  $H_1$ . Waryed gostys 3e are me lothe Gothe in to sorowe & care bothe  $H_2$ .

449 In-to pe] In to  $A_2R$ , And evene in to  $H_2$ . stronge] stynkynge  $H_1$ , om.  $H_2$ . fyr] payne  $A_2$ , pytte  $H_2$ . 450 Euere more] And euere more  $A_1H_1$ , Withoutyn ende  $H_2$ , for euer more R. per] peire In  $A_2$ , pere for to  $H_1$ . 451 and 452 are omitted in  $H_2$ . 452 3e] for 3e han R. seruede] haue a seruid  $H_1$ . her] hyere  $A_2H_1$ . 453 al fro 3ou] now alle  $H_2$ . gon] I gonne  $H_2$ . 454 whij on] on  $A_2H_2$ . hadde 3e] ne hadde 3e D, 3e haden R. Between 454 and 455 are the following two lines in  $H_2$ :

Whan 30wre power was full welle I sente I nowe of euyry dele

455 nele] wil  $H_1H_2R$ . no] om.  $A_2$ . 456 Off] On R. him pat] hem  $H_1$ . dop him] dop  $A_2H_2$ , wolde hym R. 457 witerli] vtturly  $H_1$ . 458 Rihtfulliche] Skylffulliche  $H_2$ . 459 Sein] For seynt R. 459—814 and the Latin text following are omitted in  $H_2$ . 462 hit] om. R. 463 Ac] For  $A_2$ , But  $H_1R$ . man] a mon R. 464 be] om.  $H_1$ . wid-outen] and not  $H_1$ . 465 and 466 are inserted between 470 and 471 in  $A_2$ . 465 alone to] all on to  $A_2$ , om.  $H_1$ , al onely R. goddede] ony good dede  $H_1$ . 466 rede] spede  $H_1R$ . 467 Ac i ne] For I  $A_2$ , But 3it I  $H_1$ , But I ne R.

<sup>1</sup> nu is above the line in MS, A<sub>1</sub>.
<sup>2</sup> Read fer.
<sup>3</sup> pe is above the line in MS, A<sub>1</sub>.

pouh man be charged, sikerli  ¶ Wid grete sinnes heuie and¹ sore,	468	Though grievous the burden,
He ne shal despeire neuere pe more,		be not in
Ac sopfast hope haue, to winne		despair. Be steadfast.
Godes merci of his sinne	472	
burw shrifte of moupe and repentaunce,		
And redi perfore to don penaunce.		
¶ 3if þu dost þus, bi day and niht,		Daily in con-
Put al <sup>2</sup> pin hope in god almiht,	476	fession and tears,
And tristi hope to him bu haue,	2.0	hope for mercy.
pat he pe wole helpe and saue.		
Herkne, what i wole seie noupe,		
For hit com out of godes moupe:	480	
Thi te in=venio, ibi3 te iudicabo.	200	
'Man, riht þere as i þe finde,		Delay not to
Riht pere i wole pe iuge and binde.'		do good.
Allas, what sholen hij panne do,		
pat be ifounde in sorwe and wo,	484	
pat wolde noht hemselue shriue, <sup>4</sup>	101	
While peih mihte in here liue!	0	
perfore, man, i warne pe:		
Loke, pat pu pe bise,	488	
pat bu be euere redi and gare	100	Be ready.
Out of his world for to fare;		De Teauy.
For siker noman wite ne may,		
Whanne shal ben his ending day.	492	
¶ perfore penk ofte in drede	104	
ii herrore herry orne in areae		

468 þouh man] þou may R. 470 He] 3it R. ne] om.  $\Lambda_2$ DR, shal] shalt þou R. 471 Ac] And  $\Lambda_2$ , But  $H_1$ R. soþfast] stedfast R. haue] om.  $\Lambda_2$  haue þou R. 472 Godes] And cry god  $H_1$ . his] þi R. The MS. continues with 476 in D. 476 in] to D. almiht] of might R. 478 þat] And  $H_1$ . helpe] boþ helpe  $H_1$ . 479 what] þat D. wole] sal D. seie] say þe D, om. R. nouþe] nowe D. 479 reads in  $H_1$ : Loke þis be not to 30w vnkowþe. (Cp. l. 421.) 480 out] om.  $\Lambda_2$ D. Latin: iudicabe] iudico  $\Lambda_2$ R. 482 þere] so D  $H_1$ . wole] sal D. 483 what] how  $\Lambda_2$ . hij] þei  $\Lambda_2$ D $H_1$ R. 484 ifounde] I bounde  $\Lambda_2$ , fon D, confoundid  $H_1$ , founden R. sorwe] synne D. 485 wolde] nold D. hemselue] hem  $\Lambda_2$ . 486 While] þe whyle D. in here] in þeire  $\Lambda_2$ , and were on  $H_1$ . 488 bise] by þe se  $\Lambda_2$ , be se D. 489 rads in  $H_1$  and R: Whilest þou maiste goo & see. þou] þat þou R. 489 þat] Loke  $H_1$ . euere] om. R. 490 þis] om. D. for] forþe D. 491 siker] sikurliche  $H_1$ , sikernes R. ne] om.  $H_1$ R. 493 þenk] haue it  $H_1$ . in drede] I þe reide R.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> and is above the line in MS.  $A_1$ .

<sup>2</sup> al is above the line in MS.  $A_1$ .

<sup>3</sup> One letter has been erased before ibi in MS.  $A_1$ .

<sup>4</sup> 484 and 485 are over erasure in MS.  $A_1$ .

God said:	Off pis word,1 pat god seide:2	
find, I bind.	'pere i pe finde, i wole pe binde:'	
Remember!	Lat ofte pat word ben in pi mynde!	496
	Man, if pu wolt pe world forsake,	43 c
	And Iesu Crist to be take,	
Pray often.	bu most ben ofte in orisoun	
Read.	And in reding of lesczoun.	500 De Scriptura-
In reading, God speaks	Wid us god spekep, whan we rede	rum Lectione.
with us;	Off him and of his goddede,	
in prayer,	And we wid him, ful iwis,	
we speak with God.	Whan we him bisekep pat riht is.	504
Holy Writ	¶ Holi writ is oure myrour,	
where is re- vealed	In whom we sen al vre socour,	
	And, if we hit wolen vnderstonde,	
	her we muwen sen and fonge,	508
knowledge of God.	To have of god be knowelache,3	
dou.	Bope in pouht[e] and in speche.	
	¶ And, if bu wolt have be love	
	Off god, pat is in heuen aboue,	512
	$\mathfrak{p}$ u most ben eu $er$ e i $n$ god acord,	
Seek peace.	In pes and loue, and hate descord,	De Præceptie Pacis.
	And ben aboute wid al pi miht,	Faute.
	To make pes bi day and niht;	516
God hath	¶ For Iesu Crist hit seip ful wel,	
proclaimed a blessing to	As we hit finden in godspel:	
the peace- maker.	Beati pacifici, quoniam filii Di	ei uo=

Beati pacitici, quoniam filii Mei uo= cabuntur.

494 Off pis] pe H1. word] world D. seide] bi fore saide H1. 495 wole] 494 Off pis] pe  $H_1$ . word world D. seide by fore saide  $H_1$ . 495 wole] sal D. 496 pal] pis  $H_1R$ . 497 wolt pe] wylt pen pe (pen blurred)  $A_2$ , om. D, wilt pis  $H_1R$ . 498 And] And to  $DH_1$ . to pe] holy pe D, pe  $H_1$ . take] by take  $H_1$ . 500 And] And eke  $H_1$ . lesczoun] gods lessone R. 501 god spekep] to speke D. 502 goddede] godhede  $A_2H_1$ , blissed dede R. 503 we wid him ful] he with vs spekip  $H_1$ , we with hym R. 504 we] he D. him bisekep] him bysech  $A_2$ , hym bedes D, bi seche him  $H_1R$ . riht] rigtful  $H_1$ . 506 sen] seken  $H_1$ . 507 hit wolen] willen it  $A_2D$ . 507 and 508 read in  $H_1$ :

If we vndirstond it welle pere may we se euery delle.

508 we muwen] may we R. fonge] fonde D, vnderfonde R. 509 knowelache] knowleching R. 510 speche] speking R. 512 god] Iesu R. is in heuen] in heuen sittes R. 513 acord] wille  $H_1$ . 514 and loue] loue D. 514 reads in  $H_1$ : to hate synne bob loude & stille. 516 bi] bob  $H_1$ . 518 hit finden] fynde D. in in pe A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>. Latin: The text is inserted between 522 and 523 in H<sub>1</sub>.

<sup>1</sup> word is corrected from world in MS. A<sub>1</sub>. 3 Read knoweleche.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Read sede.

De Miser

		A sop word hit is and no les:			
		'Iblessed be pat makep pes:'		520	
		Hij ouhten to ben honured alle,			
		For 'godes children men shal hem calle.'			
	9	Man, if bu wolt to me herkny,			
·i-		Nu i wole speken of merci.		524	
•	1	Sop[e]liche, wid-oute fable,	43 d		
		Man, bu most ben merciable.			Be merciful.
		On Iesu Crist benk witerli,			
		Hou he deiede for merci,		528	Christ hath
	9	And al for he wolde merci haue			died
		Off hem pat wolde merci craue;			
		For, ar he deiede in flesh and bon,			
		Merci was per neuere non.		532	
	9	Bi pis ensaumple 3e muwen se,			for our sake,
		Merciable for to be.			example of mercy.
		3if þi neiheboure misdoþ þe,			
		More or lasse wheiper hit be,		536	
		Or in dede, or in vbbreid,			
		Or wid word be hab misseid,			Misdeeds
		And he per-after of-pinkep sore			against thee,
		And per-of criep merci and ore,		540	
		For-3if hit him for godes loue,			forgive for God's love.
		pat us alle sit aboue!			404 5 30 10,
	¶	And, if bu wolt no merci haue			
		Off him pat dop be merci craue,		544	
		Merci getestu neuere non			
		Off trespas, pat pu hast idon;			

519 hit is] is it  $H_1$ . no] not R. 520 Iblessed] Blessed  $H_1R$ . be] be pei  $A_2R$ , be he  $H_1$ . 521 Hij] pei  $A_2DH_1$ , hom R. ouhten to ben] owte be D, shul be  $H_1$ , oow to be R. 523 to me] come  $A_2$  (transposed after herken in R). 524 Nu] om.  $H_1R$ . wole] sal D. speken] speke su[m]what  $H_1$ . merci] mercie to be R. 525 fable] ony fable  $H_1$ . 527 witerli] entereli  $H_1$ . 528 for] only for  $H_1$ . 529 al for] for D. 530 Off] On  $H_1R$ . wolde merci] wyl it mekelyche D, wolde hym mercy R. 533 3e muwen] bou mast  $A_2$ . 534 and 535 are omitted in D. 534 Merciable] Ful merciable  $H_1$ . 535 bi] ony  $H_1$ . misdop] haue misdone to R. 536 lasse] lesse lasse  $H_1$ . hit] so hit R. 537 Or] Ouper  $A_2DH_1R$ . or] ouper D. in] with  $H_1$ , om. R. vbbreid] vnbroid D. 538 Or wid] Ouper with  $A_2$ , Oper in D, Or els with  $H_1$ . be] pat he  $H_1$  (after has in R). misseid] sayde  $H_1$ . 539 of binkeb] for bynkkib  $A_2$ , a benke it D, abynkeb  $H_1$ , forthinkus hit R. 540 crieb] be cry D. 541 For-ziif] Forzeued D. hit] om.  $A_2H_1$ . 543 if] om. R. wolt] nylt D. no] not  $A_2$ . 544 Off] On  $H_1R$ . him] hom R. 545 getestu] gestow  $DH_1$ . 546 Off] Of be  $A_2$ . bu] bi selfe  $H_1$ . idon] done  $A_2DH_1R$ .

	For god it seip in his godspel— pere men may finde it ful wel—  ¶ 'Alswich met as pu metest me,	548
	Alswich i wole mete to be.'	
	[For-geue, bou man, for be loue of me,	552 De Indul- gentia.
	And I wyll for be loue of be.]  Nym god 3eme, man. bu sist	004
	In pi paternoster, what pu bist:	
	Et dimitte nobis debita nostra, sic	ut ,
	et nos etc.	ø
Pray: 'Sweet	þu seist: 'Swete lord, forziue þu me, 44 a	•
God, forgive my guilt,	pat i haue gilt azeines pe,	556
as I forgive.	Riht as i do alle po,	
	pat me hauen ouht misdo.'	
To the cruel	¶ And pu, pat art so cruwel in pouht	
	And wolt to merci herkne noht,	560
	What wole hit $[pe]$ helpe in eny stede	
the pater- noster avail-	pe holi paternoster bede?	
eth nothing.	Noht, if i dar it seie,	
	For azein piself[e] pu dost preie,	564
	¶ And be holi bok of sob[e]nesse	
	per-of berep god witnesse	
	And seip: 'He pat wole no merci haue,	
	On ydel dop he merci craue.'	568

547 For] om. D. it seip] seip it D. his] pe D. 548 men] om. H<sub>1</sub>, mony mon R. ful] om. R. The following text is introduced in R: 'Eadem mensura qua messi fueritis remetietur vobis.' 549 Alswich] Also soch A<sub>2</sub>, Sweche DR. met] mesure H<sub>1</sub>. me] to me D. 550 Alswich] Also soch A<sub>2</sub>, Soche H<sub>1</sub>, right siche R. wole] sal D. to pe] pe A<sub>2</sub>, vnto pe D, azen to pe H<sub>1</sub>. 551 and 552 are omitted in A<sub>1</sub>. 551 pou man] om. D, man H<sub>1</sub>R. 552 wyll] sal D. for pe] for D, for 3if for H<sub>1</sub>. 553 Nym] Take A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>, Take mon R. god 3eme] now gome D, gode hede H<sub>1</sub>. man] per R. pu sist] pat pou sest A<sub>2</sub>, pere pou sittest H<sub>1</sub>, pou saiest R. 554 pi] po R. what] pare A<sub>2</sub>, whan H<sub>1</sub>. bist] bedest A<sub>2</sub> biddest H<sub>1</sub>, prayest R. Latin: etc.] dimittimus etc. A<sub>2</sub>, dimittimus debitoribus nostris DH<sub>1</sub>R. 555 pu] om. R. 556 gilt] trespased H<sub>1</sub>, mysdone R. pe] om. A<sub>2</sub>. 557 as] als D. do] do to DH<sub>1</sub>R. 558 me] to me R. ouht] ony pinge H<sub>1</sub>. 559 And] O D. pat] om. A<sub>2</sub>. in pouht] in py pou3t A<sub>2</sub>, and tou3t D. 560 wolt] nylt D. 561 pe helpe A<sub>1</sub>, helpe pe A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>, stonde R. stede] way H<sub>1</sub>. 562 pe] pi D. bede] for to say H<sub>1</sub>, pof pou hit bidde R. 563 Noht if] Nou3t A<sub>2</sub>, Ry3t no3t H<sub>1</sub>. dar it] dare wele A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>, doist (for dorst) D. seie] say and nay A<sub>2</sub>, say for sooh H<sub>1</sub>. 564 a3ein] a3enste H<sub>1</sub>. dost preie] preyst wip mooh H<sub>1</sub>. 565 And] As A<sub>2</sub>. 566 god] om. A<sub>2</sub>R. 567 wole no] nelt D. 568 On] In D, ful R. dop he] he doth A<sub>2</sub>, may he R.

## En patientia bestra possidebitis animas bestras.

De Patientio

	Houre swete lord in his speche			Our sweet Lord taught
	Hise deciples began to teche			his disciples
$a_{\bullet}$	And bad hem ben of god suffraunce			
	In alle manere destourbaunce.		572	
¶	3if pu art sek in flesh and blod,			In sickness, be meek and
	pu most ben meke and polemod			content.
	And penk[e] pat god it pe sende,			Know that it
	pi seli soule to amende.		576	is to help thy poor soul.
¶	3if bu hast lore of bi catel,			Mourn not
	Bipenk pe panne swipe wel,			loss of pos- sessions.
	pat of pi-self[e] haddestu noht,			Of thyself hadst thou
	But as hit was purw god iwrouht; 3		580	
	And, if god it wole from be take,			gift. What God
	bu ne shalt berfore no gruching make,			hath ordered, must be right.
¶	Ac suffre al godes wille			Be not re- gretful.
	Bope lude and eke stille.	44 b	584	God's will is best.
¶	And, 3if be falleb trauail on honde,			In distress,
	Or pine of bodi, or shame in londe,			grace,
	Off al pis pu most suffraunt be,			be still.
	pouh pe pinke, hit greue pe.		588	
	penk hou Iesu in-to erpe cam,			Remember
	And polede pine and shame for man,			the agony,
	And foule was perto misseid,			the vile words,
	,			

570 began to] he gan to A<sub>2</sub>, he con R. 571 and 572 are transposed in R. 571 And] he R. bad] om. D. 572 alle] every D. destourbaunce] of disturbaunce D, dissese or chaunce H<sub>1</sub>. 573 and] or D. 574 most] salt D. and] om. R. polemod] pole mod A<sub>2</sub>, pole pi mode D, and lowe of mode H<sub>1</sub>, in al pi mode R. 575 it pe] pe it A<sub>2</sub>. 576 to] for to H<sub>1</sub>. 577 lore] lose A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, hire D. pi] om. A<sub>2</sub>. 578 Bipenk] Loke & vmthink R. panne] man H<sub>1</sub>, om. R. 579 haddestu] hast pou (or Last in A<sub>2</sub>) A<sub>2</sub>D, pou haddest hit R. 580 iwrouht] iboust D, wroght R. 581 it wole from pe] wyll it fro pe A<sub>2</sub>R, wil fro pe it H<sub>1</sub>. 582 ne] om. H<sub>1</sub>R. perfore] it per of D. 583 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, And D. 584 Bope] What ever he do bop H<sub>1</sub>. eke] om. H<sub>1</sub>. 587 Off al pis pu most] Of pis pou most D, pou muste in al pis H<sub>1</sub>. suffraunt] suffrand A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub> (before most) R. 588 pouh pe] 3e po3 pou H<sub>1</sub>, pof pou R. 589 Iesu] Iesu Criste D. 590 polede] suffered H<sub>1</sub>, for mon he tholyd R. for man] om. R. 591 was perto] pere was R. 591 and 592 are omitted in H<sub>1</sub>. In their place are the following two lines:

And many a fowle worde sufferd he pere Bop scornyngis and lesinngis on hym pey bere

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  MS.  $A_1$  reads paciena.  $^2$  bitis is written below the line in MS.  $A_1$ .  $^3$  The line is punctuated here with a period in MS.  $A_1$ .

the scorn laid on Christ.	And many a skorn on him leid,	592
He was silent.	Wid-oute gruching he held him stille,	
	And polede hit al wid milde wille,	
	¶ And al¹ he dede for vre sake,	
	For we sholde $\operatorname{ensau}m$ ple take	596
	To be suffraunt in eueri stede,	
•	Riht as vre lord himselue dede.	
If man	And, 3if a man burw his power	
wrong thee,	Dob be wrong on eorbe her,	600
be not sad.	penk in pin herte, i preie pe,	
	Off be wrong and be vilte,	
	pat men to Iesu Crist dede	
	Here on eorpe in many stede,	604
	¶ And hou he polede hit mildeliche,	
	Al ffor pi loue, sikerliche.	
	On ensaumple of him bu nim,	
For love of	To suffre wrong for be loue of him;	608
Christ feel not ill will.	For, i dar seie sop[e]liche,	
He may be	He may be martyr, treweliche,	
martyr with- out sword or	Wid-oute sheding of mannes blod,	
flame, who is patient for the love of	pat may ben here polemod,	612
the love of	¶ To suffre wrong and vnriht	
God Al-	For be loue of god almiht:	
mighty. The fight is	Ac swich a fiht is vnmep,	
hard, contra- ry to nature.	For agein be kinde hit geb.	616
	, ,	

592 on him] vpon R. leid] was leid (nearly erased) A2, Ileide D. 593 he] om. R. held him] was ful H1. 594 polede] suffered H1. hit al] it A2. mildel good H1. 595 al he dede] died D. 596 ensample] ensample of him H1, at him ensaumpel R. 597 suffraunt] suffrande A2DR, sufferynge H1. eueri] ilk a R. 598 vre lord] criste H1. himselue] hym D, for vs H1. 599 a] ony R. 600 pe] ony H1. 601 in] pus in D. pin] om. D. 602 Off pe] And of pe A2, How myche H1. and pe] and of pe A2, and H1. vilte] wyte A2, vilante (perhaps for vilanie) D. 603 pat men] Mankynde H1. 604 on] in DH1R. many] many a DH1R. 605 polede hit] it poled A2, boled D, sufferid mekelych and H1. mildeliche] mykelich A2, stille H1, myldely R. 606 sikerliche] sikerly R. 606 reads in H1: For luf of man with good wille. 607 On ensaumple] onsample D. pu] now pou D. nim] take H1. 608 pe] om. DH1. loue of him] goddis sake H1. 609 dar] dar wel H1. sopeliche] sothly R. 610 He] pat a man H1. martyr treweliche] martid treuly R. 611 of mannes] of his D, here of his H1. 612 may ben] wele may here D, is R. polemod] pole (verb) mode (substantive) D, of meke mode H1, of thole mode R. 615 Ac] For A2, And D, But H1R. vnmep] vnnepe A2, wele vnnep D, vn ep H1. 615 reads in R: But vaneth siche a faithe is pere. 616 pe] om. R. gep] sepe D, were R.

<sup>1 1</sup> is above the line in MS. A1.

97	Whij? for be kinde of bi manhede		
	Wolde haue wreche of wrongful dede;		
	Ac of Iesu tak þi minde,		
	And fiht agein pin owen kinde,	620	
	And bu shalt have for bi goddede		In crown of
	Off martyrdom be heie mede.		martyrdom
	Ac bu, fersse man, bat art so stout,		have meed.
	And heih of mod, and herte proud1—	624	God honoreth
	He wole bowe for noping		lowliness.
	To man, ne to heuene king-		
9	And he pat wole him heinen here,		The high He
	pat nele be meke in none manere,	628	
	In litel while he shal hit knowe		
	And falle perfore swipe lowe.	•	draweth low:
	Qui se exaltat, humiliabitur, et	qui	
	se humiliat, exaltabitur.	•	
	pe milde purw [her] <sup>2</sup> humilite		the low He
	Ful heie honoured peih sholen be;	632	
	For peih <sup>3</sup> sholen be drawen on heih		lifteth high.
	And wonye4 god swipe neih.		
T			The fairest
	pat out of heuene he was cast.	636	angel was hurled from
	bu shalt wel wite, pat i ne lize,	•	heaven
	For Lucifer [with] his cumpaignye,		
	[Out of heuen, pat was so bryzte,		
	To be be the description of the form to 1	640	

De Humilitate.

617 Whij] om. H<sub>1</sub>. pe] pi D. pi] pe D, om. H<sub>1</sub>R. manhede] mon R. 618 wreche of wrongful dede] vengaunce a non R. of] for A<sub>2</sub>. 619 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, And D. lesu] Iesu criste D. tak] take pou H<sub>1</sub>. 623 Ac] For A<sub>2</sub>, But H<sub>1</sub>R. pu fersse] pe ferpe (or ferye) D, pou H<sub>1</sub>. art so stout] so proude art R. 624 And] om. A<sub>2</sub>D. heih of] of hy3e H<sub>1</sub>. and herte] of herte A<sub>2</sub>D, & stoute of hert R. proud] om. R. 625 He wole] He nyll A<sub>2</sub>D, pou nylt H<sub>1</sub>, he wil not R. 626 To] Nepere to H<sub>1</sub>. 627 he pat] pat D. wole] wold A<sub>2</sub>. him heinen] hym hye A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>, hey hym D, heghe hym R. 628 pat nele] And wil H<sub>1</sub>, and wol not R. be meke] bowe R. in none] in no A<sub>2</sub>D, on noo H<sub>1</sub>R. 630 perfore swipe] bop fowle and H<sub>1</sub>. Latin: exaltat humiliabitur humiliat exaltabitur A<sub>2</sub>R. et] om. A<sub>2</sub>R. humiliat exaltabitur] exaltat humiliabitur A<sub>2</sub>R. 632 heie] Wele A<sub>2</sub>, lely R. peih sholen] shall he A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, he sal D. 633 peih] he DH<sub>1</sub>R. 634 wonye] wounne with H<sub>1</sub>. 635 And] For A<sub>2</sub>D, But H<sub>1</sub>. it is] is DH<sub>1</sub>. a] at A<sub>2</sub>, bop firste and H<sub>1</sub>. 636 pat] om. D. heuene] paradys A<sub>2</sub>. 637 ne] not R. 638 with] and A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>DR. his] al his H<sub>1</sub>. 639 and 640 are omitted in A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>DR.

640

In-to helle for pride he toke his flyate.

<sup>1</sup> Read prout. <sup>2</sup> MSS. his. <sup>3</sup> i in peih is in red ink above the line in MS.  $A_1$ . <sup>4</sup> e is above the line in MS.  $A_1$ .

through pride.	burw be pride bat hem gan folewe,	
	be pine of helle hem gan to swolewe,	
	¶ And so he wole don alle and some,	
	pat in pride be inome.	644
Beware, proud man!	[Nowe be pou were, pou proude gome,	
proud man.	pat pou ne be in pryde enome:]	
	Cast hit awey, i wole be rede,	44 d
	Er of strong pine be may drede;	648
	¶ For, siker, and bu be nomen berinne,	
	Heuene maitou neuere winne,	
	And oper weye is per non,	
Pride drags	Bute to heuene or to helle gon.	652
to hell.	panne do bi consail and bi red,1	
	And ouercome be foule qued,	
	pat fondep pe on vch a side,	
	pe to holde in pi pride.	656
	Ac, if bu coupest knowe and se	,
	pe uertu of humilite,	
	For noping pu noldest shone,	
Have con-	Ac hit sholde euere wid he wone:	660
tempt for vanities.	Off alle uertuz it is hext,	000
	And godes wille it is next.	
	•	
	Sein Gregory perof berep witnes,	0.01
	pat muchel spekep of sop[e]nes:	664
Without hu- mility holy	Qui sine humilitate uirtutes	
works are	congregat, est quasi, qui in	bento
	max Yan amanu	

puluerem portat.

641 and 642 are omitted in H<sub>1</sub>. 641 gan] dyde D, con R. 642 pine] pytt D. hem] peyme A<sub>2</sub>. to] om. A<sub>2</sub>R. 643 And so] So R. he] pei A<sub>2</sub>, om. H<sub>1</sub>. wole don] shalle do bop H<sub>1</sub>. and some] men R. 644 inome] taken R. 645 and 646 are omitted in A<sub>1</sub>D. 645 Nowe be pou] pen be H<sub>1</sub>, Now be R. gome] grome R. 646 ne be] be not H<sub>1</sub>, om. R. enome] I nome H<sub>1</sub>, be not nome R. 647 wole] sal D, om. H<sub>1</sub>. 648—653 are omitted in A<sub>2</sub>. 648 Er of strong] Or of stronger H<sub>1</sub>, Or ellis of strong R. pe] pou DH<sub>1</sub>R. 649 siker] sikerly R. nomen] founde H<sub>1</sub>, tane R. 650 maitou] myst pou D. 651 per] per neuer H<sub>1</sub>. 652 to helle] helle pou must H<sub>1</sub>, helle R. 653 panne] Man D. bi] be my D. and bi] and be my D. 654 pe] pat A<sub>2</sub>. 655 on] in A<sub>2</sub>. vch] ilk R. a side] syde DH<sub>1</sub>. 656 pe to holde] For to holdene A<sub>2</sub>. Tho holde pe D, For to hold pe H<sub>1</sub>R. pi] om. R. 657 Ac] For A<sub>2</sub>, And DH<sub>1</sub>, But R. coupest] kowdest H<sub>1</sub>-and] or R. 659 pu noldest] noldest pou A<sub>2</sub>, pou nost it D, woltest it H<sub>1</sub>, pou woldist hit R. 660 Ac] For A<sub>2</sub>, And D, But H<sub>1</sub>R. 661 hext] po hext R. 662 And] And at A<sub>2</sub>. 663 perof berep] berep perof A<sub>1</sub>, berep D. 664 sopenes] mekenesse D. Latin: est] et D, om. H<sub>1</sub>R. qui] om. A<sub>2</sub>R, quem D. in vento puluerem] puluerem in vento R. puluerem] puluerem in vento R. 1 MS. A1 bired.

De Compunctione cordis.

	Man, pou[h] pu do muchel god, But pou be meke and polemod, Sein Gregory seip, pat holi clerk,			
	pat muchel on ydel is pat werk.		668	
	Hit fareb bi swiche, as we finde,			
	As who-so berep poudre in grete winde;			like dust in
	For, bere he neuere so muche,1			wind.
	Hit flep awey ful lihtliche.		672	
	Off man hit farep riht so,			
	For, gode dedes bouh he do,	45 a		
	Many and fele in vch a side,			
	per may non wid him abide:		676	
	Bute he haue humilite,			
	Awey beih wolen fro him fle.			Away they
¶	A god ping is humilite:			fly.
	Off him comep verray charite,		680	From humili-
	And penaunce, and eke shrift—			ty springeth penitence, of which
	pis is of god a wel fair 3ift—			WIIICH
	And of him forgif[e]nesse of sinne.			forgiveness
	Wel is him pat hit may winne!		684	is won,
1	Who-so is aferd of his trespaz,			
	He shal have comfort and solaz			
	Off be holi gost, witerli,			
	pat wole [his] soule comforti,		688	the soul's
	And make men haue, mid iwisse,			comfort,
	Tristi hope to heuene blisse.			and everlast-
	Sain Dani han of analy and and 1. 2			ing delights.

665 do] om. D. muchel] ful meche D, neuer so mikel R. 666 meke and] lowe & meke of H<sub>1</sub>. polemod] pole (verb) mod (substantive) D, mode H<sub>1</sub>, of thole mode R. 667 pat] pe A<sub>2</sub>. clerk] chirche A<sub>2</sub>D. 668 on] in A<sub>2</sub>DR. pat] pi H<sub>1</sub>, his R. 670 who-so] he pat H<sub>1</sub>. grete] pe H<sub>1</sub>. 671 bere he] pole he bere H<sub>1</sub>, of he bere R. 672 flep] fallepe D, flyep H<sub>1</sub>R. ful] om. A<sub>2</sub>. 673 and 674 are transposed in A<sub>1</sub>, H<sub>1</sub>, and R. 673 Off] Ryzt be D. riht so] also A<sub>2</sub>. 674 pouh] of R. 675 and] ane D. in] on H<sub>1</sub>R. a side] syde A<sub>2</sub>D. 676 him] oper R. 677 Bute] But if H<sub>1</sub>. humilite] verray humylite R. 678 and 679 are omitted in A<sub>2</sub>. 678 Awey] Alle R. peih wolen fro him] fro hym pay wyl D, pei wil al fro him H<sub>1</sub>. fle] flye H<sub>1</sub>. 679 is omitted in D. 680 him] him pat H<sub>1</sub>. 681 And] In D. 682 pis] pat D. wel] om. A<sub>2</sub>, ful R. 683 of him] of hem D, om. R. sinne] hys synne A<sub>2</sub>. 684 hit may] pat may A<sub>2</sub>D, may it H<sub>1</sub>. 685 Who-so] For who so A<sub>2</sub>, He pat H<sub>1</sub>. aferd] affred D. 687 witerli] vtterly H<sub>1</sub>. 688 his] pi A<sub>1</sub>R, man H<sub>1</sub>. comforti] confort in hye R. 689 men] here D, men to R. mid] mynde A<sub>2</sub>D, per myd H<sub>1</sub>, per with R. iwisse] wysse D. 690 Tristi] Of tresty D. 691 per-of] om. D.

Sein Daui per-of spak and seide<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Read miche.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Read sede.

	In pe¹ sauter, as men rede:	2
*	Secundum multitudinem dolorum meo	=
	rum in corde meo, consolationes tue	e
	lætificauerunt² animam meam.	
Fear sin!	'[be] more man douteb here sinne,	
	pe more ioye he shal winne;	
	For, who-so hap of sinne <sup>4</sup> drede	
	And nel noht don pat <sup>5</sup> foule dede, 696	ô
	Hit seme, but he hab trewe loue	
	To Iesu Crist, pat is aboue.	
	¶ O ping is comen in my pou[h]t,	
	To shewe hit wole i spare noht:	)
The godly	¶ 3if any pat is in holy lyf, 45 b	
	Man, maiden, oper wif,	
	In any time, purw any cas,	
for a little	Dop a litel trespas, 70-	4
trespass	hat be azein godes wille,	
	Oper loud[e] oper stille,	
grieveth more	He wole have more sorwe and drede	
111010	For pat litel sinful dede, 70	3
than doth for	pan many on wole in eny stounde,	
шь ып	pat lyp in dedli sinne bounde.	
	3if 3e wolen wite herof be skile,	
	Herkne, and i 3ou telle wole: 6	2
the man lying in guilt.	pat man pat lyp in dedli sinne,	
Jug mguno	And to singy wole noht blinne,	

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  be is above the line in MS.  $A_{1}$ .  $^{2}$  MS. tue letificate ont.  $^{3}$  MS.  $A_{1}$  has so.  $^{4}$  MS.  $A_{1}$  has his sinne.  $^{5}$  One letter has been erased after pat in MS.  $A_{1}$ .  $^{6}$  Read wille.

9	Gostli wit he hap ilore.			He hath lost
	Whi, i wole telle, [and] wharfore;		716	
	For gostli siht, witerliche,			discernment
	Man, is pi resoun, sikerliche,			
	Wher-pur[w] pu miht in pi mod			
	Knowe bobe yuel and god,		720	
	And shed to make in eueri dede			
	Bitwene sopnesse and falshede.			
9	And, whan mannes soule, ful iwis,			
	burw dedli sinne ifiled is,		724	
	His knowelaching is al gon;			
	For wit ne siht hap [he]1 non,			
	Wherfore be sinful man			and,
	Noper he ne may ne he ne can		728	
	His owen stat [a]riht ise,	5.,		cannot see
9	Ne knowe in what lyf he be			
	For pisternesse, pat he is inne	45 c		
	burw be filbe of dedli sinne.		732	the filth of
9			,	deadly sin; but the holy
	Man, mayden, oper wyf,			hath
	And serue god on eorpe her,			
	His gostli siht is swipe cler;		736	spiritual
	For perwid he may knowe and se—		. 00	sight.
	In what lyf[e] pat he be—			
	God and yuel, lasse and more,			

715 wit] sy3t D. ilore] for lore A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>. 716 wole] sal D. telle] pe tell A<sub>2</sub>. and] om. A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>, how and D. 716 reads in H<sub>1</sub> and R: I wil 30w telle whi & wharfore. 30w] pe R. 717 gostli] pi gostly D. siht] witte H<sub>1</sub>. witerliche] sikerlyche D, vtterlyche H<sub>1</sub>. 718 Man is pi resoun] Is pi reson man H<sub>1</sub>. sikerliche] sopelyche D. 719 Wher-purw] wheire A<sub>2</sub>R. 720 bope] om. A<sub>2</sub>, bope pe DR, per bi H<sub>1</sub>. and] and eke pe D, and po R. 721 shed] partye H<sub>1</sub>. to] om. DH<sub>1</sub>. eueri] alle pi R. dede] stede A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>. 722 Bitwene] Hyt wene D, bytwyx R. 723 And whan] When A<sub>2</sub>. mannes soule] man is A<sub>2</sub>. ful iwis] foule es D, fylid is H<sub>1</sub>, I wis R. 724 purw dedli] And porou3 A<sub>2</sub>, porow pe fende and H<sub>1</sub>. ifiled is] fouled es D, I wisse H<sub>1</sub>, fyled is R. 725 His knowelaching] Here knawlagyng D, gostly knowynge H<sub>1</sub>, his knowing R. al gon] agone A<sub>2</sub>, al agone D. 726 ne] nor A<sub>2</sub>. 727 Wherfore pe] perfor pe sori H<sub>1</sub>. 728 ne may] maye H<sub>1</sub>R. ne he ne] nouper he ne A<sub>2</sub>, ne noper he H<sub>1</sub>, ne he R. 729 arith] rith A<sub>1</sub>R, ry3t wel H<sub>1</sub>. ise] see A<sub>2</sub>R. 730 he] pot he R. 731 pisternesse] derkenes A<sub>2</sub>, be derknesse D, be sternesse H<sub>1</sub>, merkenes R. 732 filpe] fylyng R. 733 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, And D. he] poo R. 734 oper] childe or R. 734 reads in H<sub>1</sub>: Be he man mayde or wyfe. 735 serued] serued D. on corpel euer A<sub>2</sub>, in erpe H<sub>1</sub>. 736 is] om. D. swipe] ful H<sub>1</sub>R. 737—740 are omitted in H<sub>1</sub> and R. 737 se] sene D. 738 is omitted in D. 739 and] oper D. and] oper D.

The Al-	Al he knoweb burw godes lore;		740	
mighty guideth him	¶ For widinne him is god almiht			
	And zeueb him grace of gostly siht			
	To sen and knowe in his mod			
	be longe lyff, bat is so god,		744	
to fear the	And be drede of domes-day,			
day of eternity.	And be pine bat lasteb ay,			
	Wher-purw hij sholen pe more drede			
	And flen sinne in al here dede.		748	
	¶ Here 3e muwen se þe wrong			
	And knowe, wher-on [hit]1 is long,			
	pat sinful man may noht se			
	Hise giltes, pou[h] peih 2 grete be.		752	
	¶ Listnep noupe to my speche,			
Needful is	And of nedful ping i wole 3ou teche.			
desire after righteous-	Off holi churche it is pe lore,			
ness, therefore	pat spekep to alle, lasse and more,		756	
	And seip: 'Man, while pu miht liue,			
	Loke pat pu be oft shriue.'		De Con	
at once	¶ Anon, so bu hast sinne wrouht,		J08310	
	While it is newe in pi bouht,		760	
proceed to	Anon to shrifte pat pu gange,4			
contess,	Ne dwelle pu noht perwid to longe;	45 d		
	For, if pu dost, pu miht wel wite,			
	pat sumwhat shal be forzete, <sup>5</sup>		764	
	Wher-purw pu miht be blamed,			
	And at pe dom sore ashamed.			
	¶ perfore, man, while bu miht liue,			

742 And 3eueh him] pat is R. 743 sen and knowe] know ande to se D. 747 hij sholen] pei scholen  $\Lambda_2$ R, he sal D, pei haue  $H_1$ . 748 And] to R. flen] flye  $H_1$ . in] and  $\Lambda_2$ , bi  $H_1$ . here] his (nede has been crossed out after his.) D, maner  $H_1$ . dede] rede  $H_1$ . 749 3e muwen se] we mow sene D. be] bob ryst and  $H_1$ . 750 knowe] se R. long] alange  $\Lambda_2$ . 751 pat] And D, be  $H_1$ . may] om. D. 753 noupe] now  $H_1$ R. 754 of nedful] mede  $H_1$ , nedeful R. wole 301] sal be D, wil be R. 755 churche] clerge D. 756 lasse] bob lasse  $H_1$ . 757 miht] may DR. 758 off] clene R. shriue] Iscryue  $\Lambda_2H_1$ . 759 Anon so] als sone as R. wrouht] I wrou3ht  $\Lambda_2$ D $H_1$ . 760 While] be whyle D. 761 Anon] On on D. bat] loke but  $H_1$ . 762 bu] om.  $\Lambda_2$ . noht berwid] berwith nau3t D. 763 miht] maist  $\Lambda_2$ , may DR. 764 sumwhat] som gylt D. shal be] bu my3te  $H_1$ . forsete] for 3ete of hit R. 765 miht] maiste DR. 766 sore] berof D, ful sore R. 767 miht] may3t DR.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  MS.  $A_1$  has his.  $^2$  MS. D has pay pay.  $^3$  MS.  $A_1$  reads pi pi.  $^4$  Read gonge.  $^5$  Read for 3 ite.

	Loke, pat pu be [clene] shriue,	768	
	Wid sorwe of herte and repentaunce,		
	And of pe prest tak pi penaunce.		Penance from the priest is-
	pis is a riche medicine,		healing
	Hit shilde man fro helle pine.	772	
	A betre ping was neuere founde,—		
	For hit may hele dedli wounde—		for deadly
	And, who-so euere wole hit craue,		wound.
	Wid-outen cost he may hit haue.	776	
T	Man, ne lat hit for no shame,		In shame delay confes-
	Last pu falle perfore in blame.		sion,
	If pu nilt for shame [shewe] hit her,		
	Hit shal ben shewed elle[s]wher <sup>2</sup>	<b>780</b>	and all the
	To alle pe shaftes pat euere were,		that ever were shall
	And alle peih sholen sen and here.		see and hear.
	Nihil absconditum,3 quod non sciet	ur,	
	nec occultum, quod non reueletur,4		
	And per-of pu shalt have shame		
	And per-to wel muche blame.	<b>7</b> 84	
	Tweye manere shame men fint in boke,		
	Who-so wole perafter loke:		
	pat on gop to dampnacioun;		
	pat oper, to sauuacioun.	788	
T	3if 3e wole wite hou hit be,		

768 shriue] I schryue A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>. 769 of] at þyne A<sub>2</sub>. 770 þe] þy A<sub>2</sub>. 771 riche] ary3t D, a good & ryche H<sub>1</sub>, rightful R. 772 man] þe right wys man D. helle] om. D. 773 was] nas A<sub>2</sub>. founde] ifounde A<sub>2</sub>DH<sub>1</sub>. 774 may hele] makes holle R. 775 who-so] he þat H<sub>1</sub>. 777 ne] no D. lat] late þou A<sub>2</sub> leue H<sub>1</sub>. hit] þou R. 778 falle þerfore þerfore falle R. blame] gret blame D. 779 nilt] lette H<sub>1</sub>, wilt not R. shewe] om. A<sub>1</sub>, to shew H<sub>1</sub>. hit] hem H<sub>1</sub>R. 780 Hit] þei H<sub>1</sub>R. elles] als H<sub>1</sub>. 781 shaftes] creatures D, folke H<sub>1</sub>, men R. 782 And] om. D. sen] hom se R. and here] it þer D. Latin: absconditum] occultum D, optatum H<sub>1</sub>. scietur] reveletur H<sub>1</sub>R. occultum] absconditum] creueletur] sciatur H<sub>1</sub>R. 783 þer-of] þeire A<sub>2</sub>, þerof þen R. 784] wel] ful R. 785 manere] maner of DR. 787 þat on] þe tone D. 788 þat oþer] þe toþer D. to] vnto D, goþ to H<sub>1</sub>. 789 3e wole wite] he wytt D, þu wilt wite H<sub>1</sub>R. hou] what H<sub>1</sub>. hit] þis may R. 790 me] to me A<sub>2</sub>. 790 has the following readings in D and in H<sub>1</sub>R (l. 328):

Sitteb stille, and herkneb me:

Harkenep alle now to me D. Herken & I wil telle pe H<sub>1</sub>R. (l. 328)

 $^1$  MS.  $A_1$  has ofte.  $^2$  MS.  $A_1$  eller wher.  $^3$  MS.  $A_1$  Nichil abseunditum.  $^4$  MS.  $A_1$  releuctur.

True shame,	¶ Man, bouh bu haue sinne wrouht	46 a
	In word, in dede, and in bouht,	792
in regret and	,	
,	And at pin herte sore agramed,	
	And ne sparest for shame ne for eize,	
craves par-	pat pu hit nilt in shrifte seie,	796
	Off god pu miht wel liht[e]liche	
Forgiveness wins	Forzifnesse haue, sikerliche.	
WIND	his ilke shame, be my croun,	
eternal heaven.	Draweß al to sauuacioun.	800
False shame	¶ pat oper shame so is pis:	
	3if a man hap don amis	
	And foule sinne[s] hap iwrouht,	
	And wole for shame shewe hem noht	804
	In his shrifte to be prest,	
	He wrapped sore Iesu Crist.	
	For-3ifnes, iwis, ne tit him neuere,	
	But in helle to brennen euere.	808
fears to show	¶ Whi artu more ashamed to speke	
guilt.	A word, pan godes heste to breke?	
This wicked	pis is foule, wicked shame,	
shame brings death.	pat bringep sinful man in blame.	812
	he lore hat comeh out of godes mouh,	
	To alle men hit sholde be coup:	
	Lauamini, et mundi estote.	De Pa
	Tesu spak and seide ene:	tentia

Lauamini, et mundi estote.

De Panitentia.

Iesu spak and seide ene:

791 bouhl 3ef Λ<sub>2</sub>DB, sinnel foule synne Λ<sub>2</sub>D, wrouhtl Iwrou3t Λ<sub>2</sub>D, don

791 pouh] 3ef \$\Lambda\_2\text{DR}\$. sinne] foule synne \$\Lambda\_2\text{D}\$, wrouht] Iwrou3t \$\Lambda\_2\text{D}\$, don \$\H\_1\mathbb{R}\$. 792 and] oupere \$\Lambda\_2\$, or D. 792 reads in \$\H\_1\$ and \$\R\$: Loply & fele many-oon. fele] foule \$\R\$. (\$Cp. l. 838 in \$\Lambda\_1\$.) 793 piself perof] pyself \$\Lambda\_2\$, perof \$\Hat{H}\_1\$. 8794 at] in \$\text{D}\$. sore] perof \$\text{D}\$. 795 ne] \$om. \$\R\$. for] ne for \$\text{D}\$, not for \$\R\$. shame ne for eiße] loue ne ay \$\R\$. 796 pat] But pat \$\H\_1\$. hit nilt] nylt it \$\Lambda\_2\text{D}\$, wilt \$\H\_1\$, hom wilt \$\R\$. 797 pu] pat \$\H\_1\$, om. \$\R\$. miht] may \$\text{D}\$, pen may pou \$\R\$. wellihtelichel lightly \$\R\$. 798 sikerlichel wele sykerlyche \$\Lambda\_2\$; sikerly \$\R\$. 800 al] pe \$\R\$. 801 pat] pe \$\text{D}\$. so is pis] soch it is \$\Lambda\_2\$, for sop is pis \$\H\_1\$, for sothe hit is \$\R\$. 802 3if] 3if pat \$\text{D}\$. 803 foule] many fowle \$\H\_1\$. iwrouht] wro3t \$\text{D}\H\_1\R\$. 804 wole] nyl \$\Lambda\_2\text{D}\$. hem] it \$\text{D}\$. 807 iwis] om. \$\text{D}\$. ne tit him] tydep hym \$\Lambda\_2\R\$, ne tydde \$\text{D}\$, tidde hym \$\H\_1\$. 808 to brennen] to brynne for \$\Lambda\_2\$, to wou \$\text{D}\$, fyre burne for \$\H\_1\$, fire brenne \$\R\$. 809 more] nere \$\text{D}\$. to speke \$\lambda\_2\$, to wou \$\text{D}\$, ilke \$\H\_1\R\$. 812 pat] om. \$\H\_1\R\$. sinful] a synful \$\H\_1\$. man] men \$\Lambda\_2\text{D}\$. in] in gret \$\text{D}\$, to \$\H\_1\$, in mikel \$\R\$. 813 out] om. \$\Lambda\_2\$. The manuscript continues with the Latin following 814 in \$\H\_2\$. 815 Iesu] Iesu Criste \$\text{D}\$, Thus Iesu \$\H\_2\$. and seide] to hem al \$\text{D}\H\_1\$. ene] euenc \$\Lambda\_2\H\_2\$, bidene \$\text{D}\H\_1\$.

			010	*** *
	'Wasshep ou, and bep clene.'		816	Wash there- from.
	Kindeliche ofte men sep,			
	Wid water men wasshep, pat foule bep,			
9	And hot water, be pu bold,			
	Makeþ clannere þan doþ cold.		820	
	Al pis i seie sikerliche,	46 b		
	For to speken openliche,			
9	What hit is for to mene:			
	'Wasshep ou, and bep clene.'		824	
	Summe wasshep, ac noht ariht,			
	For pe clannere bep hij no wiht.			
	be hote teres of mannes eize <sup>2</sup>			Weep, and
	Makeþ clannere þan any lize.		828	+
	Many on wepeb for his misdede,			
	Ac to do sinne noht hij ne drede:		•	leave sin.
1	He wenep, wasshe him wid pat water,			
	And he is foul neuere be later.		832	

816 beþ] be 3e made  $H_1$ . 817 Kindeliche] Kendely  $H_2R$ . ofte men] oftentyme men  $H_1$ , menne ofte tyme  $H_2$ , of men R. 818 wassheþ] wasshe henn  $H_1$ . 819 and 820 are inserted between 828 and 829 in  $H_2$ . 819 And] For  $H_2$ . 820 Makeþ] wasshis R. doþ] þe  $A_2DH_2$ , dos þe R. 821 Al] And al  $H_1$ . Þis i] I hyte  $H_2$ . sikerliche] sekerlye  $H_2$ . 822 speken] schew D. openliche] openlye  $H_2$ . 823—826 are omitted in  $H_2$ . 823 hit is] is hit R. 824 beþ] beþ made  $H_1$ . 825 wassheþ] wasshen hom R. ac] bot  $A_2H_1R$ , and D. 826 For] Neuere  $A_2$ . hij] þei  $A_2DH_1R$ . no] ne  $A_2$ , nau3t DR. wiht] white  $A_2$ , ryst D, whijt  $H_1$ , dight R. 827 mannes] a mannes D. 828 Makeþ] þay makeþ D, washeþ  $H_1$ . 829—840 read on fol. 53 a in  $H_2$ :

Sorowe of herte and repentawnce (*Cp. l.* 769 in A<sub>1</sub>.) And for 3 owre synnys doo penawnce (*Cp. l.* 474 in A<sub>1</sub>.) Shalle graunte 3 owe myghte & space

832 Iesu cryste too sene hys fface
Lady crownyd . heuene qwene
Preye for vs alle be dene
To thy sone . kynge of heuene

836 For hys holy namys scuene

That he vs graunte. hys ryche blysse
That we therof nott ne mysse
And that hit soo mote bee

840 Amen. Amen for seynte charyte 12

Explicit Speculum Gy de Warewyke
Secundum Alquinum Heremite

841—1034 are omitted in  $H_2$ . The manuscript ends with 840. For colophon, see the Introduction. 829 Many on] Many  $A_2R$ , And noman D. his] here  $A_2R$ . 830 Ac] Bot  $A_2H_1R$ , And D. noht] om.  $A_2H_1R$ , he nyl nou3t D. hij ne] þei no  $A_2$ , om. D, he hav no  $H_1$ , þai han no R. 831 He weneþ] þei wene  $H_1R$ . wasshe him] þay wassh hym D, to wasshe hem  $H_1R$ . 832 he is] es D, 3it þei beþ  $H_1$ , þai ben R. foule] foulid R.

4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In MS. A<sub>1</sub>, d is in red ink above the line.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Read ize.

death is

night.

	· ·	
	Whij? For 3it wole he noht sinne fle:	1
	Iwis, vnclene he shal be.	
	Ac anoper manere wasshing	
	Makep clene of alle ping:	836
	Man, pouh pou haue sinne don,	
	Lodlich and foule many on,	
	¶ 3if þu hast wille to leue þi sinne,	
	pat pu no more ne come perinne,	840
Hot tears of repentance	Of pin eigen pe hote teres,	
Теренинес	pat gop adoun bi pine leres,	
make har- mony	Hij wolen make god acord	
between thy soul and God.	Bitwene pi soule and oure lord	844
They cleanse from sin.	And make be clene of bi sinne,	
	Wher-purw pu miht heuene winne.	
	¶ Nu 3e muwe witen, what it is to mene:	
	'Wasshep ou and bep clene;'	848
	Ac he pat wole clene be,	_
	Certes [synne] he mot fle.	
	Wole 3e here 3it eft sone	
	Off ping pat nedful is to done;	852
	Hit is godes owen lore,	De non Tar- dando Con-
	pat spekep to alle, lasse and more:	verti ad Do- minum.
	Ambulate, dum lucem habetis, ne	
	tenebræ bos1 comprehendant.	
Haste, lest	'Go, man, while pat pu hast liht,	
night sur- prise.	Lest be of-take be derke niht.'	856
Life is day:	pi lyf, man, is cleped liht,	

833 Whij] om. R. 3it wole he] 3if he nyl D, bei wil H1, if bai wil R. 833 Whijj om. R. 31t Wole hel 31t he nyl D, pei wil H<sub>1</sub>, it pai wil R. 16] and fle A<sub>2</sub>, flye H<sub>1</sub>. 834 he shall sall he D, pei shulle H<sub>1</sub>R. 834 reads in A<sub>2</sub>: He was vnclene so schall he be. 835 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, And eke D. 836 Makeþ] Clense D. 837 þouh] if R. don] idone D. 838 Lodlich] Dedelyche (Cp. l. 792 in H<sub>1</sub>R.) D, lodely R. (The last word of time 838 is lost through a hole in the parchment in D.) 839 leue] lete D. 840—845 are omitted in A<sub>2</sub>. 840 no more] more D. ne] om. H<sub>1</sub>R. come] falle R. 843 Hij] pay DH<sub>1</sub>R. god] a good H<sub>1</sub>. 846 miht] salt D. 847 3e muwe] may bou R. it is] is R. 848 beþ] be 3e made H<sub>1</sub>. 849 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R, And D. he] 3e R. 850 synne] sum what A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub>R, deedly synne H<sub>1</sub>. he] 3e R. mot] moste A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R. flel flye H<sub>1</sub>. 851 eftl efter R. 852 Offi One R. nedfull medeful D. tol to fle] flye H<sub>1</sub>. 851 eft] efter R. 852 Off] One R. nedful] medeful D. to] to be H<sub>1</sub>. 853 godes owen] Iesu Criste D. 854 pat] om. D. alle] al men H<sub>1</sub>. 855 pat] om. A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R. 856 of-take] ouere take A<sub>2</sub>H<sub>1</sub>R. 857 is cleped] I clepe pi D, is cald pi R. 858 pe] is pe A2, pi D.

And bi deb be derke niht.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS.  $A_1$  te tenebre nos.

	While bu art on liue, bu miht worche			While it is
	Godes werkes of holi churche,1		860	day, do works of
	And, certes, whan pat pu art ded,			love.
	panne maitou don noper god ne qued.			
9	perfore, man, i warne pe,			
	While bu miht gon and se,		864	
	In gode weyes sped be faste!			Speed fast.
	Lef, pe niht pe wole agaste,			The dark night brings
	And sikerliche widoute nay,			terror.
	At þi dei[i]ng² shal ben þi domesday,		868	
	For pere shal ben irekened al			Then shall be counted all
	pat euere distu, gret and smal.			thy deeds.
	pere pu shalt knowe and se			
	God or yuel, wheiper it be,3		872	
	And panne, par aunter, wo[lde]stu fain			
	Biginne to worche and turne agein;			
9	Ac, certes, bu ne shalt noht go,			
	Ac riht after þu <sup>4</sup> hast do,		876	As thy deeds, shall be thy
	bu shalt fonge verreement			judgment.
	pare pi rihte iugement.			
	Et ideo ambulate, dum	46 d		
	lucem habetis.			
	Dep is gilour swipe strong			Death is a deceiver,
	And gile many on euere among,		880	and deceives many,
	perfore worch, while pu mait,			therefore

859 pu miht] and may D, pow maiste H<sub>1</sub>R. 860 Godes werkes] To don warkes D, Good warkis and lawful H<sub>1</sub>. 861 pat] om. \$\Lambda\_2\text{DH}\_1\text{R}\$. 862 panne maitou] pou may3t D. don noper] noupere do \$\Lambda\_2\text{DR}\$. ne] nor \$\Lambda\_2\$. 864 While] pe while \$\Lambda\_2\$, pat while D, whil pat R. pu miht] may3t bou D, pow maiste \$H\_1\text{R}\$. 866 Lef] Les \$\Lambda\_2\$, Laste DR, Els \$H\_1\$. pe wole] wil pe R. 867 And] For D. 869 irekened] rekenyde \$\Lambda\_2\text{R}\$, rekene D, rekkend \$H\_1\$. 870 distul dedest pou \$\Lambda\_2\$, pou diste \$H\_1\$, pou didist \$\text{R}\$. and] or \$\Lambda\_2\text{D}\$. 27 or] and \$\Lambda\_2\$, oper D. it be] pay benn D. 873 And panne] pen \$H\_1\$. woldestu] pou woldest \$\Lambda\_2\$, noldest pou D. 874 Biginne] By D. 875 \$\Lambda\_2\text{Bot } \Lambda\_2\text{H}\_1\text{R}\$, And D. ne] om. \$\text{DH}\_1\text{R}\$. noht go] so \$\Lambda\_2\$, not soo \$H\_1\text{R}\$. 876 \$\Lambda\_2\text{Bot } \Lambda\_2\text{DH}\_1\text{R}\$. bul pat \$\text{Pu} \text{A}\_2\text{R}\$. 877 shalt fonge] schalt \$\Lambda\_2\$, afong \$\text{D}\$, shalt fynde \$\text{pere H}\_1\$, rightwis \$\text{R}\$. 878 pare] Fong \$\text{peire } \Lambda\_2\$, for sop \$\text{H}\_1\$, rithte] om. \$\Lambda\_2\$, owen \$\text{H}\_1\$, rightwis \$\text{R}\$. 878 gilour] a gylour \$\Lambda\_2\$. swipe] om. \$\Lambda\_2\$. 880 gilef] be gyle \$\text{D}\$, bigiles \$\text{R}\$. many on] man \$\Lambda\_2\text{D}\$ (D has an erasure of m before man.), many men (The e in men is defective through a small hole in the parchment.) \$H\_1\$. 881 worch] man wirch \$\Lambda\_2\$, om. D. while \$\text{Pu}\$ mait] while mayt \$\text{D}\$, with out cessyngis \$H\_1\$, whil \$\text{par} \text{pu}\$ bu maght \$\text{R}\$.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Read wirche : chirche.  $^{2}$  MS.  $A_{1}$  deijng.  $^{3}$  wheiper it be is written on erasure in MS.  $A_{1}$  .  $^{4}$  MS.  $A_{1}$  þat þu.

	For sodeyneliche pu miht be caiht. Enitium sapientia, timor	domini: De Timore
fear God,	'Drede of god in alle 2 ping	
	Off wisdom is be biginning;'	884
but not in	And many hauen of god drede,	
dread,	Ac noht for loue of his godhede,	
	But last beih sholde for here gilt	
	In-to strong pine ben ipult. <sup>3</sup>	888
	¶ Hit fareb bi swiche, i vnderstonde,	1
	As hit dop here bi pe bonde:	
as the bonds-	pe bonde nele noper loude ne stille	
man before his lord.	Don noht azein his lordes wille-	892
	Ac pat nis for loue ne for acord,	
	pat he hap toward his lord-	
	For, if he dede, he wot wel,	
	He sholde lese of his catel;	896
	And 3it hit fareb bi man also,	
	pat spare more sinne to [do] 4	
Fear the	For be doute of gret pining,	
King of	pan for pe loue of heuen king.	900
Heaven, so that	¶ It is noht euel so to biginne,	
thou mayst	For drede of pine to late pi sinne,	
catch grace	For sone after he may kacche grace	
	To bipenke him on godes face,	904
	Hu murie hit were, to haue be siht	47 a
	Off and the form that is no built !	

882 For] Wyrche gude for D. miht be] may be A<sub>2</sub>R, mayt D, mişt han þyn H<sub>1</sub>. caiht] endyngis H<sub>1</sub>. 884 is þe] þis is þe first A<sub>2</sub>. 885 And many hauen of] And many on haþe of DR, Man haue euer H<sub>1</sub>. drede] in drede H<sub>1</sub>. 886 Ac] Bot A<sub>2</sub>R, And D, For H<sub>1</sub>. noht for loue] lesingis of H<sub>1</sub>. 887 But] And H<sub>1</sub>. last] lat A<sub>2</sub>, þat R. þeih sholde] þei shullen D, þat þou shalt H<sub>1</sub>. here] þaire D, þi H<sub>1</sub>. 888 strong] om. A<sub>2</sub>. ipult] pute D, plyte H<sub>1</sub>, pilt R. 890 As] Also A<sub>2</sub>. þe] a H<sub>1</sub>. 891 nele] wil H<sub>1</sub>R. noþer] neuere A<sub>2</sub>. 892 noht] om. H<sub>1</sub>, oght R. The manuscript ends with 892 in A<sub>2</sub>. 893 Ac] and D, But H<sub>1</sub>R. nis] es DR, nowher H<sub>1</sub>. for] for no DR. ne for] no for no D, ne for non R. 894 toward] to R. 895 wot] wote ful D, wist hit R. 896 sholde lese] lese suld D. 897 3it] rigt D. 898 þat] om. D. spareþ] lettes R. to] for to D. 899 þe] om. R. 900 þan] om. H<sub>1</sub>. þe loue] loue DR. 901 biginne] gynne DH<sub>1</sub>. 902 late þi] lete D, leue H<sub>1</sub>, leeue his R. 903 sone after he may] he may sonn after D, soon after þou myʒt H<sub>1</sub>. 904 biþenke] be þenke DR. him on] hym of DR, þe in H<sub>1</sub>. 905 þe] a D, þat H<sub>1</sub>. 906 godes] þat D, his H<sub>1</sub>. so briht] bry3t so H<sub>1</sub>.

Off godes face, pat is so briht!

 $^1$  MS. Inicium sapiencie.  $^2$  MS.  $A_1$  al alle.  $^3$  Probably read ipilt. See l. 239.  $^4$  MSS.  $A_1A_2$  have go.



		· ·		
	9	And so he shal casten his loue		
		To Iesu Crist, pat is aboue,	908	
		And leten and flen sinful dede,		to flee the
		Bobe for love and eke for drede.		cvii woria,
		Ac, who-so wole don be my lore,		
		Iwis he shal spare more,	912	
		To flen sinne day and niht,		
		For drede to lese pat faire siht		lest thou lose the sight
	9	Off godes face, pat is so cler,		of God's glori- ous face.
		Off whom we han all oure power,	916	ous meet
		pan for drede of any wo,		
		pat any ping mihte hem do.		
	9	Leue frend, herkne to me,		
		And more i wole speke to be;	920	Be piteous to the poor
-		For in pe godspel i wole rede		to the poor
		Off pe uertu of almesdede.		
		pin almesse bu shalt forp puite,		Put forth
		And spare hit noht, pouh hit be luite:	924	***************************************
		[In pe godspel it es write,		
		I sal, man, pat pou it wite.]		
		God seip bus in his lore:		
		'Man, if bu miht zeue no more	928	Give but a cup of cold
	9	But a dishful of cold water,		water in love,
		pu shalt hit zeue neuere pe later		
		Wid gode wille and wid charite,		
		And ful wel it worp 3olden pe.' 47	b 932	and it will re- ward thee.
		And, whan bu shalt have pank and mede		
		For so litel an almesdede,		
	9	Siker maitou panne be,		
		If bu zeuest muche in charite	936	
		To god, bu miht be betre spede,		

De Eleemo

907 so] pus D. he] om. R. shal] may þen  $H_1$ , þen shal he R. 908 is] syttes DR. 909 leten and flen] lete flene D, leue and flye  $H_1$ , leeue & fle alle R. 910 eke] om.  $H_1$ R. The manuscript ends with 910 in  $H_1$ . 911 Ac] and D, But R. 912 spare] lett R. 913 day] bothe day R. 915 Off] And of D. 917 any] oure R. 918 mihte hem] hym my3t (over erasure) D, vs might R. 919 herkne] herken now D. 920 more i wole] meche I sal D. 921 þe godspel i wole] þis boke I sal D, þo gospel as we R. 923 almesse] almes dede R. 924 1st hit] om. D. 925 and 926 are omitted in  $A_1$ R. 930 shalt hit 3eue] putt hít forth R. 931 wid charite] in pyte D, charite R. 932 worp] wrop D, bes R. 3olden] i3olde D. 933 whan] hou D. hane þank and] be þenke for þat D. 935 maitou þanne] þen may þou R. 937 To] Tho D. miht] salt D.

In almsdeed	And pe more shal ben pi mede.  Enes i it vnderstod,		
good.	pat in almesdede is double god:		940
	¶ It fordop sinne, wite it wel,		
	And hit wole eche pi catel.		
	And, if pu art her-of in drede,		
	Hu hit mihte so be in dede,		944
This learn of	A god witnesse i wole drawe,		
old law.	On ensaumple of pe olde lawe.		
	¶ Holi writ, pat wole noht lize,		
1	Spekep of pe profete Elize,		948
Christ sent	Hou Iesu Crist, houre lo[ue]rd swete,		
Elijah to a	Spak to Elize þe profete.		
widow to	To a pore widewe he $him$ sende,		
impart to her this twofold virtue.	Here beypere lyf [for] to amende.		952
virtue.	He seide: 'Elize, pu shalt fare		
	In-to Sarepte and wone pare.		
	¶ per is a widewe, pat shal pe fede,		
	And i wole 3elde wel hire mede.'		956
Elijah	¶ þe profete Helie began anon	47 c	
	For in his weie for to gon.		
	At pe 3ate of pe cite pe widewe he mette,		
met the	And faire anon he hire grette.		960
widow, and asked for	He bad hire for godes loue,		
	pat us alle sit aboue,		
water and	A di[sh]ful2 water she sholde him ziue,		
to help him	For to helpen him to liue.		964
to live.	¶ be widewe seide, she wolde fain,		
	And to serue him she turne aze[i]n.		
	After hire he gan to crie,		
	And bad hire pat she sholde hie.		968
	'Do,' he seide, 'be my red,		

938 more] more hym D. 939 i it] hit I R. 939 reads in D: Twys. I anderstand. 940 þat in] In R. 944 so be] be so DR. 945 A] I R. wole] sal D. 946 On ensaumple of þe] In þe sample in D. 947 þat] om. R. wole] nyl D. liʒe] be leis R. 948 Speke)] It telleþe D, þat spekes R. 951 To] And to D. he] om. D 952 beybere] pore D, bothus R. for to] to A<sub>1</sub>R. 954 wone] lye D. 955 shal þe] bou sal D, wil þe R. 956 i wole] sal D. wel] her ful wel R. 958 in] on R. 959 þe] þat R. 962 alle sit] sittes alle R. 963 dishful] disful of DR. she] he R. 964 2nd to] vnto D, for to R. 967 he gan] began D, he bygan R. 969 be] aftyr D.

<sup>1</sup> for is supplied from D.

<sup>2</sup> MS. A1 has difful.

He said

sweet words:

Bring me wid be a shiue bred!'			
pe widewe him answere[de] anon:			
'Siker,' she seide, 'bred haue i non,		972	The widow
Ne noht, pat i mihte pe ziue,			had nothing
For to helpe be to liue,			
$\P$ But an handful mele in o picher			but a handful
And a litel oyle, pat is cler,		976	of meal and some oil.
pat i mot make of mete here			
To me and to my children ifere;			
And seppe we moten deie in sore,			She would eat
For mete haue we no more.'		980	and die.
¶ pe profete hire answerede po:			
'Abid,' he seide, 'er þu go!	47 a		Elijah said : 'Give me
First, per-of mak me mete,			first.
And, whan pat i hit haue iete,		984	
Off pat, bileuep, pu shalt make			What re- mains, use
For pe and for pi children sake.'			for thyself.
¶ þis seli widewe þo wel sone			The good woman
Grauntede <sup>2</sup> wel al his bone:		988	woman
For his loue, pat him pider sende,			brought him food.
Hire litel mete she wolde spende.			
po pe profete pis iseih,			Then the prophet
His eizen he kest to god on heih:		992	turned his eyes to God.
To him he made an orysoun,			
And anon god putte his fuisoun			Abundance came upon
Vp-on hire mele in hire picher			the meal and
And on hire oyle, pat is cler.		996	the oil.

970 Bring] And brynge D. me] om. R. shiue] schyne D, shyuer of R. 971 him] po D, om. R. 973 noht] nau3t elles D. pe 3iue] 3eue D. 974 2nd to] for to D. 975 mele in o] of mele in a R. 977 of] in D, on R. here] now here D. 978 to] om. R. ifere] in fere DR. 979 deie in] die R. 980 haue we] ne haue D. 981 hire answerede po] vnswerid hyr so R. 982 Abid] And badde her D, I bid pe R. 983 per-of] he said D. 984 i hit] hit I R. iete] hete D, ete R. 985 bileuep] pat leeues R. 987 pis] pe DR. po wel] pen ful R. 988 al] to do R. 989 him pider sende] Iudas solde R. 990 she] he (perhaps for ho of l. 963) D. she wolde spende] shewe ho wolde R. 991 po] When R. iseih] hym seghe R. 992 he kest to god] to god he kast R. 993 made an] mende his D. 995 hire] pe D. 996 on] in R. is] was so D, was R. 997 po] pen R.

po seide anon pe profete

To be widewe wordes swete:3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MS. D reads answerd. <sup>2</sup> MS. A<sub>1</sub> has an erasure after t. <sup>3</sup> 998 and 999 are over erasure in MS. A<sub>1</sub>.

'Fear not.  thy meal shall not diminish: thy oil shall increase.'	'Ne dred pe noht, womman, in pi pouht! pi mele ne shal wante noht, And pin oyle shal waxen: sikerli pi lome shal noht ben empti.'	1000
This proves, that in alms- deed lies two- fold good.	Gret plente hadde þe widewe þo, While she liuede euere mo. Now þu miht knowe in þi mod, þat in almesse dede is double god:	1004
It removes sin, so that thou mayst win heaven. It adds to earthly goods.	Almesdede for [dope pi synne], 48 a And per-pur[w] [men may heuen wyn[ne]]; And pi god sh[al multiplie], So seip pe bok, [pat nyl nauşt lye].	1008
God says: 'Give, and men shall give to thee.'	<pre>pe godspel sei[pe to pe and me]:     '3if and men sha[l 3efe pe].'     In anoper stede, [I haue wytnesse],</pre>	1012
	pat god self se[ide] [in sopenesse]:  'Al pat pu dost [for loue of me]  To pe leste of m[yn meyne],  Riht to my-sel[fe, wete it wele],  pu dost pi pres[ent euery dele].'	1016
Be glad in thy gift:	Glad maitou [be pan in pi pou3t], Also ofte as p[ou mayt3 3eue ou3t],	1020
thou	For, bu miht [wele vnderstande],1	
takest it to	bu takest hit [gode with bi honde];	
God with thy hand.	For godes w[orde in sopenesse] per-of berep [gude wyttnes]:	1024
Thou art not too vile to feed Christ.	'A man [may] <sup>2</sup> b[e nou3t to quede], Iesu Crist for to [fede];'	
Eternal joy will be thine.	For per-wid pu [my3t wele spede] And heuene h[aue vnto pi mede].	1028

999 Ne] no D. þi] om. D. 1000 ne] om. DR. wante] wane D, want right R. 1001 waxen] wereyn D. 1002 þi] and þi R. 1004 While she] And þe while ho D, whil þat ho R. 1005 miht knowe] knowest R. in] wele in D. 1006 þat] om. R. 1007—1031 are defective in A<sub>1</sub>. The page has been cut through the middle of folio 48 a. Folio 48 bis wanting. The lines have been completed from MS. D. 1007 þi] om. R. 1008 men] þou R. 1010 nyl] wil R. 1011 þe] For þe D. 1014 self] hym selfe D, hym R. seide] saies R. 1015 for] for þo R. 1018 euery] ilk a R. 1019 be þan] be R. 1020 Also] Also] Also DR. 1021 miht] mayta D, may nowe R. 1022 with þi] in his R. 1024 þer-of bereþ] Berþe þer of D. 1025 A] þer fore R. may] om. R. quede] gnede R. 1027 þer-wid þu my3t] þou may þer with R. 1028 haue vnto] blis gete to R.

<sup>1</sup> Read vnderstonde.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> man man is in MS. A<sub>1</sub>.

To pa[t] blisse [he] [vs bryng], pat is king [ouer all[e] pyng],

¶ And 3eue us [grace, while we be here], [To serue hym and hys moder dere In trowbe, loue, and in charite.

Amen. Amen. So mot it be.]

Almighty King, show grace to us, that we may serve Him!

48 b

serve Him!

1029 he] om. A<sub>1</sub>D. 1030 king] lord R. 1031 3eue] he gefe D. 1032—1034, through loss of fol. 48 b, are not found in A<sub>1</sub>. The text follows fol. 179 b in D. 1032 and hys moder dere] pat vs boght dere R. 1033 trowpe] trewe R. in] om. R. The colophon reads in R: Explicit hic speculum vtile istius mundi.



## VITA.

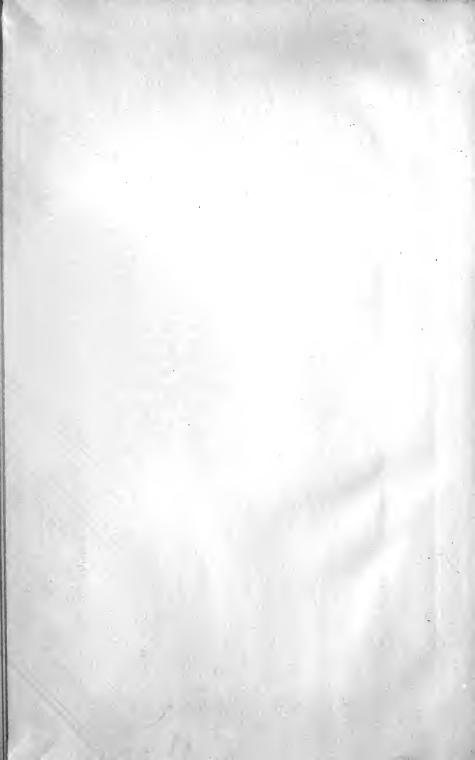
I, GEORGIANA LEA MORRILL, daughter of the Reverend Abner MacDonald and Ann Hussey Morrill, was born in Bolivar, Tennessee. My carliest educational training was acquired at private schools of New York and was followed by two years (four semesters) at Cook Academy in preparation for college. In September 1878 I entered the Freshman Class of Vassar College, and having completed regular prescribed courses occupying four years (eight semesters), I received in 1882 the Baccalaureate Degree (Artium Baccalauream) conferred by that institution. In 1888-89 I was graduate student at Bryn Mawr College. In 1889, on presentation of a dissertation entitled Teutonic Antiquities in Exodus and Daniel, and after examination on the work represented by two years (four semesters) of graduate study in English and Germanic philology, with specific attention to Old English and Gothic, the Second Degree (Artium Magistra) was granted me by Vassar College. In 1891—92 I was graduate student of English and German at Columbia University through medium of Barnard College. Otherwise during the years 1882-92 I was occupied with teaching and study. I was instructor in the Girls' Central School, Brooklyn, and I had charge of the English Department at the South Jersey Institute and at the Norfolk College for Young Women. Among other subjects I taught Old English, Middle English including Chaucer texts, and English Literature of the Elizabethan and modern periods. In 1893 I continued the study of Germanic philology in Europe through the Universities of Zürich, Leipzig, Berlin, and Heidelberg. I was in attendance upon lectures (Colleg) and exercises in interpretation (Seminar), and, in so far as their regulations permitted, I was in immediate connection with these institutions. Early in June 1894 an arrangement of subjects (Fächer) was marked out for me by the Philosophical Faculty of the University of Heidelberg, preparatory for the inaugural examination for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

I passed several months of study in England, availing myself of the pleasure of work in various British libraries of note, among them the Library of the British Museum, the University Library, Cambridge, and the Advocates' Library, Edinburgh.

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